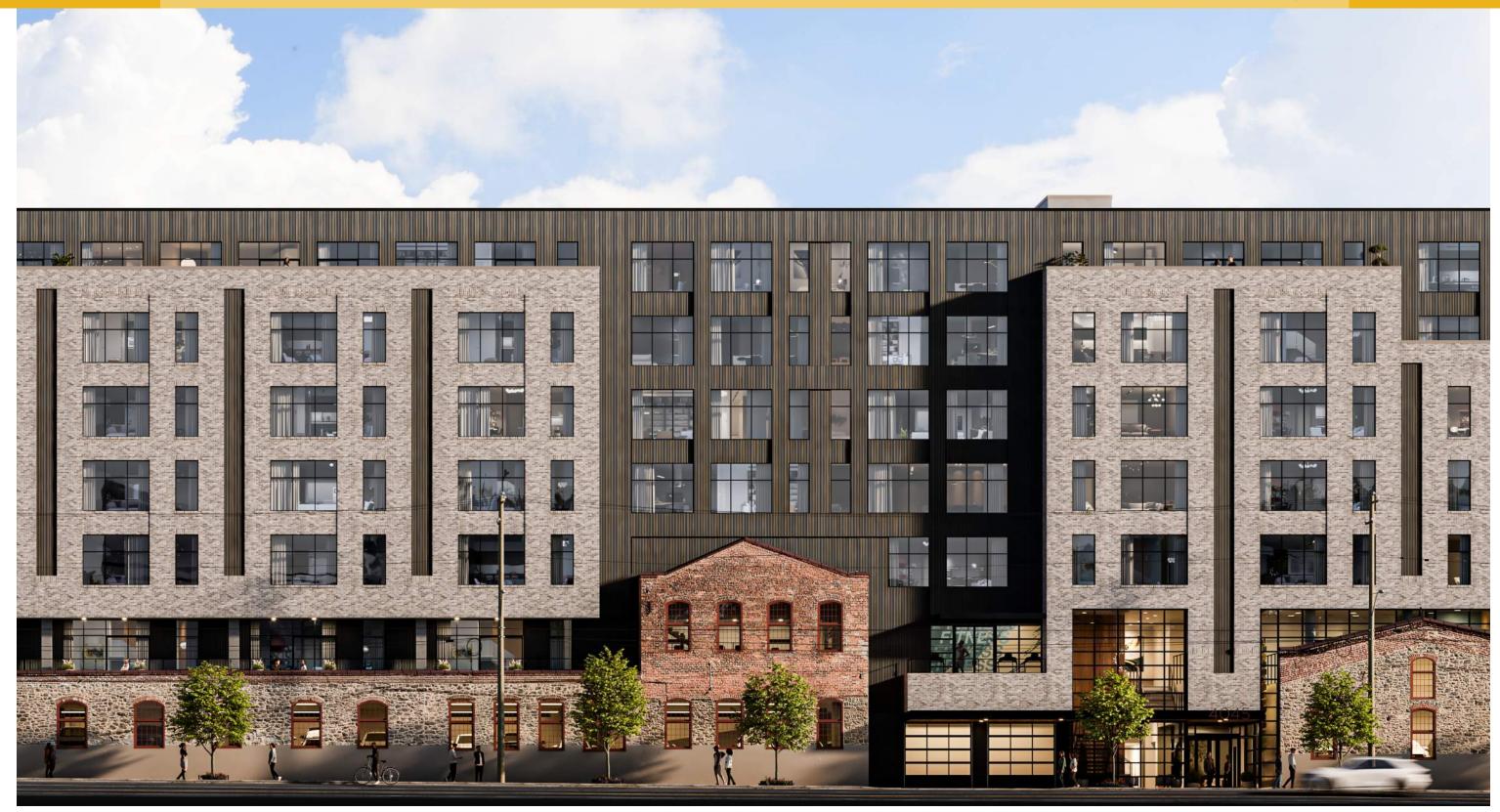
4045 MAIN STREET

CIVIC DESIGN REVIEW DECEMBER 9, 2024



DEVELOPMENT TEAM

URBAN CONVERSIONS

2400 Market Street, Suite 204B Philadelphia, PA 19103



Architect

234 Market Street, 4th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19106



Ruggiero Plante Land Design

Civil Engineer 5900 Ridge Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19128

CONSULTANTS



Real Estate Consultants 1435 Walnut Street, 4th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102



Flood Plain Resiliency Consultants 530 Walnut Street, Suite 998 Philadelphia, PA 19106



Land Use Planning 1520 Locust Street Philadelphia, PA 19102

Transportation Engineering 1515 Market Street, Suite 1360 Philadelphia, PA 19102

CONTENTS

- CDR application form
- introduction
- site survey
- 6-12 zoning plan + elevations
- 14 zoning map
- 15 site location
- site photos 16-19
- 20-21 existing conditions
- 22-24 scope of demolition
 - 3D massing
 - 26 context
- 27-30 context - historic
 - evolution of manayunk
 - 32 site plan
- 33-38 perspectives
 - 39 landscaping
- 40-42 floor plans (1-3)
 - building massing
 - 44 section
- floor plans (4-7) 45-48
 - unit distribution 2nd and 7th floors
- floor report 50-51
- 52-56 materials
 - corrugated metal siding
- 58-62 elevations
- 63-64 sections
- 65-66 sustainability
- complete streets 67-73
 - key points





