

February 18, 2025

Ms. Eliza Bower City Planner III, Art and Design Division Department of Planning and Development Philadelphia City Planning Commission | City of Philadelphia One Parkway Building 1515 Arch Street, 13<sup>th</sup> Floor Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19102 Eliza.bower@phila.gov

Re: 4045-61 Main Street L&I Application #: ZP-2024-003395 Civic Design Review Recommendations

Dear Ms. Bower,

We are in receipt of the Civic Design Review Key Recommendations from the February 4, 2025 meeting, provided via email on 02/06/2025. Please find below our responses to the recommendations, presented in the same order, with our responses following in italics. As noted, supplemental graphics are being developed for presentation.

#### **Registered Community Organization Comments**

Prior to addressing the RCO recommendations, it is important to express that both the applicant and the registered community organization have worked in good faith to refine the proposed project into the current iteration. The applicant initially met with the RCO on site to review the initial project scheme prior to submitting a zoning application. The applicant initially proposed a 7-story structure with 200 multifamily units and 100 parking spaces. After receiving constructive feedback from the RCO's leadership, including the desire to achieve a 1:1 parking ratio, the proposal was modified into a 7-story structure with 167 multifamily units and 160 parking spaces. The current proposal has 163 multifamily units and 162 parking spaces.

The applicant met on site with the RCO's leadership two times, followed by a meeting with the entire RCO board, and then an open community meeting with the RCO general membership. The RCO provided public feedback on the proposed project on multiple occasions, including multiple meetings at the Philadelphia Historical Commission, including a Hardship Committee meeting, two Architectural Review Committee meetings, and two meetings of the full Historical Commission where voting resulted in approvals.

Through this process over the last fifteen months, the applicant worked extensively to modify and refine the proposed massing based on feedback from both the RCO and the Philadelphia Historical

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Commission. As a result, additional setbacks better honor and feature the preserved historic facades, there is an increased amount of storefront glazing, and the massing is broken up in a way where the project appears as multiple buildings. The parapet of the wall at the street edge is varied, with floor levels, such that no portion is longer than the approximately 141' of the one-story stone wall we are preserving. The wall is broken down into smaller portions with lengths varying from 30' to the longest at 132'. The three other segment widths are approximately 72', 64' and 51'. This is a long building in total, but in consideration of the variety of surfaces and heights, it can be considered as no different than if a series of separate buildings were built side-by-side in the urban condition. For example, nearby blocks and building assemblages are approximately 550 feet long. Our longest dimension, the uppermost setback edge, is two hundred feet less than this. Other than this and the two longer sections referenced, all other portions of the façade are less than 100'.

1. The mass is large, and the street level frontage lacks activation.

Response: The project was larger when the team first met with the RCO and has been reduced since these initial meetings and through the Philadelphia Historical Commission approval process. See the paragraph above item #1 regarding massing. The Historical Commission disagreed that street frontage lacks activation. Exhibits will be provided that demonstrate the improvements that garnered the PHC approval. Of nearly 390' of Main St. frontage, 233' are existing walls and 156' of new construction, of which a significant amount is activated with access points and glazing. In addition, lighting and landscaping are proposed along this entire length.

2. The proposal is too high and too bulky for the location.

Response: See the response to item 1 above. As demonstrated in the original CDR submission, there are several nearby examples of contemporary projects of similar scale and many historic examples of structures that were as large, or larger. The Historical Commission found that the scale of the proposal was appropriate for this location. Exhibits will be presented that demonstrate how the height was derived.

3. Would like to see commercial use on the second floor and public open space on the ground floor for more visual interest and to connect to the river.

Response: Commercial space (office, retail, or hospitality) would not be viable in this location and without dedicated street frontage, which would not be possible in this location due to the flood plain. The proposed project covers 90% of the lot area, and setbacks from Main Street are not possible. Public open space would not be possible due to the extent of the historic preservation of existing structures and the stated desire for 1:1 parking.

4. Would like a more robust egress path in and out of the building during a flood event, and to think about the future flood projections.

Response: Applicant is adding a more direct path from the second-floor corridor to the loading dock, which could be used during flood egress. Future flood resiliency has been extensively integrated into the design of the building. There is no code requirement for an egress path above the DFE, but one is being provided. The applicant will develop a substantive flood emergency response plan for the building, which is anticipated to contain provisions for vehicle

relocations, elevator operations, egress routes including accessibility, backup building systems, evacuation drills, and other plans.

1. Where will the evacuated cars go?

Response: Only the vehicles on the 1<sup>st</sup> floor will be required to be relocated for a flood event, as vehicles on the second floor are above the design flood elevation. The applicant is in discussions with parking lot owners in the area, which could be used temporarily by residents in a flood event.

2. Will the elevators be viable during a flood event?

Response: No, but this is a safety feature. The elevators will temporarily stop picking up residents if water is detected above a certain level within the elevator pits. Once that water recedes, the elevator system can be reset and be made operational again. Egress stairways will remain functional.

5. Would like more than the facades of the historic buildings to be preserved, and to save the historic "hotel building".

Response: The applicant has received a hardship exemption from the Philadelphia Historical Commission and is not obligated to save any of the existing structures. The applicant is committed to historic preservation and will be preserving and restoring two sections of historic façade that total 234 LF. The applicant conducted multiple studies on the feasibility of preserving the former hotel building, concluding that it would not be possible. The Philadelphia Historical Commission agreed.

6. Set back the building and have a terrace. It would reduce the scale.

Response: As demonstrated by graphics in the original CDR submission, maximized distance from 11 Shurs Lane, a typical double-loaded corridor apartment building width, a column grid that doesn't impact the parking layout, and a code requirement to build at the street line, justify no further setback. Dispersed and incremental setbacks with terraces at upper floors have been added through the evolution of the project effectively reducing the scale.

7. Consider other uses to the building like short-term visitor accommodation.

*Response: The applicant explored this and concluded that short-term visitor accommodations in this location would not be viable.* 

8. The garage screening on the ground floor is susceptible to damage and is not representative of the historic nature of the area.

Response: The Kalwall is designed in a way to relate to the existing industrial window and will appear as a continuation of industrial window aesthetic within the three new construction bays. With commercial use not possible in this location, they also serve as a way to bring illumination and the notion of activation onto the street in the evenings. These were approved

by the Historical Commission. Regarding the risk of damage, they will be protected with hurricane fabric during flood events.

#### Site Design Comments (including Complete Streets)

9. There is an opportunity to use the streetscape to create a linear park with vegetation and street furniture. This can help with flood resiliency.

Response: The team is considering adding appropriate understory plantings at the tree pits, alternate paving material and patterns (pending approval of the Streets Department) and adding benches. The developer and management company will also coordinate with the Manayunk Business Improvement District regarding its established planter program.

10. Appreciate the flood study, but question if the future projections are considered and if livable space should be raised even higher.

Response: The applicant engaged AKRF as flood consultant engineers at the beginning of the design process to incorporate best practices into the design and plan for future resilience. They extensively analyzed past flood events and advised on the highest and best practices for the design of the proposed project to go above and beyond to combat future uncertainty due to climate change. This includes having the finished floor elevation of the residential units at 2.6 feet above the required design flood elevation, having all electrical and mechanical equipment located above the design flood elevation, including the project's backup generator, incorporating all flood resistant materials below the design flood elevation, and others. In addition, the project's electrical service, including transformers and switchgear will be located on the 3<sup>rd</sup> floor, 14.6 feet above the design flood elevation. Due to uncertain future conditions and projections, the design team also reviewed more stringent development regulations throughout the region and designed the building to exceed these standards. For example, NJ Inland Flooding Rules were the most stringent and the project exceeds this elevation by 1.1 feet.

In addition, the development team met with the City's Flood Plain Manager and had the project's Flood Scoping Meeting. All recommendations will be incorporated into the project. The summary will be added as a graphic exhibit.

11. Consider adding affordable housing.

*Response:* The applicant explored this possibility, and the addition of affordable housing is not feasible for this project.

12. The north side of the building has limited light exposure. Ensure that any plantings are compatible with this condition.

Response: The team will consider sunlight conditions when specifying plantings.

13. At the Main Street garage entrance, there is a blind spot for drivers to the west. Consider adding safety measures to mitigate conflict.

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Response: We will work with the Streets Department on the site triangle at the garage entrance. The applicant has engaged Bowman as the project's traffic engineer, and they will advise on additional measures at the garage entry, such as additional signage and/or visual indicators.

#### **Building Design Comments**

14. Integrate flood mitigation tools (ex: flood gates) into the design of the building.

Response: The first floor of the building has been designed with wet floodproofing (allowing water to flow freely from exterior to interior). AKRF has advised on the integration of engineered flood vents across the exterior facades and within the interior that will allow hydraulic pressures to equalize. Dry flood proofing is not permitted in a residential building like this. Deployable barriers are being evaluated to provide additional protection up to the elevation of the proposed flood vents (12" above grade). Design will also follow FEMA Technical Bulletin No. 2 relative to materials used below the flood elevation (resistance to damage from water and corrosion resistant fasteners) and all elevators will be programmed to park on the second floor when sensors in the pits detect water.

*Hurricane fabric will be deployed in flood events and will be placed over the Kalwall system and other glazing.* 

15. For the party wall on the north side, are there ways to add more articulation where the neighboring does not touch?

Response: The team will provide a graphic that is an enlargement of this area to more clearly show the details already proposed and that includes the outline of the adjacent building at 11 Shurs Lane.

16. The committee appreciates the number of 2-bedroom units. Consider even larger units for families.

Response: The proposed project includes some of the largest sized two-bedroom units in the submarket. Three-bedroom units are not competitive in the Manayunk submarket as they directly compete with the existing rowhouse stock which attracts families and can be offered at a less expensive rental rate.

17. Add a more direct pathway into the building form the loading dock.

*Response:* The team is looking at a way to create a more direct pathway and will present an exhibit demonstrating the possibility.

18. Staff appreciates the preservation of the historic industrial facades and encourages any further efforts to showcase the facades and use more materials that reflect the historic nature of the area.

*Response:* The applicant specializes in the historic preservation and adaptive reuse of historic structures in Philadelphia. The applicant has completed two historic adaptive reuse and

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> preservation projects within Manayunk, both meeting the Secretary of the Interior's standards. While this project has received an exemption (allowing complete demolition) from the Philadelphia Historical Commission, the applicant is committed to preserving the facades to the Secretary of the Interior's standards. The proposed project has also received approval from the Philadelphia Historical Commission. While there is no intention to deviate from the approved design, we are committed to working with PHC staff on details and to make improvements accordingly.

19. Make the lobby on the corner of Main Street and Shurs Lane more prominent and welcoming.

*Response:* Building identification signage will be added to the masonry wall along Main Street, flood vents and grade changes prevent the extension of the storefront system or existing glazing along Shurs Lane.

#### **Parking Design Comments**

- 20. This number is omitted from the recommendations.
- 21. This is a neighborhood node. There is a concern about pedestrian safety with the driveway especially during rush hour.

Response: In addition to the elements mentioned in the response to items 9 and 13 above, the building management will consider rush hour traffic when scheduling use of the loading area, including refuse/recycle removal, move in/out, and larger deliveries that can be scheduled. Management will be on site and will schedule these accordingly, including in the evenings and on weekends. The Shurs Lane driveway will only be used by tenant's passenger vehicles in the event of a flood. The NOAA provides forecasts of water levels at the Schuylkill River gauge 48 hours ahead, and residents will have 24-48 hours' notice that they will need to relocate their vehicles prior to a flood event. This will allow for an orderly egress of vehicles. AKRF will draft a flood emergency response plan, which will be used to train onsite property management, and pedestrian safety concerns will be incorporated into this.

22. Is it possible to sacrifice a studio apartment on Shurs Lane so that there is a loading zone for deliveries , help with emergency exit, and to make this a regular egress for cars?

Response: The Streets Department has indicated that it would not approve a wider curb cut to accommodate this suggestion. The team is already working on comments from the Streets Department to reduce the curb cut that is already proposed, given its proximity to the curb cut for 11 Shurs Lane. The primary vehicle ingress and egress from the parking will be on Main Street which is farther from the intersection. A 40-foot-long loading zone is provided on Main Street just east of the area designated for the bus stop. This loading space will be for UPS, USPS, FedEx, Amazon and similar quick deliveries.

23. Consider adding more ADA parking spaces near the west lobby entrance on the first floor and near the main entrance on the second floor.

*Response:* The current parking configuration and provision of ADA spaces is the most efficient at providing the nearly 1:1 parking (dwelling units : parking spaces). The provided parking is

for residents of the building and not for transient users, thus the ADA spaces could be assigned. A reconfiguration would result in a reduction of parking, which the applicant wants to avoid.

24. Staff suggests expanding the west lobby into the dead space on the first floor.

*Response:* The team will take this recommendation into consideration and will present an exhibit that demonstrates this possibility.

#### **Sustainability Comments**

25. Appreciate the team for pursuing LEED certification, consider solar panels on the roof.

*Response:* The applicant explored this further and rooftop solar panels would not be viable for this project due to a green roof covering 65% of the roof's surface.

Respectfully submitted,

Eric Leighton AIA

Cc: Ian Litwin, Adam Laver, Andrew Zakroff, Eric Bodzin, Dennis Kurek, file

Enclosures

# **4045 MAIN STREET**



CIVIC DESIGN REVIEW DECEMBER 9, 2024

# **KEY POINTS**

# **CONSTRUCTION IN THE FLOOD PLAIN**

- » The project has been designed in collaboration with AKRF, who advised on flood resiliency and sustainability measures that have been incorporated into project.
- » The Flood Protection Scoping Meeting was held with the City and all requirements in the Flood Protection Project Summary will be satisfied.
- » The proposed project has been designed to not just exceed both FEMA and Philadelphia's requirements, it has been designed to also exceed the New York City building code's requirements and the New Jersey inland flooding requirements. The proposal has been designed with the first occupied floor at 2.5 feet above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » Egress for vehicles and occupants is provided to Shurs La. at the highest point of the site, which is at the Design Flood Elevation.
  - Second floor parking deck is located above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » All utilities are located above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » Materials at the first floor will meet the requirements of FEMA Technical Bulletin 2.
  - Flood Damage Resistant.
  - Corrosion Resistant Connectors.
- » The proposed project is consistent with other recently approved & completed projects in the flood plain of the Schuylkill River from Manayunk through Center City.
- » An Evacuation Plan will be developed with the Management Company.
- » Occupied Space, including commercial, can't be located in the flood plain.

## **STORMWATER**

- » The proposal includes a green roof that covers more than 65% of the building.
- » The proposal includes a stormwater planter to the northwest of the building.

# PARKING

proposal provides 162 (nearly 1:1).

# **BICYCLE PARKING**

» The code requires 54 spaces; the proposal provides 73, all within the building.

# **HISTORIC FABRIC**

- » The project has received approval from the Philadelphia Historical Commission.
- » Through the Historical Commission Process, we reduced the massing with set backs.

# **ENERGY**

- » The proposal will pursue certification in Energy Star for Multifamily New Construction.
- » The project team is exploring the possibility of LEED Certification.

» The code requires 82 parking spaces (0.5:1) for the 163 proposed dwelling units; the

» The proposal retains significant portions of existing historic street walls which will be preserved to Historic Commision standards, despite the site receiving a hardship exemption from the Philadelphia Historical Commission allowing demolition of all existing features.

# **DEVELOPMENT TEAM**



Owner 2400 Market Street, Suite 204B Philadelphia, PA 19103



# **CONSULTANTS**



Real Estate Consultants 1435 Walnut Street, 4th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102



Flood Plain Resiliency Consultants 530 Walnut Street, Suite 998 Philadelphia, PA 19106



Land Use Planning 1520 Locust Street Philadelphia, PA 19102



Transportation Engineering 1515 Market Street, Suite 1360 Philadelphia, PA 19102



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# **CDR PROJECT APPLICATION FORM**

Note: For a project application to be considered for a Civic Design Review agenda, complete and accurate submittals must be received no later than 4 P.M. on the submission date. A submission does not guarantee placement on the agenda of the next CDR meeting date.

ZP-2024-

L&I APPLICATION NUMBER:

003395

What is the trigger causing the project to require CDR Review? Explain briefly.

Per T-14-304-2 Case 1: The project creates more than 100,000 SF of new gross floor area and creates more the 100 additional dwelling units

### **PROJECT LOCATION**

Planning District: Lower Northwest	Council District:	4	
Address: 4045-61 Main Street			
Philadelphia, PA 19127			
Is this parcel within an Opportunity Zone? If yes, is the project using Opportunity Zone Funding?		X X	Uncertain

#### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

Applicant Name: <u>David Plante, P.E.</u> Primary Pho	ne:(215) 508-3900
Email: <u>david@ruggieroplante.com</u> Address: <u>5900 Ridg</u> e	Avenue
Philadelph	ia, PA 19128
Property Owner: <u>G J Littlewood &amp; Sons, Inc</u> Developer <u>L</u> Architect: <u>CBP Architects</u>	Irban Conversions

Site Area: 50,13	9 SF
Existing Zoning:	I-2 Are Zoning Variances required? Yes X No
Proposed Use:	
	Bicycle Parking:  37,767 SF al (Lobbies, Mail, Packages):  2,543 SF
Second Floor Parkin	ng: 20,867 SF*
	/elling Units, Lobby, BOH, Loading, Amenities: 20,388 SF* tial: 31 Dwelling Units, Amenity, BOH: 31,732 SF
	ntial: 34 Dwelling Units, BOH: 32,944 SF
	al: 34 Dwelling Units, BOH: 32,795 SF
	tial: 29 Dwelling Units, Amenity, BOH: 32,166 SF* lential: 26 Dwelling Units, BOH: 28,736 SF
	s Ammenity Terraces & Open Sky Parking
163 Dwelling Units /	239,938 SF
Proposed # of parkir	ng units: 162

### COMMUNITY MEETING

Comm	unity meeting held:	Yes	No X
lf yes, p	ease provide written	documenta	ation as pro
lf no, inc	licate the date and ti	me the com	munity me
Date:	January 8, 2025	Time:	7:00 pm

ZBA h	Yes	X	No	
lf yes, ii	ndicate the date hea	ring wi	ll be	held:
Date:	March 19, 2025			

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proof.

meeting will be held:

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NA\_\_\_

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# **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

**4045 MAIN STREET** is a proposed, new, seven story multi-family development. The site is zoned I-2, Medium Industrial, and is currently occupied by various oneand two-story structures interconnected over time, and most recently used as a silk dyeing factory which ceased operation in 2021. The site is located in the Main Street Manayunk Historic District. A substantial portion of the site is in flood zone AE, which prevents any ground floor use other than parking and entry lobbies.

The proposed project will include market-rate rental apartments with ground floor parking, bicycle parking and entry lobbies. The second floor will include amenities, apartments, additional parking, loading and trash collection. There will be five floors of apartments above, with amenities and a common terrace at the 6th floor. Extending along Main Street from the existing adjacent Starfinder Foundation (4015 Main Street) to Shurs Lane, the proposed seven story building will include:

• <u>163 Dwelling Units</u>: Located on floors 2 through 7, in a mix of studios, onebedroom, and two-bedroom apartments.

• <u>Residential Amenities</u>: Lobby related seating, a fitness center, a co-working suite with adjacent outdoor terrace, and back-of-house spaces are located on the second floor and an amenity suite and roof terrace with overhead trellis are located on the 6th floor.

<u>Parking</u>: Private accessory parking for 162 automobiles is located on the first and second floor, within the building at the first floor, and to the rear of the site, primarily beneath the building at the second floor. Parking is accessed through overhead doors on Main Street with an interior ramp to the second floor, and an emergency exit above the flood plain onto Shurs Lane accessed through the loading area.
 <u>Loading</u>: An enclosed loading space, located in the northwest corner of the second floor, is accessed through an overhead door on Shurs Lane.

The 50,139 SF site is zoned I-2, Medium Industrial, and as such will require a variance for the Multi-Family Use. A variance will also be required for the overall height of the building. While the dimensional standards for I-2 Medium Industrial sites that do not abut residential districts have no height limit, the Main Street/Manayunk and Venice Island neighborhood Commercial Area Overlay District reduces the allowable height to 38 feet. The proposed building height as measured from average grade (considered to be 1'-6" above the base flood elevation) is 68'-1 1/4".

A substantial portion of the site is in flood zone AE, and as such the program for the first floor, located below the flood elevation is limited to the entry lobbies, vehicular parking, and bike parking. Amenities and residential units start at the second floor, above the flood elevation. Egress for building occupants is provided above the flood elevation at the highest elevation possible at the northeast corner of the site

on Shurs Lane. Similarly, an emergency exit for vehicles is provided above the flood elevation, through the loading area adjacent to the exit for building occupants.

The site is bounded by the Starfinder Foundation (4015 Main Street) to the east, Main Street to the South, and Shurs Lane to the West. The topography surrounding the existing buildings on the site rises approximately ten feet from Main Street to 11 Shurs Lane. The north side of the site abutting 11 Shurs Lane is formed by existing retaining walls and a rock outcrop which in several locations projects above the surface of the existing parking of 11 Shurs Lane. The rock outcrop also projects into the site and will remain as part of the north edge of the first-floor parking. To the east of 11 Shurs Lane, the extents of the proposed building at the first floor will be bounded by existing retaining walls. Grade between the existing retaining walls and the Germantown/ Norristown (SEPTA) railroad abutment slopes up steeply to meet the abutment. The railroad creates a significant division between buildings to its north and south. It rises about 35 feet above 11 Shurs Lane, and is between 10 feet and 28 feet above Cresson Street to the north of the viaduct.

The proposed, approximate 220,000 SF building, is arranged in three wings, one fronting on Main Street, one on Shurs Lane, and the third extending from the Main Street wing toward the railroad viaduct, parallel to 4015 Main Street. Set backs of 5' from Main Street occur at various areas of the south elevations for portions of the 5th, 6th, 7th floors, and at all floors. In the area surrounding a portion of historical facade that will remain a 5' setback also occurs at the 2nd floor above another portion of the historic facade. The 6th & 7th floors are setback approximately 30' from Shurs Lane at the amenity terrace.

The site falls within the designated Main Street Manayunk Historic District. As evidenced in this submission, the proposal is to retain significant portions of the existing walls along Main Street. The Philadelphia Historical Commission voted to allow the demolition of everything on the site due to financial hardship at its May 10, 2024, meeting and subsequently approved the proposed project at its July 12, 2024 meeting.

The primary residential entry for pedestrians and vehicles is on Main Street, located at a natural break between two sections of preserved historic façades, where the existing buildings are set back from the sidewalk. A cantilevered entry awning demarcates the primary entry and bisects a double height glass enclosed volume. A grand stair and elevator will transition residents up to the main lobby, reception, and amenity area at the second floor, above the flood elevation. Amenities at the second floor include a co-working space, a fitness center and leasing offices. At the ground floor between the historic façade and the corner at Shurs Lane, three bays of translucent divided-lite panels separated by red brick pilasters, reference the adjacent large rectangular industrial window in the historic façade and the red brick into which it is set. A second entry is recessed into the corner at Main Street and Shurs Lane. This secondary entrance is provided for convenience to the residents living in the western end of the building. Elevator and stair cores are located at the intersection of the building wings running perpendicular to the Main Street wing. The two lobbies are situated to provide access to each core.

New, historically accurate, windows and doors will be installed in restored original openings in the existing walls to remain. The bulk of these are currently infilled with a variety of materials that include glass block, stucco, corrugated metal, mechanical louvers, or a combination thereof. Located behind these windows at the first floor is the parking, which should not be visible due to the sill heights above the sidewalk. At the second floor, the historic window replacements to the west of the entry will open to the two-story volume of the fitness center, avoiding a visual conflict with the third floor structure. The second-floor window in the gable to the east of the entry will be spandrel glass due to the elevation of the window

relative to the second-floor structure. The historic facades are separated from the building above by a continuous fivefoot-deep recess of dwelling unit terraces and a limited band of dark corrugated metal. The new walls above are set at the rear of the approximately 12" thick existing masonry walls for further distinction of the latter. The masonry facade along Main Street and turning the corners at Shurs Lane and adjacent to the Starfinder Foundation, is composed of a series of regular brick modules separated by narrow slots of recessed corrugated metal siding and punctuated by large trios of windows at living spaces and single rectangular punched windows at bedrooms. The brick massing at the street frontage is carved away above the one-story and two-story gabled historic facades and at the upper levels. It is set back 5'-0" and clad in dark corrugated metal, providing a backdrop to the historic facades and new masonry mass at the street frontage. The east end of the building hovers above another section of the historic façade, separated by storefront windows of the lobby and co-working space. The vehicular entry to the parking garage is integrated into the architectural language of the main entry lobby. It is recessed from the building façade below the same awning that provides cover and demarcates the lobby entry. The fenestration and materials of the pair of aluminum and glass overhead doors matches the adjacent storefront of the lobby.

### MATERIALS

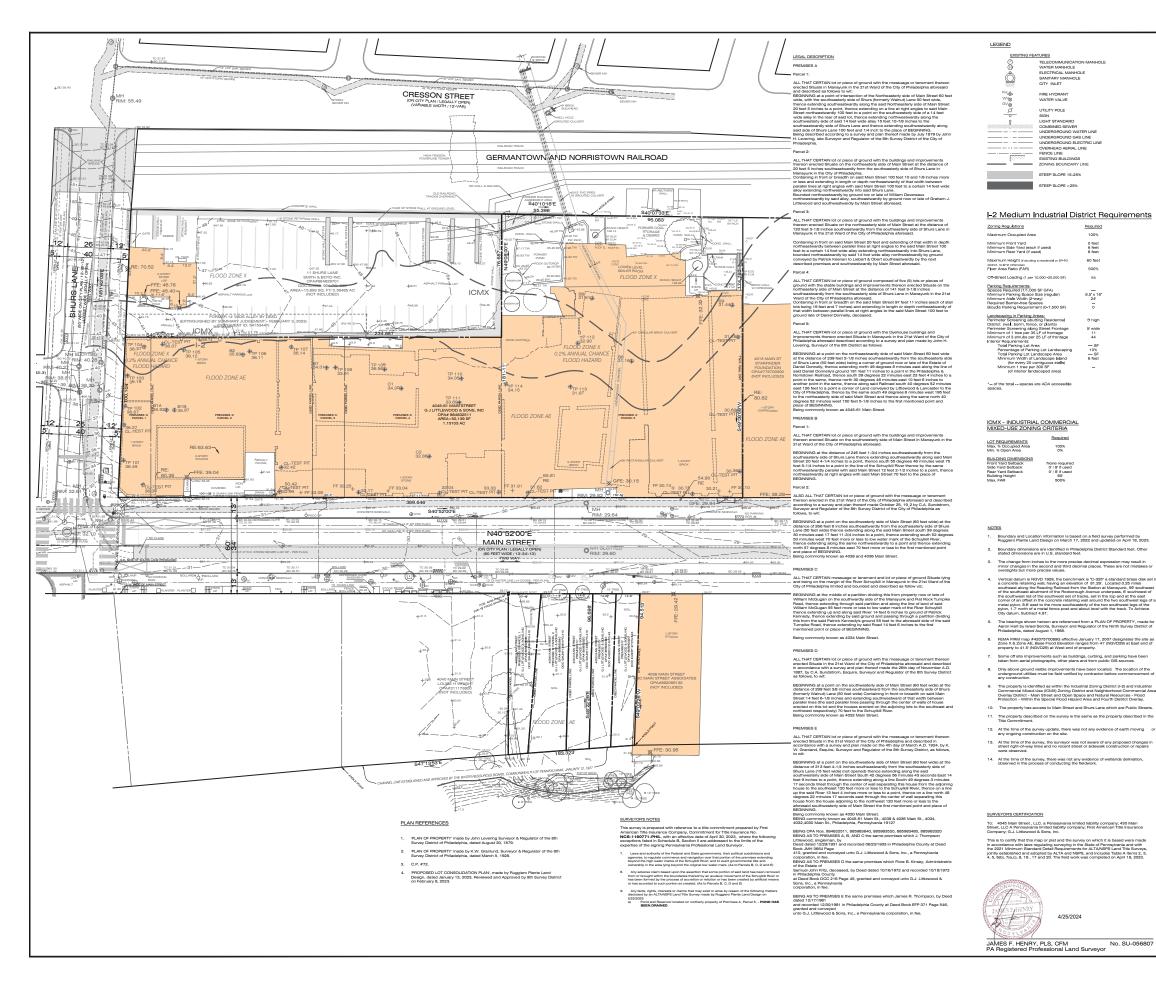
In addition to the existing historic fabric, new materials include a light buff variegated brick, a red variegated brick to match the existing preserved facades, dark-colored vertical corrugated metal siding, aluminum and glass storefront, metal clad windows, and a red-orange accent color believed to be the original color for the historic window replacements and accent trim in the rear façade. The light buff brick references the color and texture of the stone in the preserved facades, while the corrugated metal references the industrial nature and past of the area.

To maintain durability at street level, the building base is comprised of the existing historic stone and brick façade, new brick base and piers, and storefront at the lobbies. Brick is also used extensively above to reference mills of the past. The scale of the single punched opening windows relates to windows in the historic facades below, while the larger grouped windows reference a more contemporary industrial loft feel, like the contemporary take on an industrial aesthetic seen at the nearby Locks Townhomes on Venice Island. A rhythm is created in the façade by alternating vertical sections of masonry and metal, or simply by recessing the brick at the spandrels between windows. The balconies at Main Street and Shurs Lane open the corner of the building, make a transition around the corner, and will become a beacon of light from within at night. This language continues up Shurs Lane until the façade wraps around to the north side, where cladding becomes entirely metal on the facades that do not face the streets. The color of the historic windows will be repeated in limited areas of the metal siding on these facades.

#### **SUSTAINABILITY**

The proposed project is sustainable in large part due to its reuse of a previously developed site in an established urban context, located in close proximity to multiple modes of public transit, an established bicycle route network, the Schuylkill River Trail, and increasing necessary services. Parking is primarily enclosed or under cover of the building above which includes a green roof. Dedicated spaces are reserved for electric and alternative fuel vehicles. The open space on the site is significantly landscaped and will be planted with species requiring no irrigation once established. In addition to meeting the current energy code requirements and incorporating energy recovery units in the HVAC system, the project is pursuing energy star certification.

## introduction



	Required	
	100%	
	0 feet 6 feet 8 feet	
0	60 feet	
	500%	
	na	
	8.5 × 18 24 0	
	9 high	
e e	5 wide 11 44	
0		
sing 1	SF 10% SF 6 feet	
	-	
ble		

Boundary and Location information is based on a field survey performed by Ruggiero Plante Land Design on March 17, 2022 and updated on April 18, 2023.

Vertical datum is NGVD 1929, the benchmark is "C-325" a standard brass disk set in a concrete retaining wall, having an elevation of 81.29. Located 0.25 miles a concrete retaining well, having an elevation of 81.227. Located 0.237 miles activate all ong the Reading Reliand Stream the Station at Manuark, 69 southast of the southast all on the southast and in the Backtor at Manuark, 69 southast of the southast and in the southast and in the southast and in the southast metai Joyon, 55 east to the more southastately of the southast. To Achieve

The bearings shown hereon are referenced from a 'PLAN OF PROPERTY', made for Aaron Hart by Israel Sarota, Surveyor and Regulator of the Ninth Survey District of Philadelphia, dated August 1, 1968.

FEMA FIRM map #4207570089G effective January 17, 2007 designates the site as Zone X & Zone AE, Base Flood Elevation ranges from 41 (NOVD29) at East end of property to 41.5 (NOVD29) at West end of property.

Overlay District - Main Street and Open Space and Natural Resources - Flood Protection - Within the Special Flood Hazard Area and Fourth District Overlay. The property has access to Main Street and Shurs Lane which are Public Streets

4/25/2024

JAMES F. HENRY, PLS, CFM No. SU-056807 PA Registered Professional Land Surveyor



UTILITY O	WNERS
DATE CONT	ACTED: 04/11/23
SERIAL NUN	IBER: 20231011974
ADDRESS: CONTACT:	COMCAST CABLEVI SION 4400 WAYNE AVE PHILADELPHIA, PA 19140 BOB HARVEY
COMPANY: ADDRESS:	450 S HENDERSON RD, SUITE B
CONTACT: EMAIL: gavi	KING OF PRUSSIA , PA 19406 GAVIN HEWITT hewitt@uskinc.com
ADDRESS:	HILADELPHIA CITY WATER DEPARTMENT 1101 MARKET STREET, 2ND FLOOR, ARA TOWER PHILADELPHIA , PA 19107
	ERIC PONERT xonert@phila.gov
ADDRESS:	PHILADELPHIA CITY DEPARTMENT OF STREETS 1401 JFK BLVD, ROOM 940 MSB PHILADELPHIA, PA 19102
CONTACT: EMAIL:josepi	JOSEPH KISIEL h.kisiel@phila.gov
ADDRESS:	PHILADELPHIA GAS WORKS 800 W MONTGOMERY AVE PHILADELPHIA , PA 19122
CONTACT: J	AMES BOCHANSKI
	SOUTHEASTERN PA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY 1234 MARKET ST, 12TH FL PHILADELPHIA. PA 19107
	DAVID MONTVYDAS htvydas@septa.org
ADDRESS:	VERIZON PENNSYLVANIA, LLC 180 SHEREE BLVD, STE 2100 ROOM N/A EXTON, PA 19341
	ELLY BLOUNT ay.b.blount@verizon.com

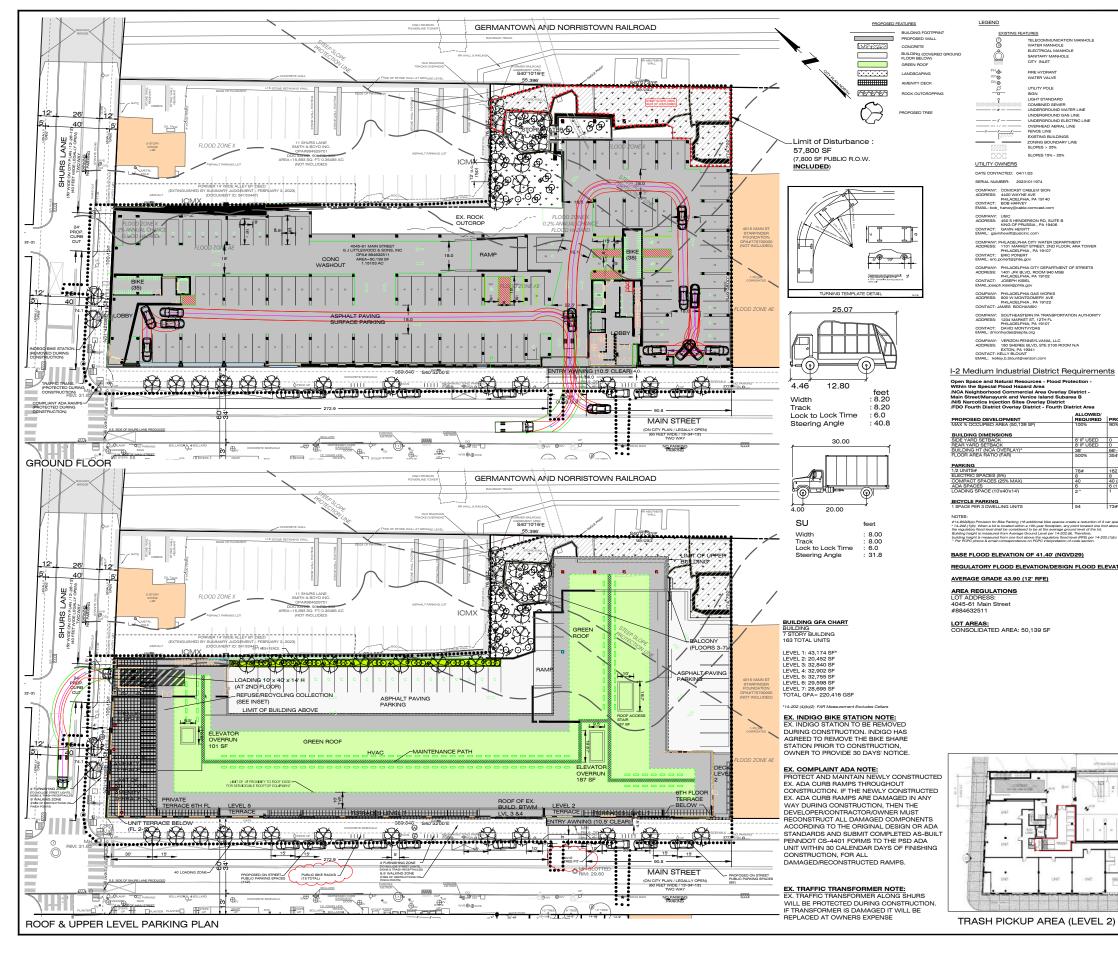


Deed from J. Thompson Littl 29, 1931 and being recorded document #.IMH/2554/410 4032 MAIN STREET (PREMISES 'D')

The change from inches to the more precise decimal expression may result in minor changes in the second and third decimal places. These are not mistakes or overhights but more precise values. & Sons, Inc., dated October 16, 1972 on October 18, 1972 as document ited December per 30, 1981 as

OWNER OF RECOR 30-61 MAIN STREE J LITTLEWOOD & SOI 145-61 Main St 4 BEEOR 2022 Per Undated Title Commitment 7 0/11/2024 Update (2023 per Updated Title Commitment 8 4/15/2024 Update 1a At between other means there or indexemble contraction or reparative other means the processed of the service the activity of the acti 21ST WARD - OPA #884632511;885983640 OPA #885983520;885983480;885983320 prepared for: Urban Conversions, LLC 1010 N. Hancock Street c/o WeWork Philadelphia, PA 19123

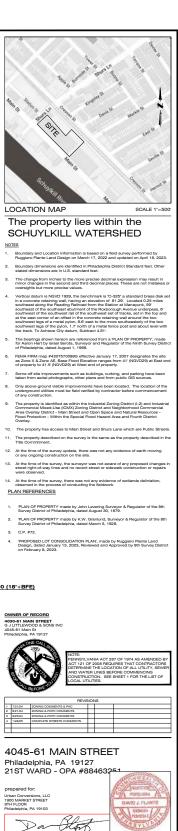




## zoning plans

urth District Area		
	ALLOWED/ REQUIRED	PROPOSED
	100%	90%
	6' IF USED	0
	8' IF USED	0
	38'	68'-1 🚼 *
	500%	354%
	78#	162
	8	8
	40	40 (25%)
	6	6 (1 VAN)
	2^	1

REGULATORY FLOOD ELEVATION/DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION 42.90 (18"+BFE)





111

Plan Date

MARCH 22, 2024

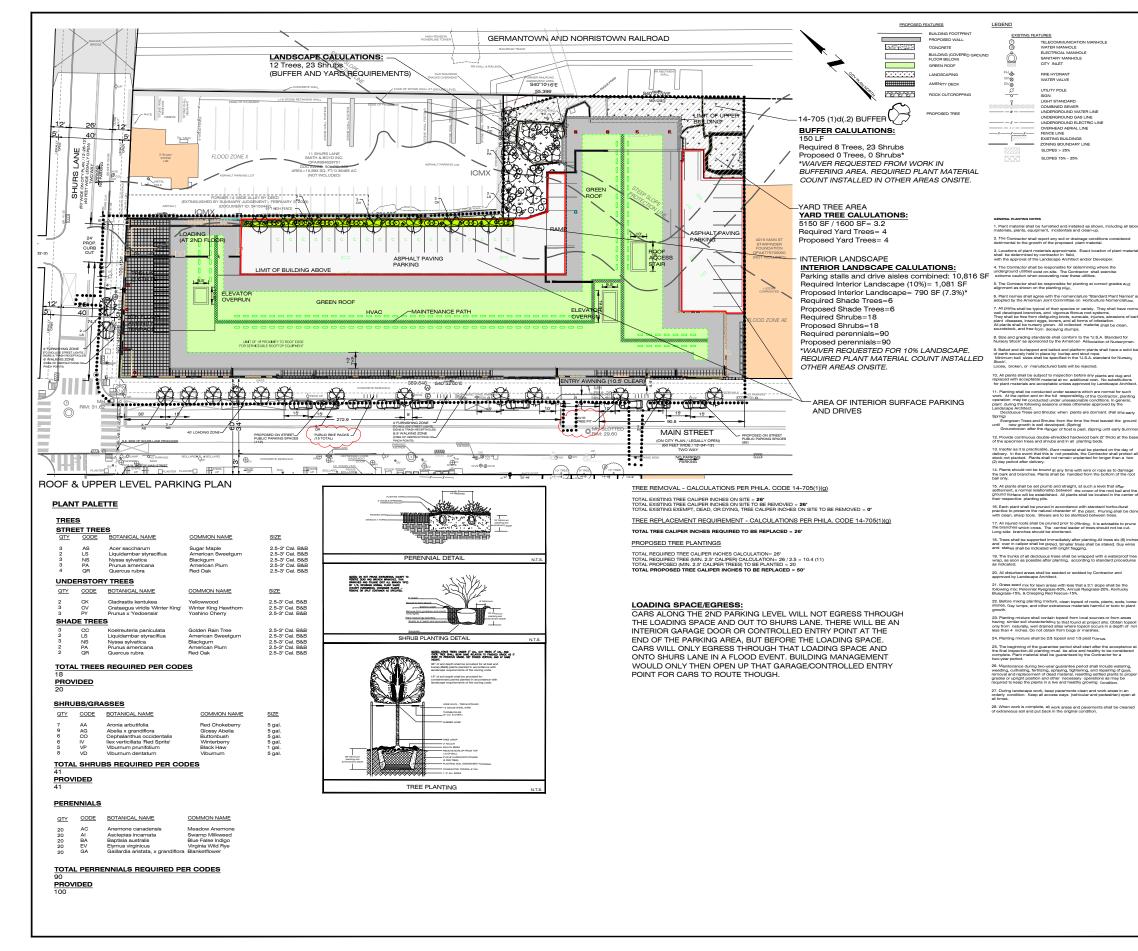
Sheet Title: ZONING PLAN Sheet 1 of 3

ZONING SUBMISSION

20

Ruggiero Plante Land Design 5900 Ridge Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19128

Scale: 1" = 20-0'



I and buriapped and balled and platform plants shall have a soli securely held in place by buriap and stout rope. In ball sizes shall be specified in the "U.S.A. standard for Nurse

ning of the guarantee period shall start after the accept ction.All planting must be alive and healthy to be consi nt material shall be guaranteed by the Contractor for a



#### The property lies within the SCHUYLKILL WATERSHED

NOTES Boundary and Location Information is based on a field survey performed by Rugglero Plante Land Design on March 17, 2022 and updated on April 18, 2023.

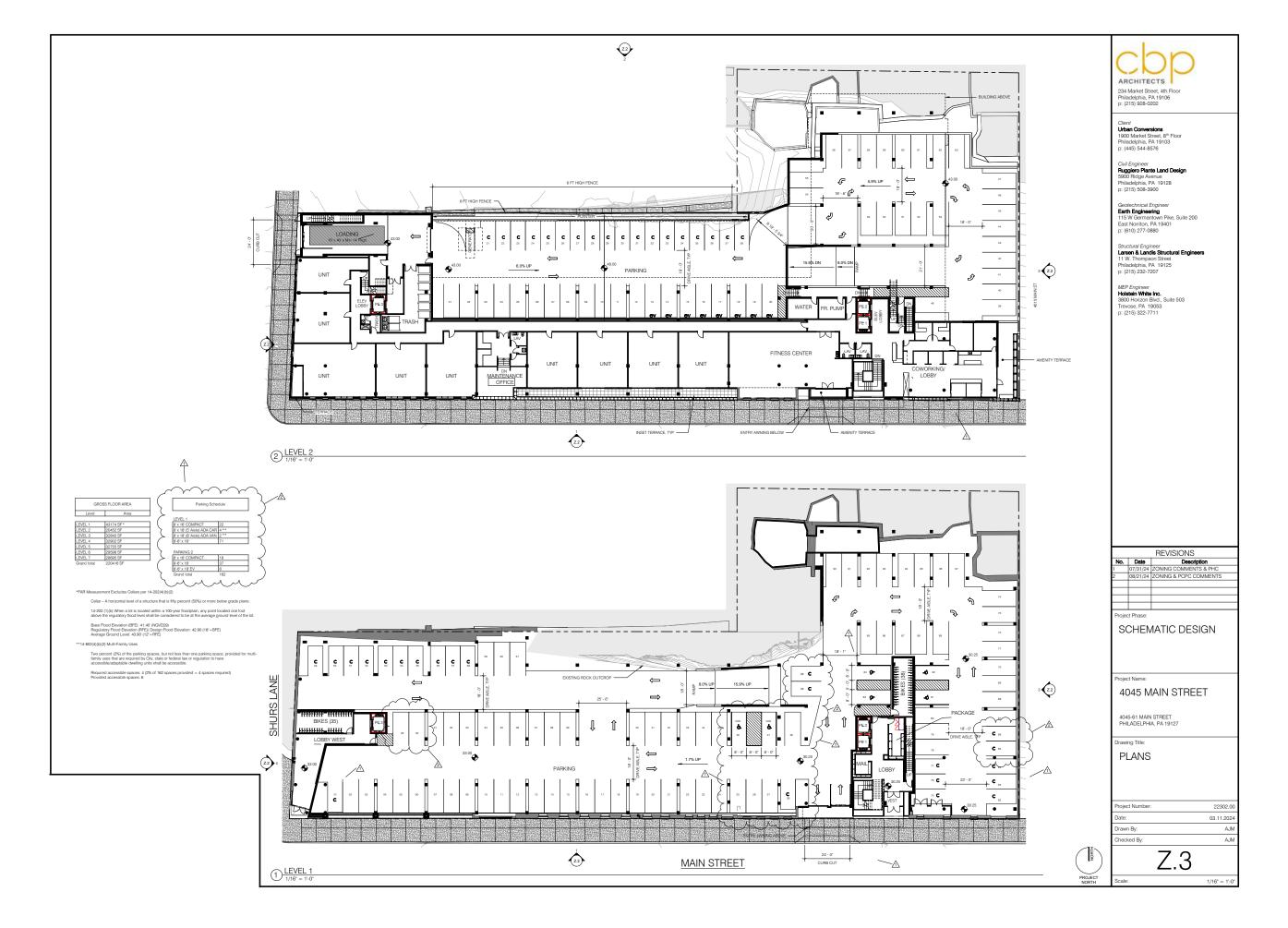
- Boundary dimensions are identified in Philadelphia District Standard feet. Other stated dimensions are in U.S. standard feet.
- The change from inches to the more precise decimal expression may result in minor changes in the second and third decimal places. These are not mistake
- al datum is NGVD 1929, the be utment of the Roxborough Avenu
- The bearings shown hereon are referen or Aaron Hart by Israel Serota, Survey of Philadelphia, dated August 1, 1968.
- as Zone X & Zone AE, Base Flood Elevation Some off site improvements such as buildings, curbing, and parking has taken from april photographs, other plans and from public GIS sources
- cated. The location of t

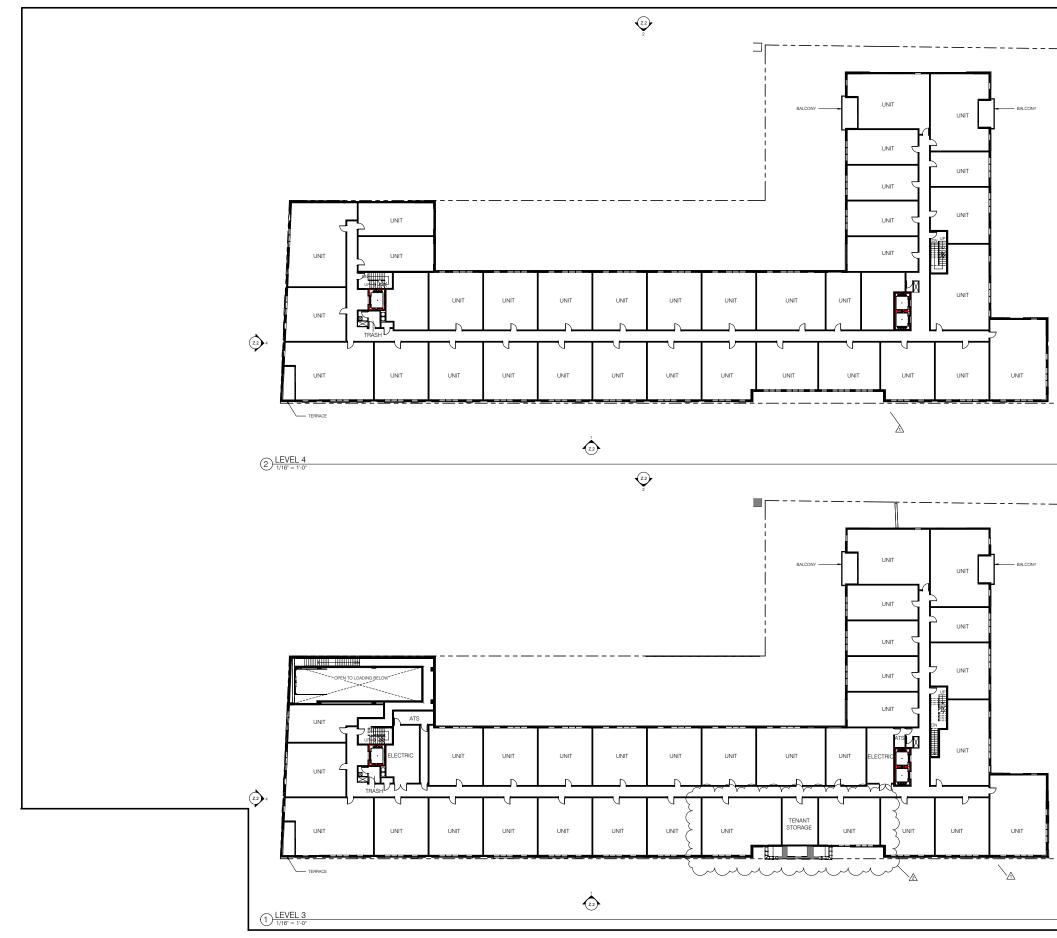
- At the time of the sun

 At the time of the survey, there was not any en-transmission the process of conducting the field PLAN REFERENCES

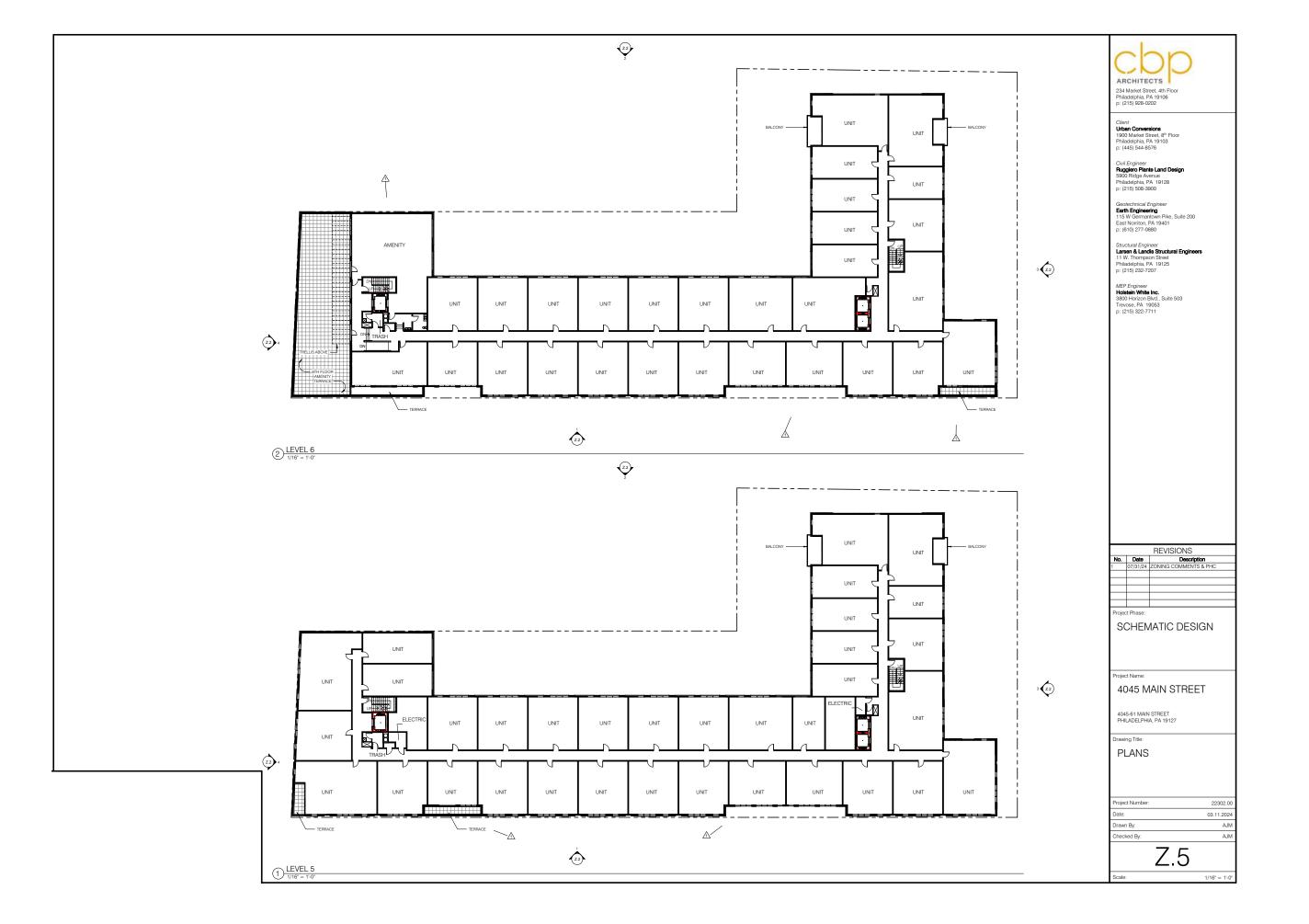
- 'PLAN OF PROPERTY' made by John Levering Surveyor & Re Survey District of Philadelphia, dated August 30, 1879. tor of the 8t PLAN OF PROPERTY made by K.W. Granlund, Surveyor & Regulator of the 8th Survey District of Philadelphia, dated March 5, 1928.
- 3. C.P. #72.
- SOLIDATION PLAN, made by Rugglero Plante Land 13, 2023, Reviewed and Approved by 9th Survey Dist PROPOSED LOT CON Design, dated January on February 8, 2023.

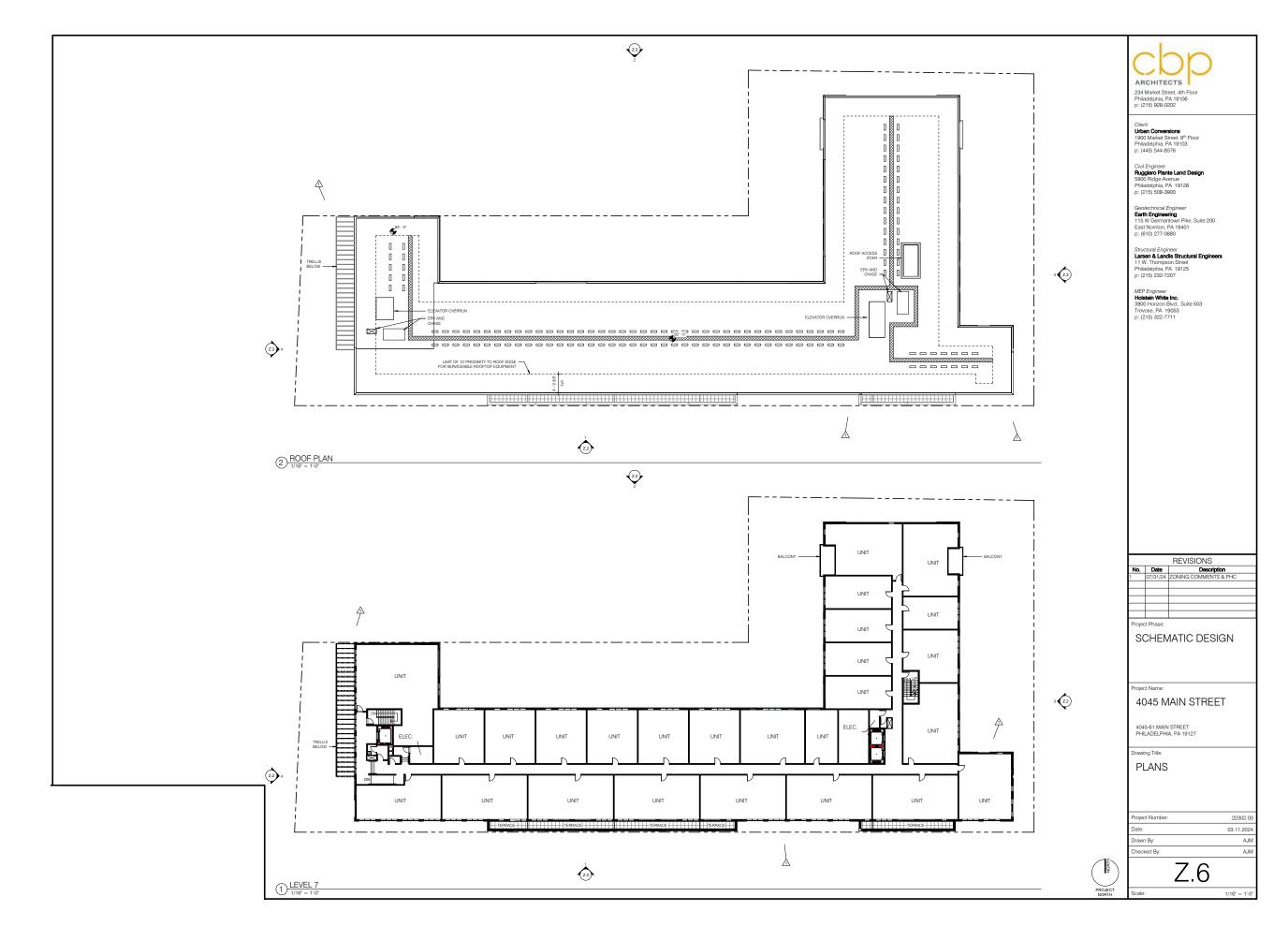


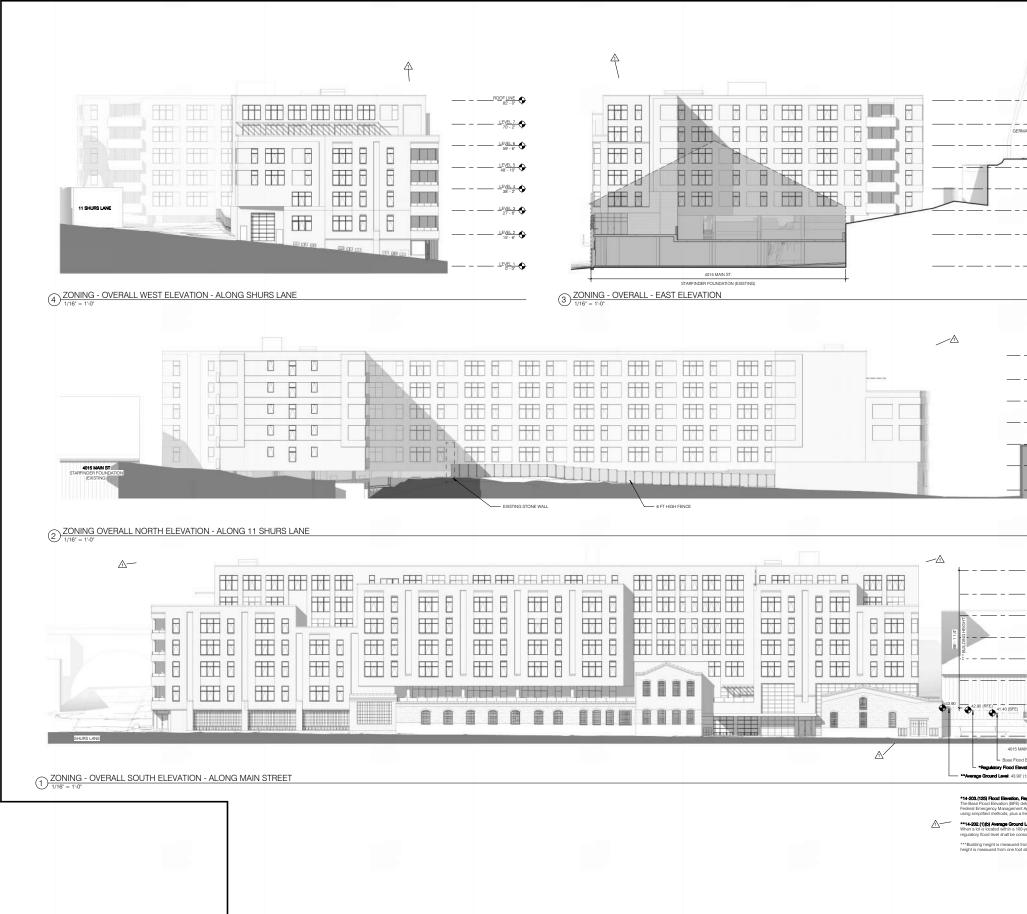




3	Civit University of the second
3	REVISIONS           No.         Date         Description           1         07/31/24         ZONING COMMENTS & PHC           2         08/21/24         ZONING & PCPC COMMENTS           2         04/24         ZONING & PCPC COMMENTS           2         2         ZONING & PCPC COMMENTS           3         2         ZONING & PCPC COMMENTS           404/25         MAIN STREET           9         Project Number:         2           2         Drawing Title:         PLANS           Project Number:         2         2           2         04/21         AJM           Checked By:         AJM
(	PROJECT Z.4 Scale: 1/16' = 1'.0'







	ARCHITECTS 234 Market Street, 4th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19106 p: (215) 928-0202
	Client Urban Conversions 1900 Market Street, 8 <sup>th</sup> Floor Philadelphia, PA 19103 p: (445) 544-8576
AMICOMV RCHHISLOWN PALROAD <u>LEVEL 6</u> <u>LEVEL 6</u> <u>LEVEL 5</u> <u>48: 107</u>	Civil Engineer Ruggiero Plante Land Design 5900 Ridge Avenue Philadelphin, PA 19128 p: (215) 508-3900
<u>LEVEL 4</u>	Geotechnical Engineer Earth Engineering 115 W Germantown Pike, Suite 200 East Noriton, PA 19401 p: (610) 277-0880
<u>LEVEL 2</u> 1S-∂ <sup>*</sup> �	Structural Engineer Larsen & Landis Structural Engineers 11 W. Thompson Street Philadelphia, PA 19125 p; (215) 232-7207
	MEP Engineer Holstein White Inc. 3800 Horizon Bivd., Suite 503 Trevose, PA 19053 p: (215) 322-7711
P <u>oof Line</u>	
$ \frac{15^{VEL3}}{2^{7} \cdot 6} \diamond$	
	REVISIONS
<u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u>_</u>	No.         Date         Description           1         07/31/24         ZONING COMMENTS & PHC
LEVEL 7 70'- 2"	
$59 \cdot 6^{\circ}$ $ $	Project Phase: SCHEMATIC DESIGN
	Project Name:
15-6' V	4045 MAIN STREET
AIN ST - STARFINDER FOUNDATION (EXISTING) d Elevation (BFE): 41.40' (NGVD29) wellon (RFE)' Design Flood Elevation: 42.90 (18'+BFE)	Drawing Title:
(12*HFE)  Regulatory the U.S. Department of Homoland Security determined by the U.S. Department of the determined freeboard safety factor of one and one-half 8.	ELEVATIONS
d Level P-year floodplain, any point located one foot above the sidered to be at the average ground level of the lot.	Project Number:
radered to be at the average ground level of the lot. rom Average Ground Level per 14-202.(6). Therefore, building t above the regulatory flood level (RFE) per 14-202.(1)(b).	Project Number: 22302.00 Date: 03.11.2024
<ul> <li>A manufacture of the participation</li> </ul>	Drawn By: AJM
	Checked By: AJM
	Z.2

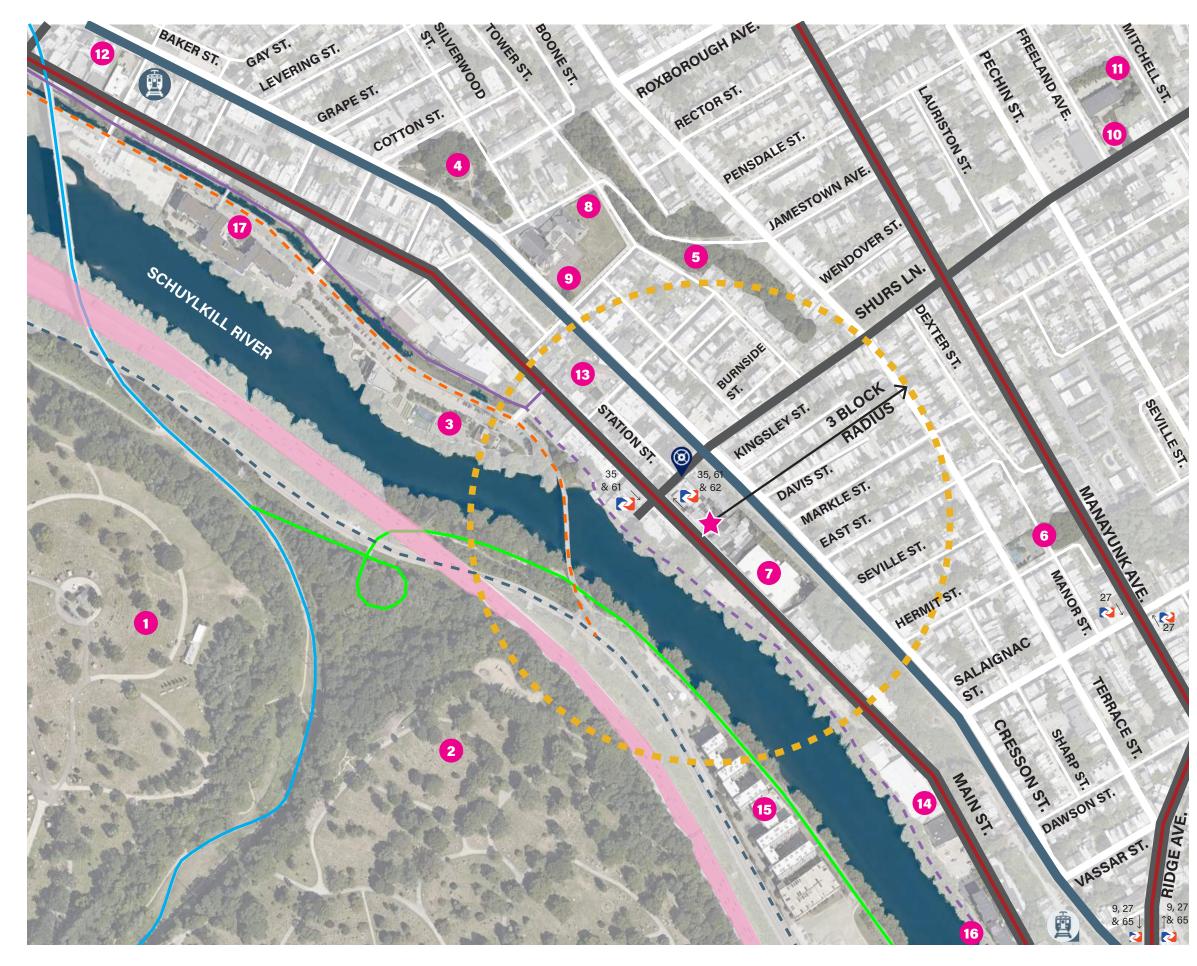
1/16" = 1'-0"



View looking East on Main Street & South on Shurs Lane



CMX-1	neighborhood commercial mixed-use-1
CMX-2	neighborhood commercial mixed-use-2
I-1	light industrial
I-2	medium industrial
ICMX	industrial commercial mixed-use
RSA-5	residential single-family attached-5
SP-PO-A	recreation



## SITE

1

Westminster Cementery

- 2 Laurel Hill Cementery
- 3 Venice Island Performing Arts and Rec Center
- 4 Pretzel Park
- 5 Boone Park
- 6 Neighbors Park
- 7 Starfinder Foundation
- YALE School Philadelphia 8
- 9 St. John the Baptist Roman Catholic Church
- 10 Citylight Church
- Mishkan Shalom Reconstructionist Synagogue
- 12 U.S. Postal Service
- **13** The Animedic Veterinary Hospital
- 14 CVS Pharmacy
- **15** The Yard at Pencoyd Landing (7-stories)
- **16** Bridgefive Condominium (7-stories)
- The Isle (5-stories)
- Major Commercial Streets
- Major Local Streets
- Bike Lanes
- Schuylkill River Trail
- Proposed Schuylkill River Trail Extension
- Pencoyd Trail
- Barmouth Trailhead at the Cynwyd Heritage Trail
- Highway I-76
- Manayunk / Norristown Regional Rail Line
- Freight Lines
- Potential Future Rail to Trail Conversion



(I) Manayunk RR Station - 0.5 mi from Site

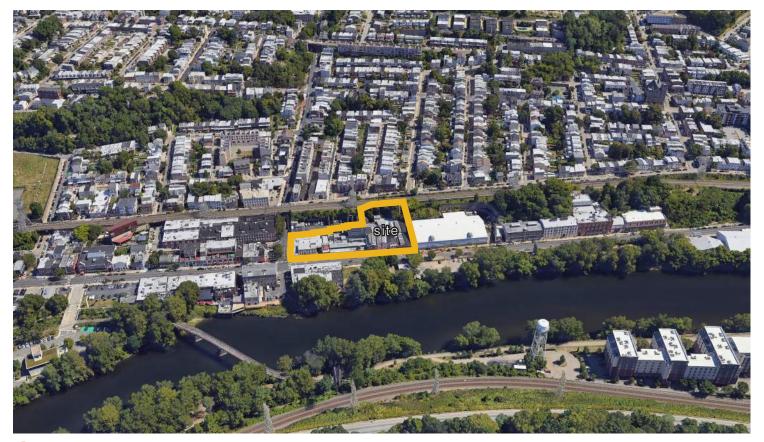


Wissahickon RR Station - 0.6 mi from Site (0.7 mi driving)



- Indego Bike Share Station
- Buses (Route Number and Travel Direction) Urban Conversions | CBP Architects | 15







1 Northwest Aerial Perspective



3 Southwest Aerial Perspective

2 Northeast Aerial Perspective

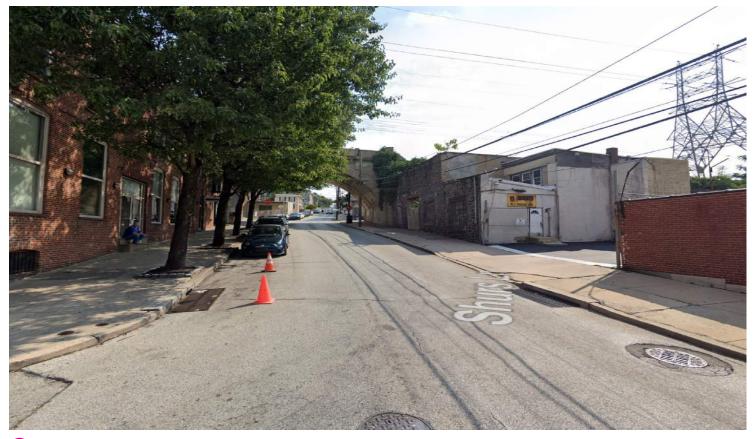


4 Southeast Aerial Perspective

# site aerial photos



**1** View of Site from Shurs Lane looking North



**3** View of Site from Shurs Lane & Station Street looking North



2 View of Site from Shurs Lane looking South

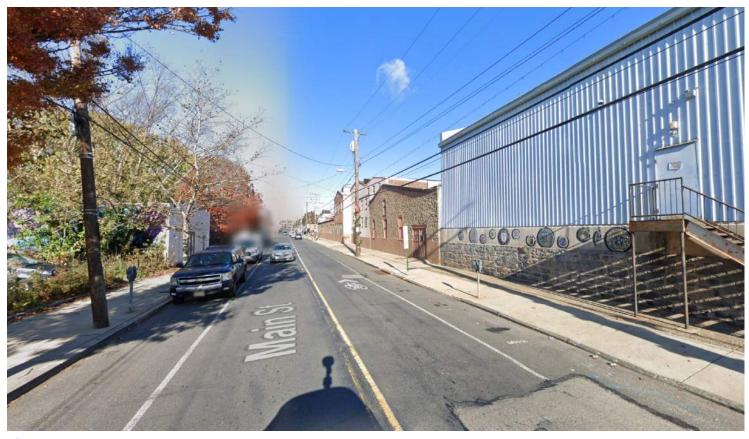


4 View of Site from Main Street looking East

# site context street level photos



**5** View of Site from Main Street looking East



**7** View of Site from Main street looking West



6 View of Site from Main Street looking East

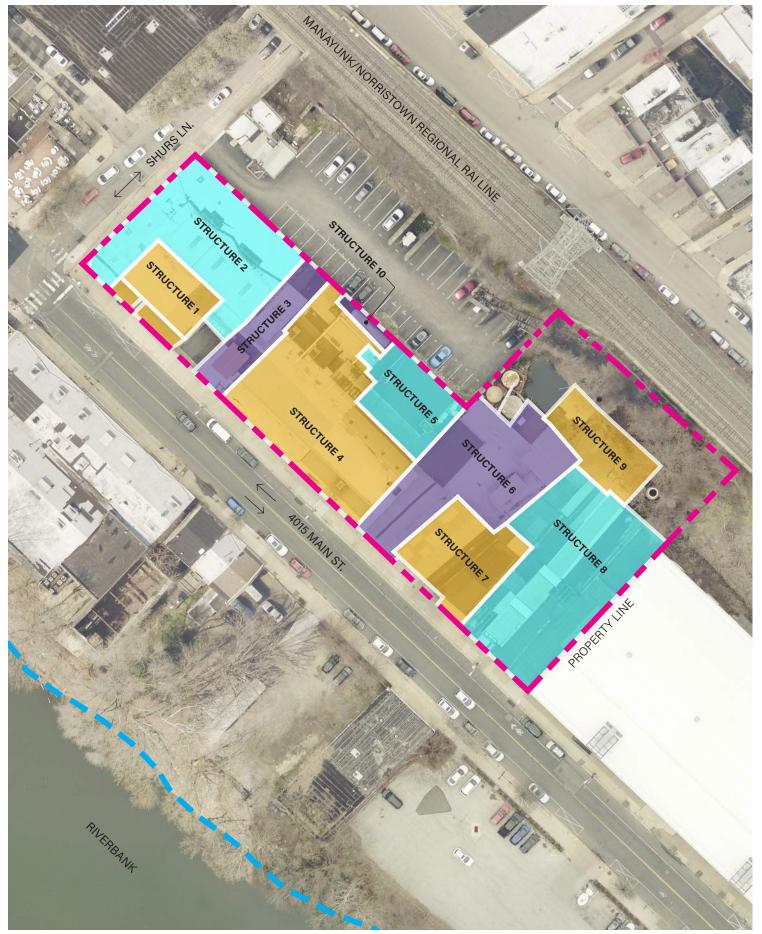


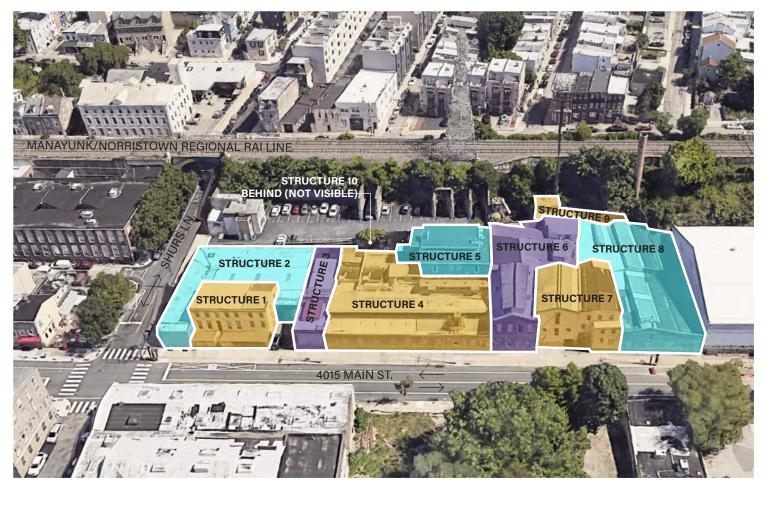
8 View of Site from Main street looking West

# site context street level photos



- Property Line









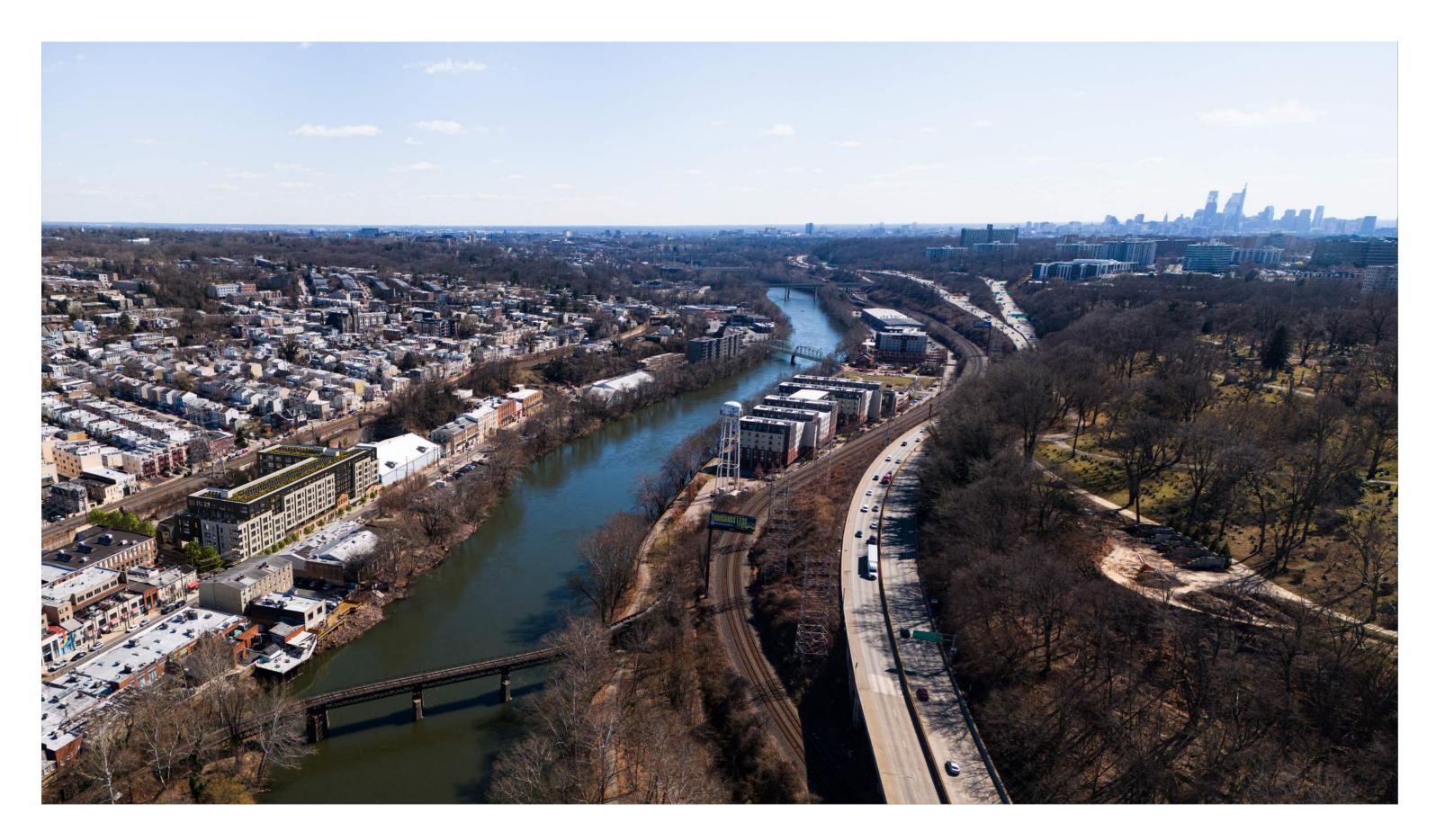












Aerial View looking Southeast

**3D context** 



Watermill at Manayunk 2 Leverington Avenue, Philadelphia 7 Stories



Venice Island 4436-44 Main Street, Philadelphia 5 Stories - 213 Units



Site 4045 Main Street, Philadelphia 7 Stories - 163 Units



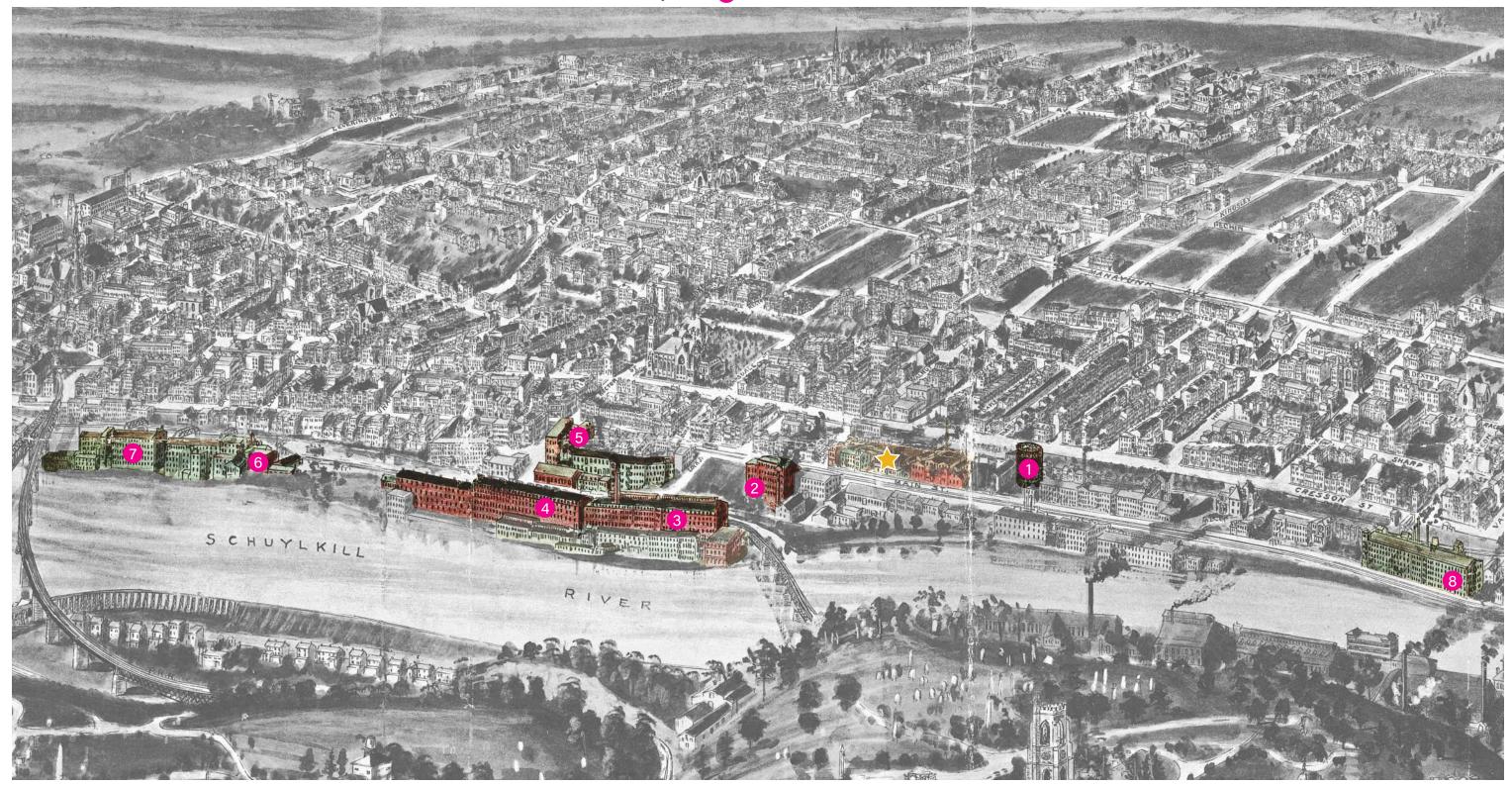
3900 Main Street 3900 Main St, Philadelphia 6 Stories - 115 Units

- 3811 Main Street (Under Construction) 6 Stories - 36 Units 5 Commercial Spaces

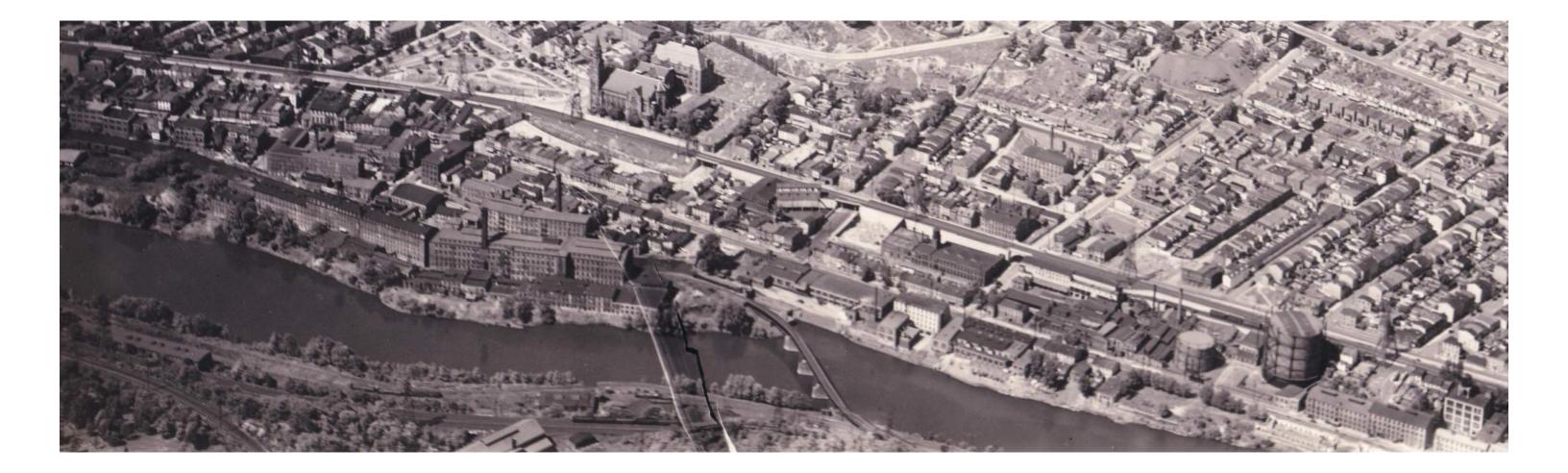
BridgeFive Condominium 3750 Main Street, Philadelphia 7 Stories - 60 Units

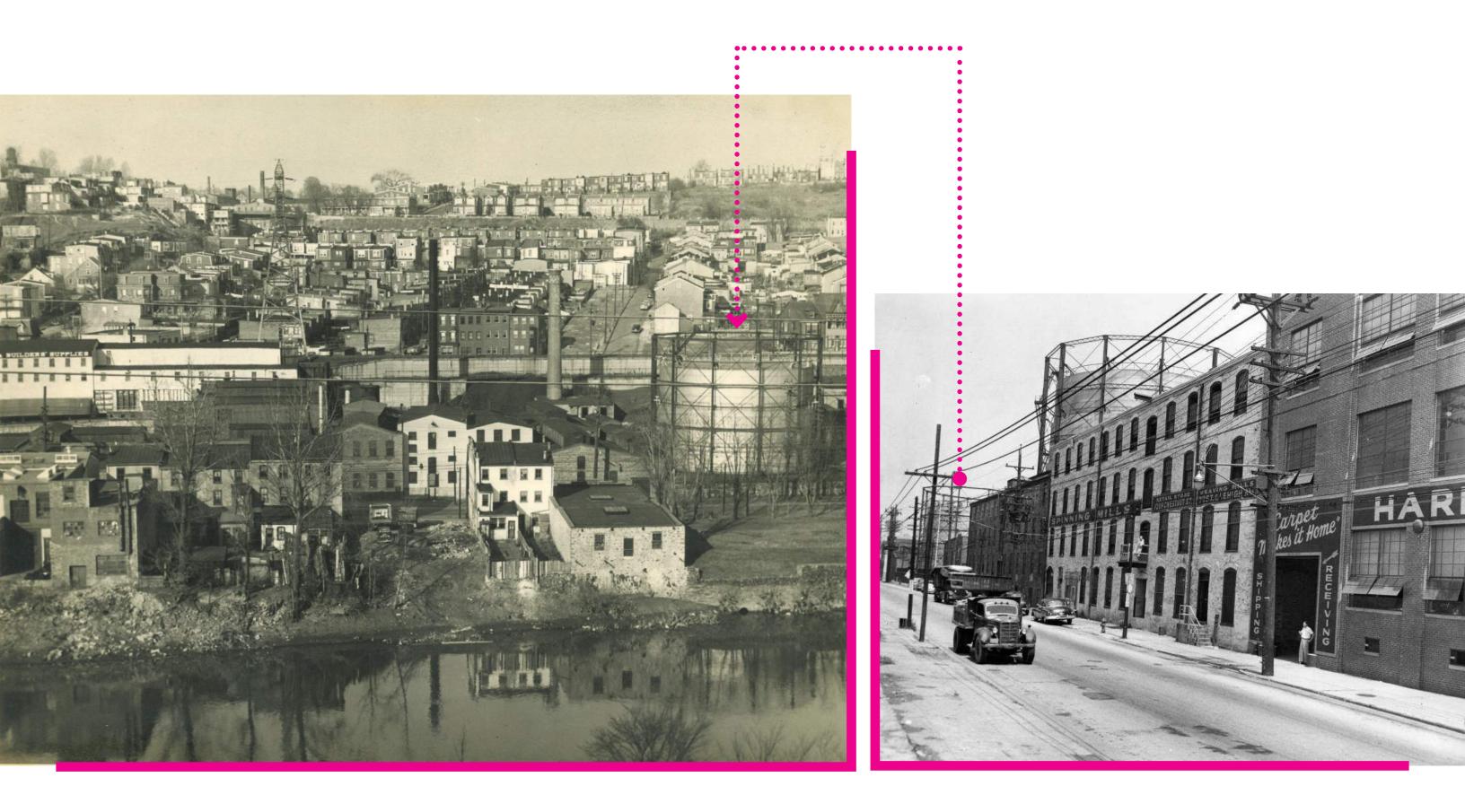


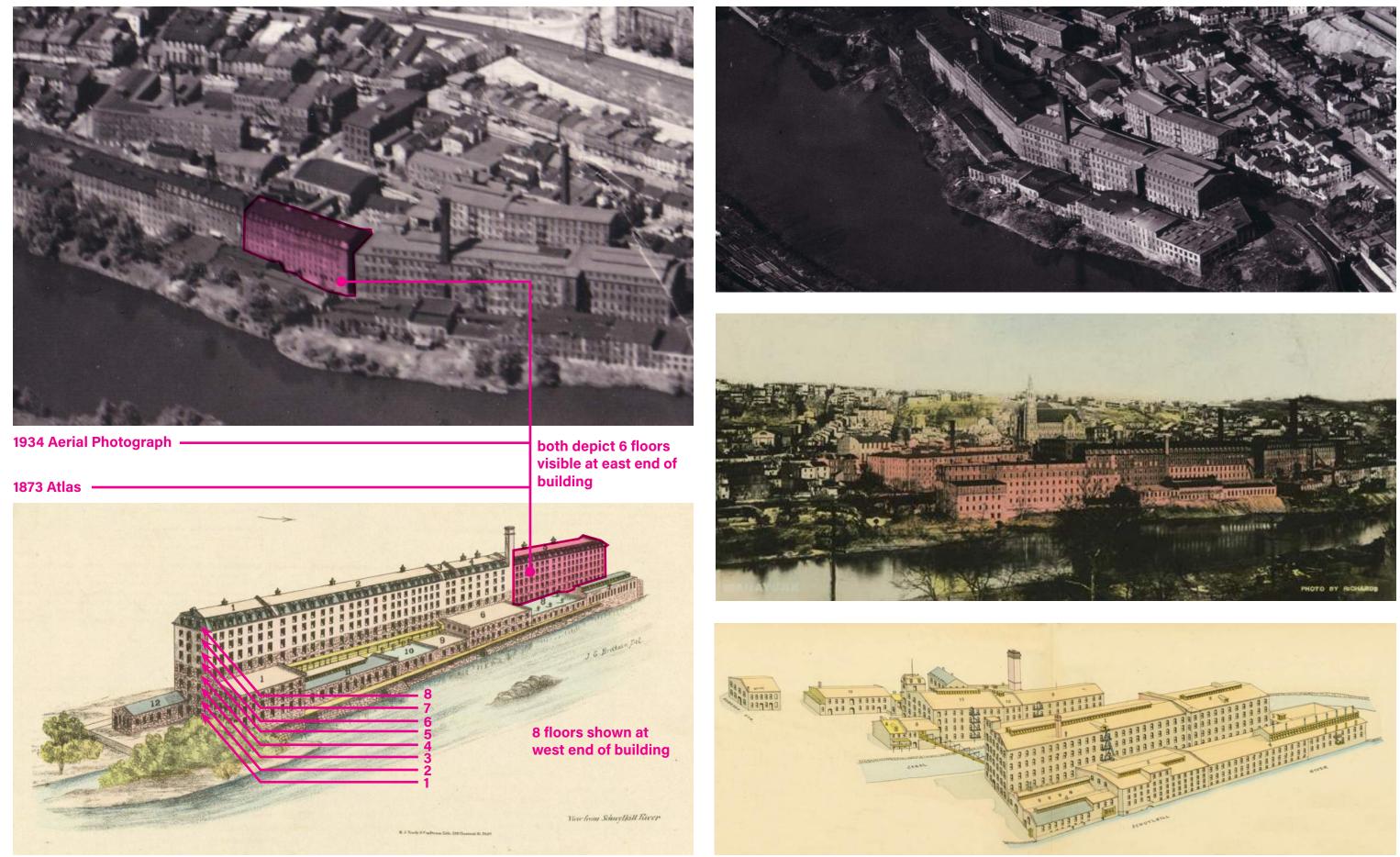






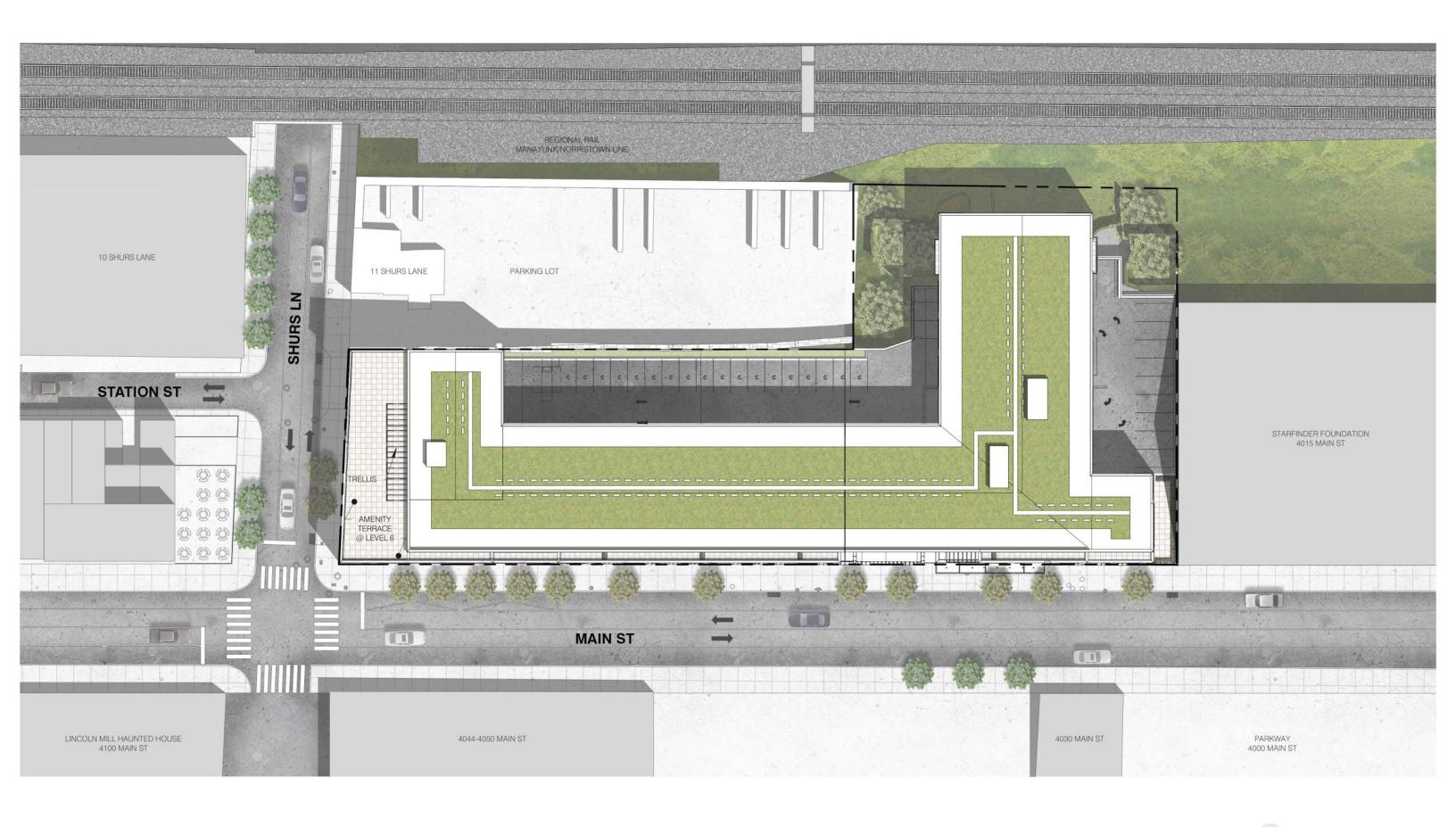






ECONOMY MILLS & SCHUYLKILL MILLS (VENICE ISLAND)

evolution of manayunk



0 10' 20' 40'



View looking East on Main Street & South on Shurs Lane



View looking Northwest on Main Street



**Residential Entry Perspective** 



Aerial View looking Northeast



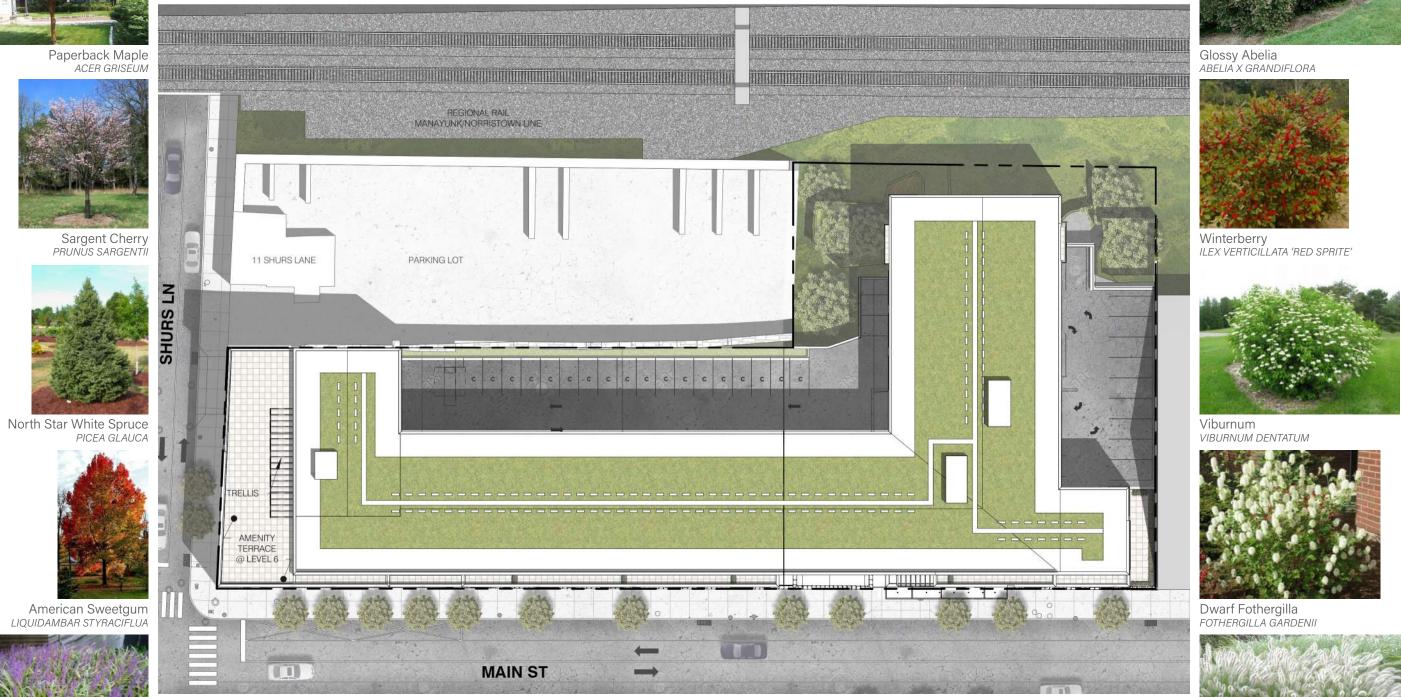
Aerial View looking Southeast



View looking East on Main Street



Paperback Maple ACER GRISEUM





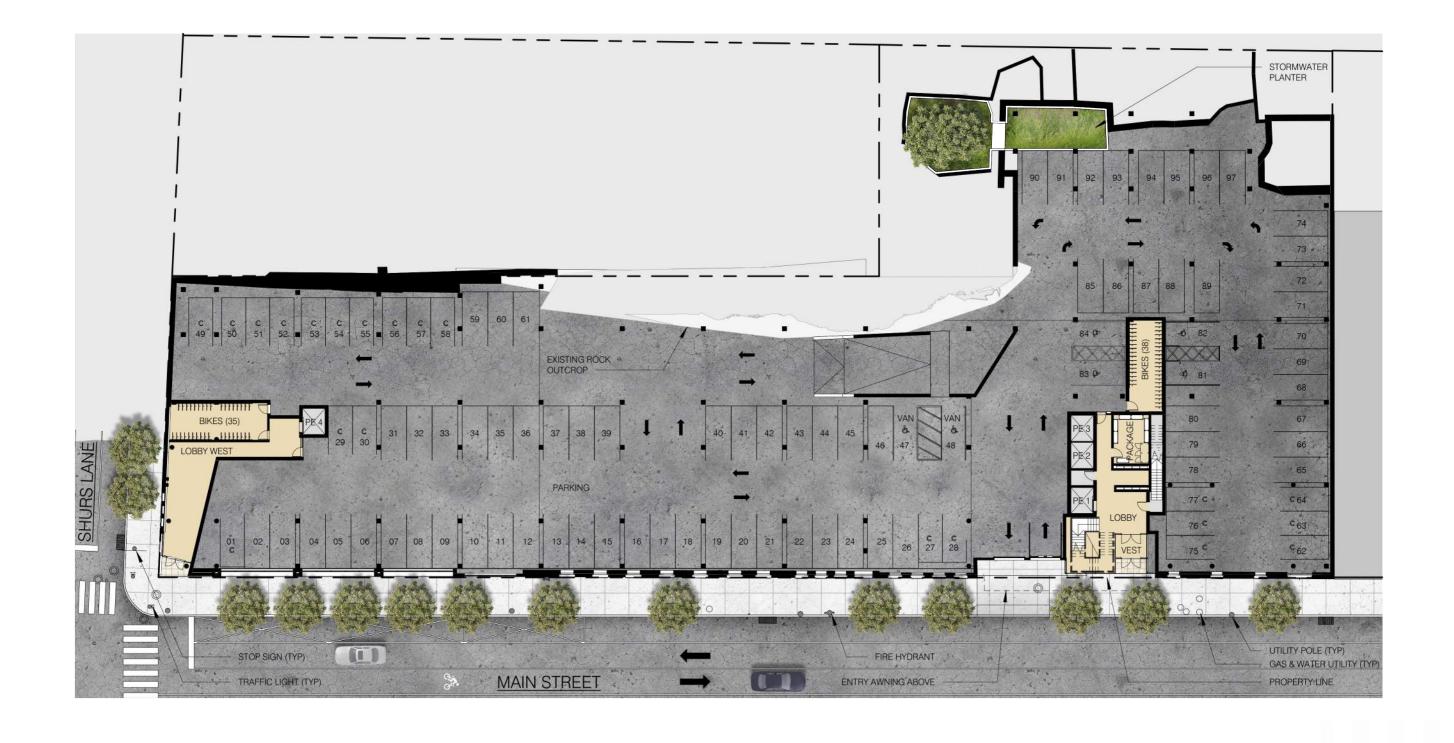
Lily Turf LIRIOPE MUSCARI







Dwarf Fountain Grass PENNISETUM ALOPECUROIDES 'HAMELN'

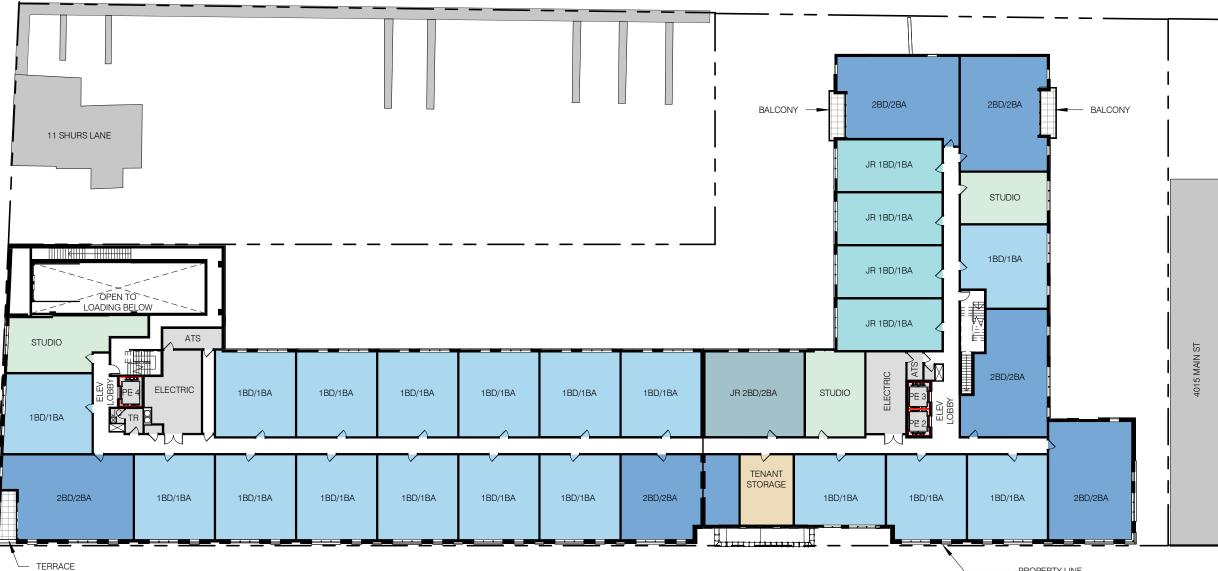




Urban Conversions | CBP Architects | 40

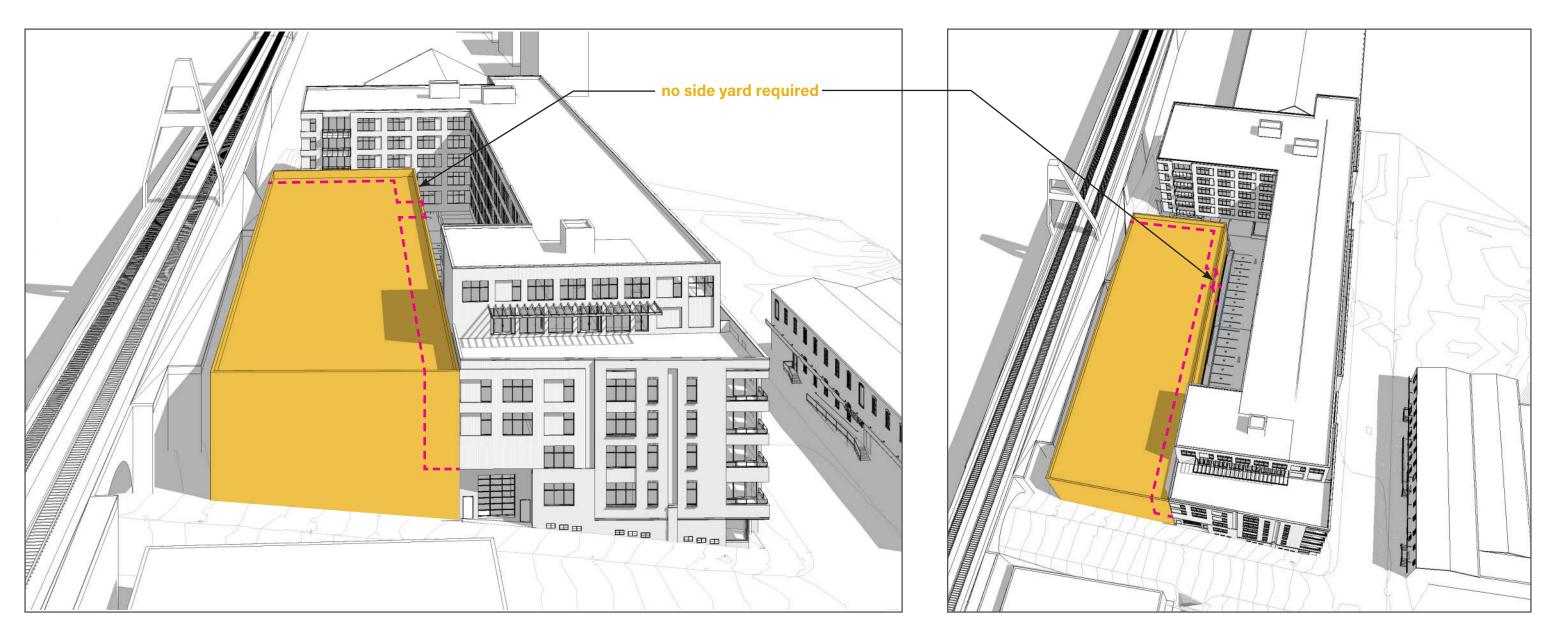


FLOOR 2 parking, loading, amenity, residential



- PROPERTY LINE

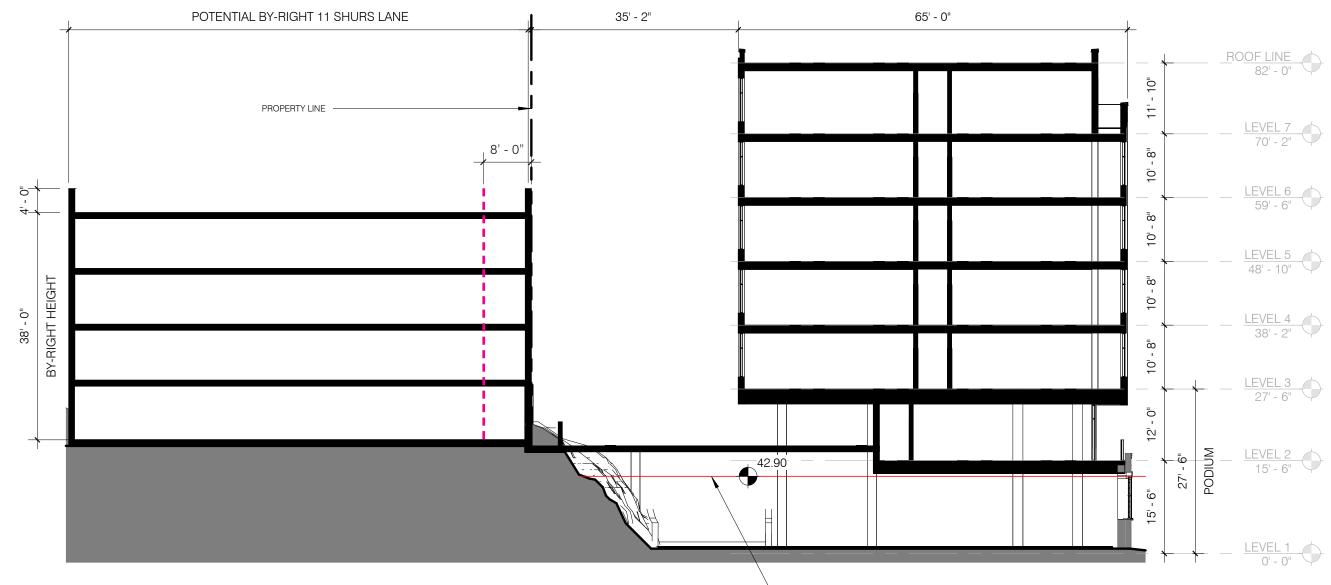




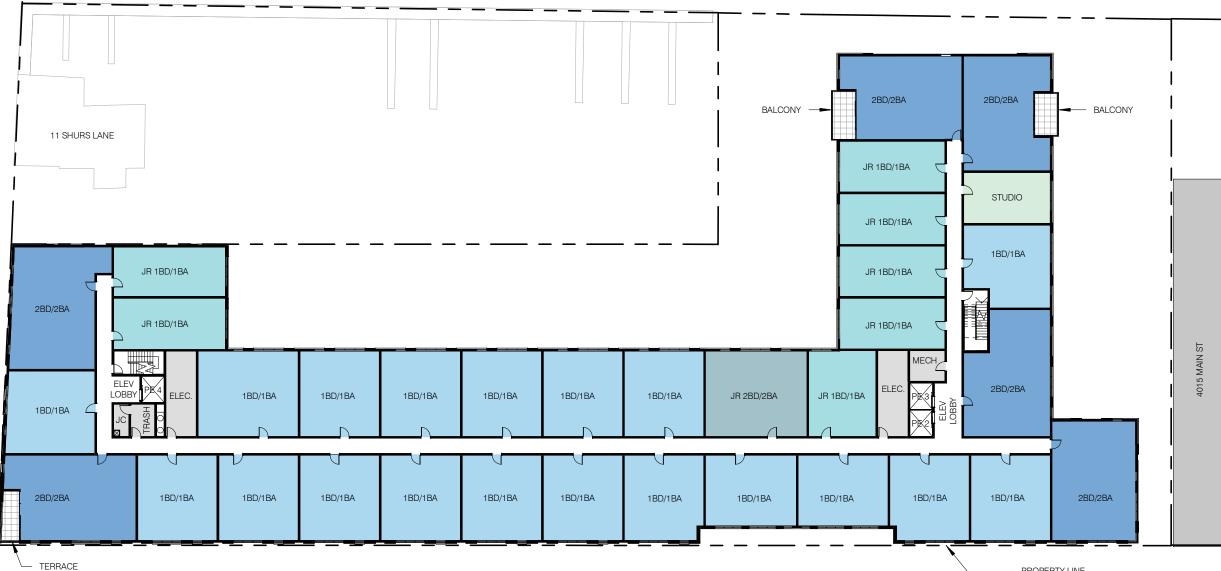
### **11 SHURS LANE**

- ICMX
- Max occupied area (% of lot) 100%
- Max FAR 500% (4 stories/ 400% shown)
- Max Height 38ft above average ground level
- No front, side or rear yards required

---- PROPOSED SETBACK



---- PROPOSED SETBACK



- PROPERTY LINE

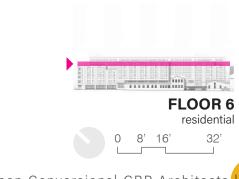


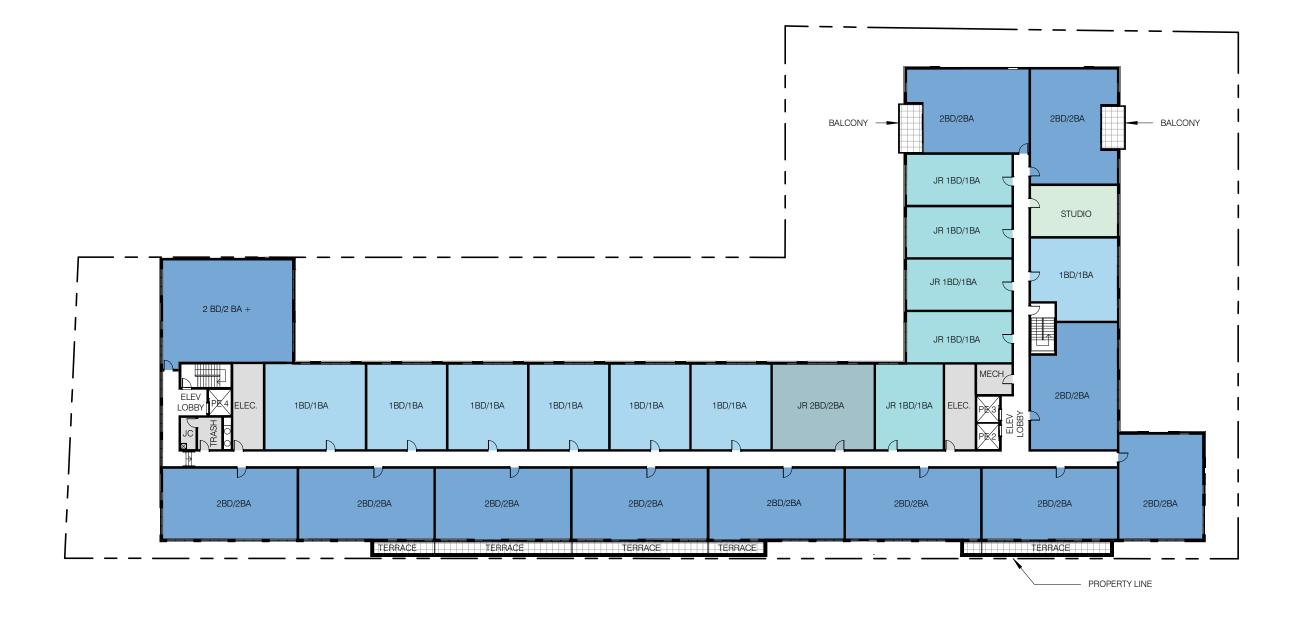




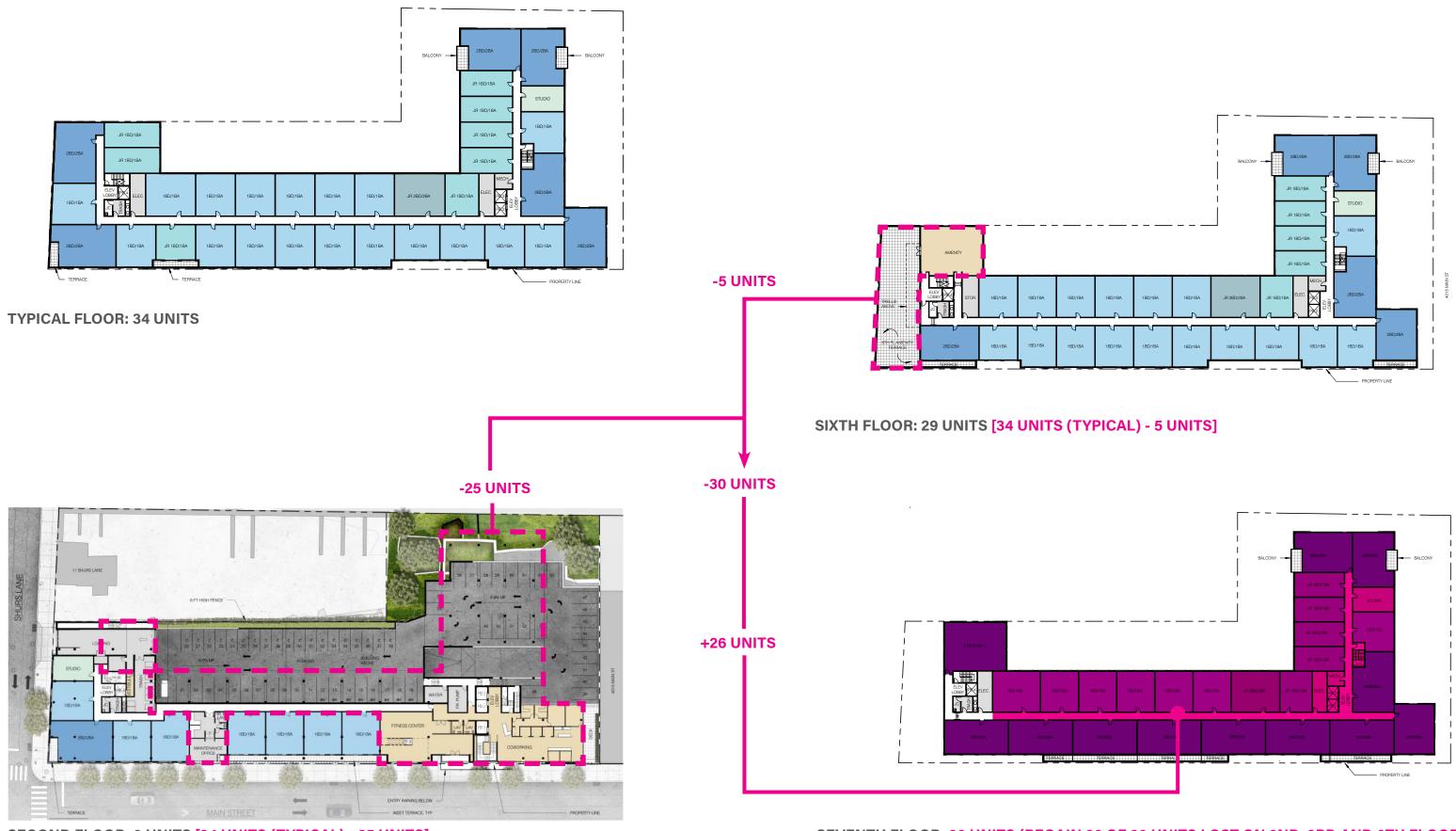


— PROPERTY LINE









SECOND FLOOR: 9 UNITS [34 UNITS (TYPICAL) - 25 UNITS]

### SEVENTH FLOOR: 26 UNITS (REGAIN 26 OF 30 UNITS LOST ON 2ND, 3RD AND 6TH FLOORS)



# Building

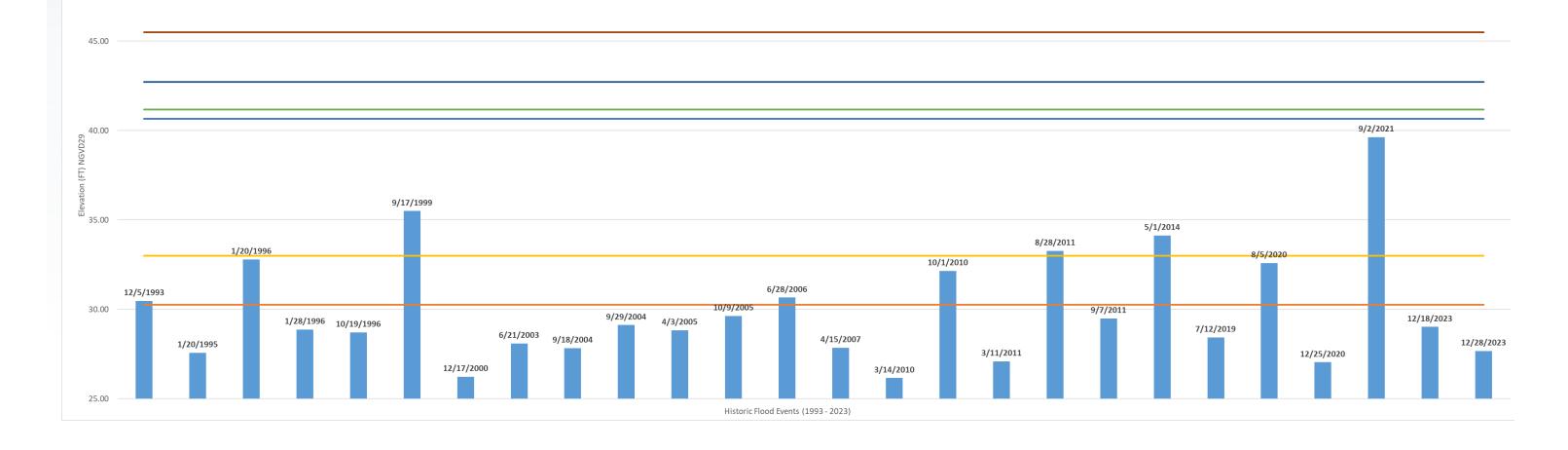
g Elevations			
Proposed Einished Elear Elevation		First Floor	Second Floor
Proposed Finished Floor Elevation		30.00	45.50
		Height Above	e/Below (FT)
FEMA BFE (Northernwestern corner of building)	41.40	-11.40	4.10
Philadelphia DFE (BFE + 18")	42.90	-12.90	2.60
2022 NYC Building Code, Flood-Resistant Construction DFE (BFE + 2')	43.40	-13.40	2.10
2023 NJ Inland Flooding DFE (BFE + 2' + 1' Freeboard)	44.40	-14.40	1.10



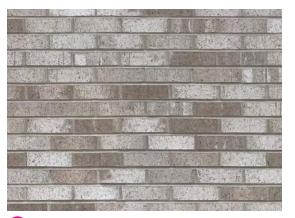
# **Historic Flood Probabilities**

			I	Historic Flood Events (1993 - 2023)	
<ul> <li>Level 2 Finished Floor - EL. 45.50</li> <li>Emergency Egress Door - EL. 42.72</li> <li>Loading Ramp - EL. 41.17</li> </ul>	Location	Proposed Elevation (FT) NGVD29	Number of Flood Events Exceeding EL.	Max Flood Depth Above EL. (ft) 9/2/2021	Annual Chance of Exceedance*
	Parking Garage Entrance	30.25	9	9.38	30%
Shurs Lane Door - EL. 40.65	Main Lobby Inner Door	30.25	9	9.38	30%
West Lobby Door - EL. 33.00	West Lobby Door	33.00	4	6.63	13%
-Parking Garage Entrance - EL. 30.25	Shurs Lane Door	40.65	0	0.00	<1%
	Loading Ramp	41.17	0	0.00	<1%
— Main Lobby Door - EL. 30.25	Emergency Egress Door	42.72	0	0.00	<1%
	Level 2 Finished Floor	45.50	0	0.00	<1%

\*Annual chance of exceedance is calculated based on the 1993 – 2023 historic period of analysis only. The FEMA 1% flood event (100-year event) elevation is 41.40 feet NGVD29.



## MATERIALS PALETTE



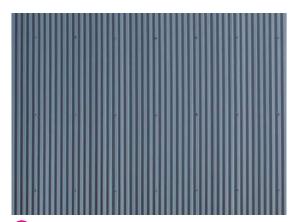
1 Modular Brick



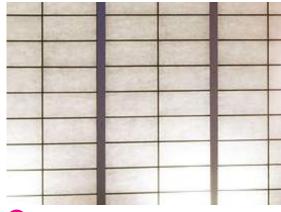
6 Metal Storefront



11 Entry Awning



2 Vertical Corrugated Metal Siding



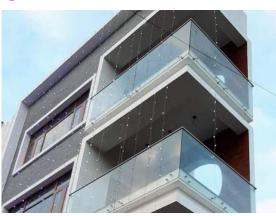
7 Transluscent Panels



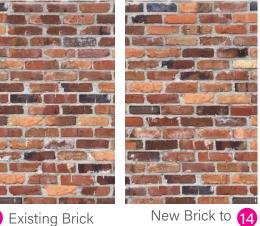
12 Painted Metal C-Channel



3 Accent Color Metal Surround



8 Glass Guardrail



13 Existing Brick



4 Metal Clad Windows





15 Existing Stone

materials

match Existing





Exst Window to be replaced. Paint color similar to existing. 5



10 Trellis Fence



**16** Existing Terracota Coping



Main Steet Elevation Perspective

materials



Main Street Elevation Perspective



Main Street Elevation Perspective



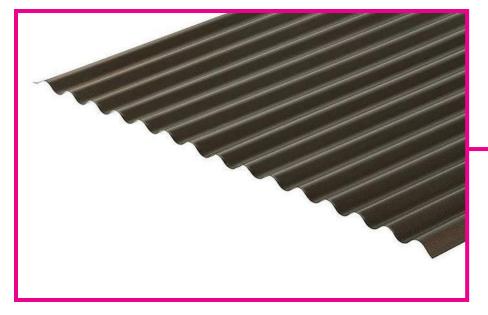
Shurs Lane Elevation Perspective



Corrugated Metal Siding at Nearby Rail Spur



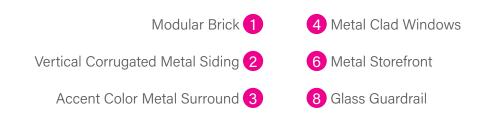
Proposed Char Brown Corrugated Metal Siding (BOD ATAS)



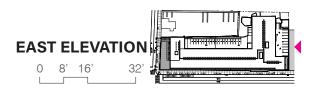
























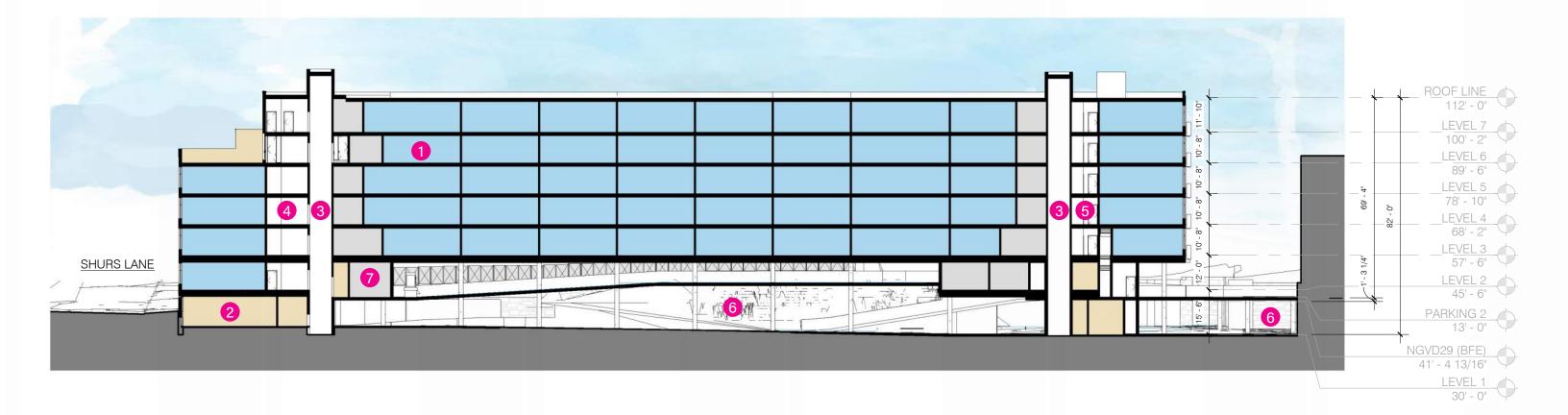
4 Metal Clad Windows

8 Glass Guardrail

Accent Color Metal Surround 3











2 Residential Amenities

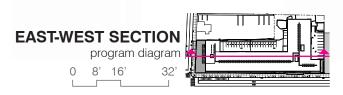
**3** Vertical Circulation & Mechanical Space

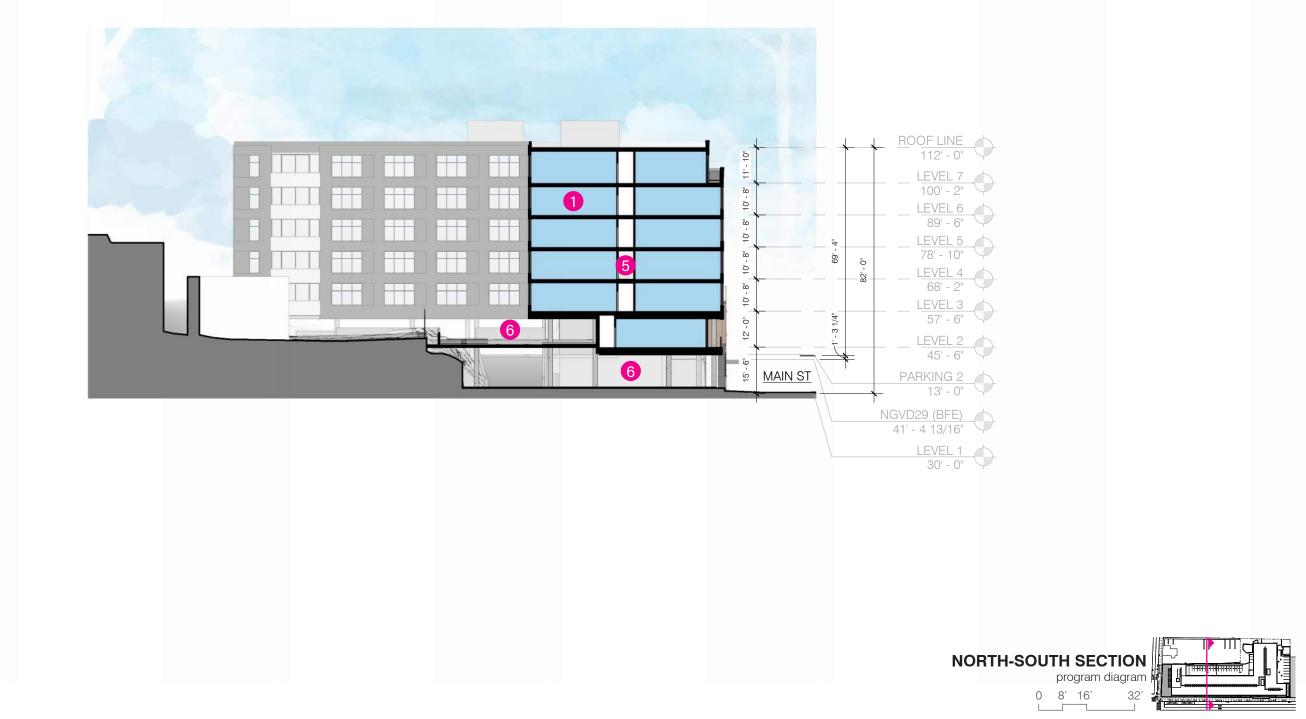






7 Utility









- 2 Residential Amenities
- **3** Vertical Circulation & Mechanical Space









### **Civic Design Review Sustainable Design Checklist**

Sustainable design represents important city-wide concerns about environmental conservation and energy use. Development teams should try to integrate elements that meet many goals, including:

- · Reuse of existing building stock
- · Incorporation of existing on-site natural habitats and landscape elements
- · Inclusion of high-performing stormwater control
- $\cdot$  Site and building massing to maximize daylight and reduce shading on adjacent sites · Reduction of energy use and the production of greenhouse gases
- · Promotion of reasonable access to transportation alternatives

The Sustainable Design Checklist asks for responses to specific benchmarks. These metrics go above and beyond the minimum requirements in the Zoning and Building codes. All benchmarks are based on adaptions from Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) v4 unless otherwise noted.

Categories	Benchmark	Does project meet benchmark? If yes, please explain how. If no, please explain why not.
Location and Transportation		
(1) Access to Quality Transit	Locate a functional entry of the project within a ¼-mile (400-meter) walking distance of existing or planned bus, streetcar, or rideshare stops, bus rapid transit stops, light or heavy rail stations.	There is a SEPTA bus stop at the corner of Main Street and Shurs Lane, directly in front of one of th building entrances. The Main Street SEPTA regional rail station i 0.5 miles away and the Wissahickon SEPTA regional rail station is 0.6 miles away.
(2) Reduced Parking Footprint	All new parking areas will be in the rear yard of the property or under the building, and unenclosed or uncovered parking areas are 40% or less of the site area.	A majority of the parking is locate under the building. Only 32 of the 162 spaces are open air.
(3) Green Vehicles	Designate 5% of all parking spaces used by the project as preferred parking for green vehicles or car share vehicles. Clearly identify and enforce for sole use by car share or green vehicles, which include plug-in electric vehicles and alternative fuel vehicles.	8 spaces (5%) are designated for electric vehicles.
(4) Railway Setbacks (Excluding frontages facing trolleys/light rail or enclosed subsurface rail lines or subways)	To foster safety and maintain a quality of life protected from excessive noise and vibration, residential development with railway frontages should be setback from rail lines and the building's exterior envelope, including windows, should reduce exterior sound transmission to 60dBA. (If setback used, specify distance) <sup>i</sup>	Most of the building is setback 100'+ from the train tracks.

## SUSTAINABLE DESIGN



(5) Bike Share Station	Incorporate a bike share station in coordination with and conformance to the standards of Philadelphia Bike Share.	There is an existing Indigo station at the corner of Main and Shurs.
Water Efficiency		
(6) Outdoor Water Use	Maintain on-site vegetation without irrigation. OR, Reduce of watering requirements at least 50% from the calculated baseline for the site's peak watering month.	Building proposes a green roof that will not require irrigation.
Sustainable Sites		
(7) Pervious Site Surfaces	Provides vegetated and/or pervious open space that is 30% or greater of the site's Open Area, as defined by the zoning code. Vegetated and/or green roofs can be included in this calculation.	Building proposes a green roof covering >65% of the roof. Site landscaping is also proposed.
(8) Rainwater Management	Conform to the stormwater requirements of the Philadelphia Water Department(PWD) and either: A) Develop a green street and donate it to PWD, designed and constructed in accordance with the PWD Green Streets Design Manual, OR B) Manage additional runoff from adjacent streets on the development site, designed and constructed in accordance with specifications of the PWD Stormwater Management Regulations	No. The site will comply with all stormwater regulations, but the existing conditions do not allow for Green Streets and/or the management of additional stormwater runnoff from the surrounding roadways.
(9) Heat Island Reduction (excluding roofs)	Reduce the heat island effect through either of the following strategies for 50% or more of all on-site hardscapes: A) Hardscapes that have a high reflectance, an SRI>29. B) Shading by trees, structures, or solar panels.	Yes. Most of the hardscape is located under the green roof of the building. The concrete parking deck not under cover will have an SRI>29. A trellis will be provided on the 7th floor amenity terrace hardscape.
Energy and Atmosphere		
(10) Energy Commissioning and Energy Performance - Adherence to the New Building Code	PCPC notes that as of April 1, 2019 new energy conservation standards are required in the Philadelphia Building Code, based on recent updates of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) and the option to use ASHRAE 90.01-2016. PCPC staff asks the applicant to state which path they are taking for compliance, including their choice of code and any options being pursued under the 2018 IECC. <sup>ii</sup>	The project will comply with the 2018 IECC prescriptive path.

(11) Energy Commissioning and Energy Performance - Going beyond the code	<ul> <li>Will the project pursue energy performance measures beyond what is required in the Philadelphia code by meeting any of these benchmarks? <sup>IIII</sup></li> <li>Reduce energy consumption by achieving 10% energy savings or more from an established baseline using ASHRAE standard 90.1-2016 (LEED v4.1 metric).</li> <li>Achieve certification in Energy Star for Multifamily New Construction (MFNC).</li> <li>Achieve Passive House Certification</li> </ul>	Yes. The project will pursue certification in Energy Star for Multifamily New Construction (MFNC). In addition, we are exploring pursuing LEED certification as well.
(12) Indoor Air Quality and Transportation	Any sites within 1000 feet of an interstate highway, state highway, or freeway will provide air filters for all regularly occupied spaces that have a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 13. Filters shall be installed prior to occupancy. <sup>iv</sup>	Yes. The site is within 1000 ft of Interstate 76.
(13) On-Site Renewable Energy	Produce renewable energy on-site that will provide at least 3% of the project's anticipated energy usage.	No. The provided green roof occupies any potential space for on-site energy generation.
Innovation		
(14) Innovation	Any other sustainable measures that could positively impact the public realm.	Project team is undertaking sustainable building practices by reusing and repurposing much of the Main Street facade walls and existing exterior walls. The project was designed in collaboration with AKRF, who provided flood resiliency engineering services and consulting to the project. The project was designed to exceed city, regional, and federal flood protection requirements, including exceeding 2022 NYC Building Code Flood-Resistant Construction DFE (BFE + 2') and 2023 NJ Inland Flooding DFE (BFE + 2' + 1' Freeboard).

<sup>i</sup> Railway Association of Canada (RAC)'s "Guidelines for New Development in Proximity to Railway Operations. Exterior Sound transmission standard from LEED v4, BD+C, Acoustic Performance Credit.

<sup>ii</sup> Title 4 The Philadelphia Building Construction and Occupancy Code See also, "The Commercial Energy Code Compliance" information sheet:

<sup>iv</sup> Section 99.04.504.6 "Filters" of the City of Los Angeles Municipal Code, from a 2016 Los Angeles Ordinance requiring enhanced air filters in

https://www.phila.gov/li/Documents/Commercial%20Energy%20Code%20Compliance%20Fact%20Shee t--Final.pdf and the "What Code Do I Use" information sheet:

https://www.phila.gov/li/Documents/What%20Code%20Do%20I%20Use.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>iii</sup> LEED 4.1, Optimize Energy Performance in LEED v4.1

For Energy Star: <u>www.Energystar.gov</u>

For Passive House, see <u>www.phius.org</u>

homes near freeways

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

**Philadelphia City Planning Commission** 

This Checklist is an implementation tool of the Philadelphia Complete Streets Handbook (the "Handbook") and enables City

design guidance and does not supersede or replace language, standards or policies established in the City Code, City Plan,

The Philadelphia City Planning Commission receives this Checklist as a function of its Civic Design Review (CDR) process. This

and sidewalks during the planning and/or design of projects affecting public rights-of-way. Departmental reviewers will use

checklist is used to document how project applicants considered and accommodated the needs of all users of city streets

Philadelphia Code). Applicants for projects that require Civic Design Review shall complete this checklist and attach it to

this checklist to confirm that submitted designs incorporate complete streets considerations (see §11-901 of The

plans submitted to the Philadelphia City Planning Commission for review, along with an electronic version.

engineers and planners to review projects for their compliance with the Handbook's policies. The handbook provides



or Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

The Handbook and the checklist can be accessed at

http://www.phila.gov/CityPlanning/projectreviews/Pages/CivicDesignReview.aspx

INSTRUCTIONS













### INSTRUCTIONS (continued)

APPLICANTS SHOULD MAKE SURE TO COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

- of the checklist. Text fields will expand automatically as you type.
- subsequent sections of the Handbook) should be identified and dimensioned on plans.
- All plans submitted for review must clearly identify and site all street furniture, including but not limited to bus shelters, street signs and hydrants.
- Any project that calls for the development and installation of medians, bio-swales and other such features in the right-of-way may require a maintenance agreement with the Streets Department.
- ADA curb-ramp designs must be submitted to Streets Department for review
- is available at http://www.philadelphiastreets.com/survey-and-design-bureau/city-plans-unit . An application to the Streets Department for a City Plan Action is required when a project plan proposes the:
  - Placing of a new street;
  - Removal of an existing street; 0
  - Changes to roadway grades, curb lines, or widths; or 0
  - Placing or striking a city utility right-of-way.

Complete Streets Review Submission Requirement\*:

- EXISTING CONDITIONS SITE PLAN, should be at an identified standard engineering scale
  - FULLY DIMENSIONED
  - CURB CUTS/DRIVEWAYS/LAYBY LANES
  - TREE PITS/LANDSCAPING
  - BICYCLE RACKS/STATIONS/STORAGE AREAS 0
  - TRANSIT SHELTERS/STAIRWAYS
- PROPOSED CONDITIONS SITE PLAN, should be at an identified standard engineering scale
  - PINCH POINTS
  - PROPOSED CURB CUTS/DRIVEWAYS/LAYBY LANES 0
  - PROPOSED TREE PITS/LANDSCAPING 0
  - BICYCLE RACKS/STATIONS/STORAGE AREAS 0
  - TRANSIT SHELTERS/STAIRWAYS 0

\*APPLICANTS PLEASE NOTE: ONLY FULL-SIZE, READABLE SITE PLANS WILL BE ACCEPTED. ADDITIONAL PLANS MAY BE **REQUIRED AND WILL BE REQUESTED IF NECESSARY** 



### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

**Philadelphia City Planning Commission** 







□ This checklist is designed to be filled out electronically in Microsoft Word format. Please submit the Word version

□ All plans submitted for review must clearly dimension the widths of the Furnishing, Walking, and Building Zones (as defined in Section 1 of the Handbook). "High Priority" Complete Streets treatments (identified in Table 1 and

Any project that significantly changes the curb line may require a City Plan Action. The City Plan Action Application

o FULLY DIMENSIONED, INCLUDING DELINEATION OF WALKING, FURNISHING, AND BUILDING ZONES AND

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

Philadelphia City Planning Commission



2. DATE

1/28/2025

and scope



5. PROJECT AREA: list precise street limits

frontage on Shurs Lane. Property is

located on the corner of the 2 streets

389' of frontage on Main Street & 100' of

### GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

So

- 1. PROJECT NAME
  - 4045-61 Main Street

.<u>/</u>

- 3. APPLICANT NAME Urban Conversions
- 4. APPLICANT CONTACT INFORMATION
- 1900 Market Street, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Phila, 19103
- 6. OWNER NAME
- Urban Conversions 7. OWNER CONTACT INFORMATION
- 1900 Market Street, 8th Floor, Phila, 19103
- 8. ENGINEER / ARCHITECT NAME **Ruggiero Plante Land Design**
- 9. ENGINEER / ARCHITECT CONTACT INFORMATION

### 5900 Ridge Ave, Phila 19128

10. STREETS: List the streets associated with the project. Complete Streets Types can be found at www.phila.gov/map under the "Complete Street Types" field. Complete Streets Types are also identified in Section 3 of the Handbook.

### Also available here: http://metadata.phila.gov/#home/datasetdetails/5543867320583086178c4f34/

	STF	REET	FROM	ТО	CC	OMPLETE S	STREET TYPE
	Shu	urs Lane	Main	Cresson	<u>U</u>	ban Arter	ial
	Ma	<u>in Street</u>	<u>Shurs</u>	NA	<u>Ui</u>	ban Arter	<u>rial</u>
11.	Does	the Existing Condition	ns site survey clearly ide	entify the following exi	sting conditio	ons with di	imensions?
	a.	Parking and loading re	egulations in curb lanes	adjacent to the site	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	
	b.	Street Furniture such	as bus shelters, honor l	ooxes, etc.	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌
	с.	Street Direction			YES 🔀	NO 🗌	
	d.	Curb Cuts			YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌
	e.	Utilities, including tre boxes, signs, lights, po	e grates, vault covers, n oles, etc.	nanholes, junction	YES 🔀	NO	N/A 🗌
	f.	Building Extensions in	to the sidewalk, such a	s stairs and stoops	YES 🔀	NO	N/A 🗌

С

### **APPLICANT: General Project Information**

Additional Explanation / Comments:

**DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: General Project Information** 

### PEDESTRIAN COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.3)

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Handbook.		
STREET FRONTAGE	TYPICAL SIDEWALK WIDTH	CITY PLAN SIDEWALK
	(BUILDING LINE TO CURB)	WIDTH
	Required / Existing / Proposed	Existing / Proposed
Shurs	<u>12 / 12 / 12</u>	<u>12 / 12</u>
<u>Main</u>	<u>13 / 13 / 13</u>	<u>13 / 13</u>
	//	/
	//	/

13. WALKING ZONE: list Walking Zone widths for each street frontage. The Walking Zone is defined in Section 4.3 of the Handbook including required widths

nanubook, including required widths.	
STREET FRONTAGE	WALKING ZONE
	Required / Existing / Proposed
<u>Shurs</u>	<u>6 / 6 / 6</u>
Main	<u>6.5 / 11 / 6.5</u>
	//
	//

14. VEHICULAR INTRUSIONS: list Vehicular Intrusions into the sidewalk. Examples include but are not limited to; Handbook.

### **EXISTING** VEHICULAR INTRUSIONS

INTRUSION TYPE	INTRUSION WIDTH	PLACEMENT
<u>Curb Cut</u>	<u>31'</u>	<u>Main</u>
<u>Curb Cut</u>	<u>29'</u>	<u>Main</u>
PROPOSED VEHICULAR INTRUSIONS		
INTRUSION TYPE	INTRUSION WIDTH	PLACEMENT
<u>Curb Cut</u>	<u>24'</u>	<u>Main</u>
	•	
<u>Curb Cut</u>	<u>24'</u>	<u>Shurs</u>

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

Philadelphia City Planning Commission



### 6



12. SIDEWALK: list Sidewalk widths for each street frontage. Required Sidewalk widths are listed in Section 4.3 of the

driveways, lay-by lanes, etc. Driveways and lay-by lanes are addressed in sections 4.8.1 and 4.6.3, respectively, of the

PEDESTRIAN CON	PONENT (continue	ed)		
				DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL
<ol> <li>When considering th pedestrian environm all pedestrians at all</li> </ol>	ent that provides safe an		YES 🛛 NO 🗌	YES 📄 NO 🗋

of Main Street frontage. This will add an additional level of separation from the pedestrian and vehicular traffic.

### **DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Pedestrian Component**

**Reviewer Comments:** 

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST **Philadelphia City Planning Commission** .<u>.</u> So 6 **BUILDING & FURNISHING COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.4)** 16. BUILDING ZONE: list the MAXIMUM, existing and proposed Building Zone width on each street frontage. The Building Zone is defined as the area of the sidewalk immediately adjacent to the building face, wall, or fence marking the property line, or a lawn in lower density residential neighborhoods. The Building Zone is further defined in section 4.4.1 of the Handbook. STREET FRONTAGE

<u>Shurs</u> Main

17. FURNISHING ZONE: list the MINIMUM, recommended, existin frontage. The Furnishing Zone is further defined in section 4.4 STREET FRONTAGE

> <u>Shurs</u> Main

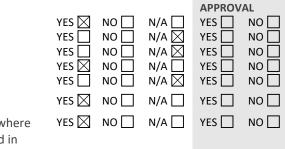
18. Identify proposed "high priority" building and furnishing zone design treatments that are incorporated into the design plan, where width permits (see Handbook Table 1). Are the following treatments identified and dimensioned on the plan?

- Bicycle Parking
- Lighting Benches
- Street Trees
- Street Furniture
- 19. Does the design avoid tripping hazards?
- 20. Does the design avoid pinch points? Pinch points are locations where the Walking Zone width is less than the required width identified in item 13, or requires an exception





MAXIMUM BUILDING ZONE WIDTH Existing / Proposed
<u>0' / 0'</u>
<u>0' / 0'</u>
/
/
proposed Furnishing Zone widths on each street e Handbook.
MINIMUM FURNISHING ZONE WIDTH
Recommended / Existing / Proposed
<u>4' / 2' / 4'</u>
<u>4' / 2' / 4'</u>



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### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

**Philadelphia City Planning Commission** 

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BUILDING & F	URNISHING COMPON	IENT (continued)	)			
	es and/or plants comply with s s (see sections 4.4.7 & 4.4.8)	treet installation	YES 🔀	NO 🗌 N/A 🗌	YES 🗌 🛛 N	10 🗌
22. Does the desi intersections	ign maintain adequate visibilit ?	y for all roadway users a	at YES 🔀	NO 🗌 N/A 🗌	YES 🗌 🛛 N	NO 🗌

### **APPLICANT: Building & Furnishing Component**

Additional Explanation / Comments: Street Trees are proposed along Main Street and Shurs Lane. Tree Pits extended to 10' in length. Bike Racks added along Main Street (15 spaces). There is an existing Indigo bike station at the corner that will remain after the construction of this project.

**DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Building & Furnishing Component** 

**Reviewer Comments:** 

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST





### BICYCLE COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.5)

- 23. List elements of the project that incorporate recommendations of the Pedestrian and Bicycle Plan, located online at http://phila2035.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/06/bikePedfinal2.pdf
  - Existing Indigo Bike station at the corner, 72 bike spaces provided on site.
- 24. List the existing and proposed number of bicycle parking spaces, on- and off-street. Bicycle parking requirements are provided in The Philadelphia Code, Section 14-804.

BUILDING / ADDRESS	REQUIRED SPACES	ON-STREET Existing / Proposed	ON SIDEWALK Existing / Proposed	OFF-STREET Existing / Proposed	
<u>4045 Main</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>0/0</u>	<u>12 / 12</u>	<u>0 / 72</u>	
		/	/	/	
		/	/	/	
		/	/	/	

- 25. Identify proposed "high priority" bicycle design treatments incorporated into the design plan, where width permits. An elements identified and dimensioned on the plan?
  - Conventional Bike Lane
  - Buffered Bike Lane
  - Bicycle-Friendly Street
  - Indego Bicycle Share Station
- 26. Does the design provide bicycle connections to local bicycle transit networks?
- 27. Does the design provide convenient bicycle connections to work places, and other destinations?

### **APPLICANT: Bicycle Component**

Additional Explanation / Comments: Bike parking on site is located on the ground floor by the residential lobby's. Indigo station at the corner is also in close proximity.

**DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Bicycle Component** 

**Reviewer Comments:** 

Philadelphia City Planning Commission



(see Handbook Table 1) that are re the following "High Priority" <b>DEPARTMENTA</b>							
	YES YES YES YES YES	NO NO NO NO	N/A 🛛 N/A 🖾 N/A 💭 N/A 🗌	APPROV YES YES YES YES	AL NO NO NO NO		
e, trail, and	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌		
residences,	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌		

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

Philadelphia City Planning Commission

### .<u>Å</u>.. **6** റ്റ CURBSIDE MANAGEMENT COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.6)

28. Does the design limit conflict among transportation modes along the curb?	YES 🛛 NO 🗌	
29. Does the design connect transit stops to the surrounding pedestrian network and destinations?	YES 🛛 NO 🗌 N/A 🗌	YES NO
30. Does the design provide a buffer between the roadway and pedestrian traffic?	YES 🛛 NO 🗌 N/A 🗌	YES NO
31. How does the proposed plan affect the accessibility, visibility, connectivi of public transit?	ty, and/or attractiveness	YES NO

### **APPLICANT: Curbside Management Component**

Additional Explanation / Comments: Elimination of 2 oversized curb cuts and proposing 1 24' formal streets regulated curb cut reduces pedestrian/vehicular conflict. The project also proposes to place on street parking along the majority of Main Street frontage. This as well as the addition of Street Trees will add an additional level of separation from the pedestrian and vehicular traffic.

**DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Curbside Management Component** 

**Reviewer Comments:** 

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

**Philadelphia City Planning Commission** 50 άò VEHICLE / CARTWAY COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.7) 32. If lane changes are proposed, , identify existing and proposed lane widths and the design speed for each street frontage; STREET FROM

- 33. What is the maximum AASHTO design vehicle being accon the design?
- 34. Will the project affect a historically certified street? An inv historic streets<sup>(1)</sup> is maintained by the Philadelphia Historic Commission.
- 35. Will the public right-of-way be used for loading and unload activities?
- 36. Does the design maintain emergency vehicle access?
- 37. Where new streets are being developed, does the design extend the street grid?
- 38. Does the design support multiple alternative routes to and destinations as well as within the site?
- 39. Overall, does the design balance vehicle mobility with the access of all other roadway users?

### **APPLICANT: Vehicle / Cartway Component**

Additional Explanation / Comments:

**DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Vehicle / Cartway Component Reviewer Comments:** 

(1) http://www.philadelphiastreets.com/images/uploads/documents/Historical Street Paving.pdf

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то			LANE WID Existing / Pro		DESIGN SPEED	
		-	/ / /_			
nmodated by	SU-30			APPRO\	MENTAL /AL NO 🗌	
-	YES 🗌	NO 🔀				
ding	YES 🔀	NO 🗌		YES 🗌	NO 🗌	
connect and		NO □ NO ⊠	N/A 🗌		NO 🗌 NO 🗌	
d from	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	
mobility and	YES 🔀	№ 🗌		YES 🗌	NO 🗌	
						-

Philadelphia City Planning Commission

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

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### URBAN DESIGN COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.8)

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		DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL
40. Does the design incorporate windows, storefronts, and other active uses facing the street?	YES 🔀 NO 🗌 N/A 🗌	YES NO
41. Does the design provide driveway access that safely manages pedestrian / bicycle conflicts with vehicles (see Section 4.8.1)?	YES 🛛 NO 🗌 N/A 🗌	YES NO
42. Does the design provide direct, safe, and accessible connections between transit stops/stations and building access points and destinations within the site?	YES 🛛 NO 🗌 N/A 🗌	YES 📄 NO 🗌

### **APPLICANT: Urban Design Component**

<u>.</u>

Additional Explanation / Comments: \_

### DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Urban Design Component

Reviewer Comments:

	Philadelphia City Planning Commission					
	······································			T		
INT	ERSECTIONS & CROSSINGS COMPONENT (Handboc	ok Secti	ion 4.9	))		
	f signal cycle changes are proposed, please identify Existing and Propose No. 48.	ed Signal C	ycle leng	ths; <b>if no</b> t	t, go to qu	Jestion
	SIGNAL LOCATION		EXISTIN CYCLE L	IG .ENGTH	PROP( CYCLE	OSED LENGTH
					DEPART	MENTAL /AL
44.	Does the design minimize the signal cycle length to reduce pedestrian wait time?	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A 🔀	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
45.	Does the design provide adequate clearance time for pedestrians to cross streets?	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A 🔀	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
46.	Does the design minimize pedestrian crossing distances by narrowing streets or travel lanes, extending curbs, reducing curb radii, or using medians or refuge islands to break up long crossings?	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A 🛛	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
	If yes, City Plan Action may be required.				_	
47.	Identify "High Priority" intersection and crossing design treatments (see will be incorporated into the design, where width permits. Are the follo design treatments identified and dimensioned on the plan?				YES 🔄	NO
	<ul> <li>Marked Crosswalks</li> <li>Pedestrian Refuge Islands</li> <li>Signal Timing and Operation</li> <li>Bike Boxes</li> </ul>	YES YES YES YES	NO NO NO NO	N/A 🔀 N/A 🔀 N/A 🔀 N/A 🔀	YES YES YES YES	NO NO NO NO
48.	Does the design reduce vehicle speeds and increase visibility for all modes at intersections?	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
49.	Overall, do intersection designs limit conflicts between all modes and promote pedestrian and bicycle safety?	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
APF	PLICANT: Intersections & Crossings Component					

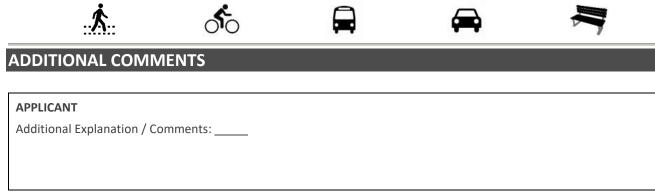
Additional Explanation / Comments: Additions of on street parking and street trees will work to reduce vehicle speeds.

**DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Intersections & Crossings Component** Reviewer Comments:

- -

### COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

Philadelphia City Planning Commission



### DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW

Additional Reviewer Comments:

# **KEY POINTS**

### **CONSTRUCTION IN THE FLOOD PLAIN**

- » The project has been designed in collaboration with AKRF, who advised on flood resiliency and sustainability measures that have been incorporated into project.
- » The Flood Protection Scoping Meeting was held with the City and all requirements in the Flood Protection Project Summary will be satisfied.
- » The proposed project has been designed to not just exceed both FEMA and Philadelphia's requirements, it has been designed to also exceed the New York City building code's requirements and the New Jersey inland flooding requirements. The proposal has been designed with the first occupied floor at 2.5 feet above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » Egress for vehicles and occupants is provided to Shurs La. at the highest point of the site, which is at the Design Flood Elevation.
  - Second floor parking deck is located above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » All utilities are located above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » Materials at the first floor will meet the requirements of FEMA Technical Bulletin 2.
  - Flood Damage Resistant.
  - Corrosion Resistant Connectors.
- » The proposed project is consistent with other recently approved & completed projects in the flood plain of the Schuylkill River from Manayunk through Center City.
- » An Evacuation Plan will be developed with the Management Company.
- » Occupied Space, including commercial, can't be located in the flood plain.

### **STORMWATER**

- » The proposal includes a green roof that covers more than 65% of the building.
- » The proposal includes a stormwater planter to the northwest of the building.

### PARKING

proposal provides 162 (nearly 1:1).

### **BICYCLE PARKING**

» The code requires 54 spaces; the proposal provides 73, all within the building.

### **HISTORIC FABRIC**

- » The project has received approval from the Philadelphia Historical Commission.
- » Through the Historical Commission Process, we reduced the massing with set backs.

### **ENERGY**

- » The proposal will pursue certification in Energy Star for Multifamily New Construction.
- » The project team is exploring the possibility of LEED Certification.

» The code requires 82 parking spaces (0.5:1) for the 163 proposed dwelling units; the

» The proposal retains significant portions of existing historic street walls which will be preserved to Historic Commision standards, despite the site receiving a hardship exemption from the Philadelphia Historical Commission allowing demolition of all existing features.