CDR PROJECT APPLICATION FORM

Note: For a project application to be considered for a Civic Design Review agenda, complete and accurate submittals must be received no later than 4 P.M. on the submission date. A submission does not guarantee placement on the agenda of the next

CDR meeting date.				
	ZP-2024-			
L&I APPLICATION NUMBER:	003395			
What is the trigger causing the project to require CDR Review? Explain briefly.				
Per T-14-304-2 Case 1: The project creates more than 100,000 SF of new gross floor area and creates more the 100 additional dwelling units				
PROJECT LOCATION				
Planning District: Lower Northwest Council District: 4				
Address: 4045-61 Main Street				
Philadelphia, PA 19127				
Is this parcel within an Opportunit If yes, is the project using Opportu Funding?	y Zone? Yes unity Zone Yes			
CONTACT INFORMATION				
Applicant Name: David Plante, F	P.E. Pri	imary Phone: (215) 508-	3900	
Email: <u>david@ruggieroplante.com</u> Address: <u>5900 Ridge Avenue</u>				
	<u>_</u> F	Philadelphia, PA 19128		
Property Owner: G J Littlewood & Sons, Inc Developer Urban Conversions Architect: CBP Architects				

SITE CONDITIONS			
Site Area: 50,139 SF			
Existing Zoning: <u>I-2</u> Are Zoning Variances required? Yes <u>X</u> No			
Proposed Use: First Floor Parking, Bicycle Parking: 37,767 SF First Floor Residential (Lobbies, Mail, Packages): 2,543 SF Second Floor Parking: 20,867 SF* Second Floor: 9 Dwelling Units, Lobby, BOH, Loading, Amenities: 20,388 SF* Third Floor Residential: 31 Dwelling Units, Amenity, BOH: 31,732 SF Fourth Floor Residential: 34 Dwelling Units, BOH: 32,944 SF Fifth Floor Residential: 34 Dwelling Units, BOH: 32,795 SF Sixth Floor Residential: 29 Dwelling Units, Amenity, BOH: 32,166 SF* Seventh Floor Residential: 26 Dwelling Units, BOH: 28,736 SF *SF Includes Ammenity Terraces & Open Sky Parking			
163 Dwelling Units / 239,938 SF			
Proposed # of parking units: 162			
COMMUNITY MEETING			
Community meeting held: Yes No _X			
If yes, please provide written documentation as proof.			
If no, indicate the date and time the community meeting will be held:			
Date:January 8, 2025 Time:7:00 pm			
ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT HEARING			
ZBA hearing scheduled: Yes X No NA NA			
If yes, indicate the date hearing will be held:			
Date: March 19, 2025			

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

4045 MAIN STREET is a proposed, new, seven story multi-family development. The site is zoned I-2, Medium Industrial, and is currently occupied by various oneand two-story structures interconnected over time, and most recently used as a silk dyeing factory which ceased operation in 2021. The site is located in the Main Street Manayunk Historic District. A substantial portion of the site is in flood zone AE, which prevents any ground floor use other than parking and entry lobbies.

The proposed project will include market-rate rental apartments with ground floor parking, bicycle parking and entry lobbies. The second floor will include amenities, apartments, additional parking, loading and trash collection. There will be five floors of apartments above, with amenities and a common terrace at the 6th floor. Extending along Main Street from the existing adjacent Starfinder Foundation (4015 Main Street) to Shurs Lane, the proposed seven story building will include:

- 163 Dwelling Units: Located on floors 2 through 7, in a mix of studios, onebedroom, and two-bedroom apartments.
- Residential Amenities: Lobby related seating, a fitness center, a co-working suite with adjacent outdoor terrace, and back-of-house spaces are located on the second floor and an amenity suite and roof terrace with overhead trellis are located on the 6th floor.
- Parking: Private accessory parking for 162 automobiles is located on the first and second floor, within the building at the first floor, and to the rear of the site, primarily beneath the building at the second floor. Parking is accessed through overhead doors on Main Street with an interior ramp to the second floor, and an emergency exit above the flood plain onto Shurs Lane accessed through the loading area.
- Loading: An enclosed loading space, located in the northwest corner of the second floor, is accessed through an overhead door on Shurs Lane.

The 50,139 SF site is zoned I-2, Medium Industrial, and as such will require a variance for the Multi-Family Use. A variance will also be required for the overall height of the building. While the dimensional standards for I-2 Medium Industrial sites that do not abut residential districts have no height limit, the Main Street/Manayunk and Venice Island neighborhood Commercial Area Overlay District reduces the allowable height to 38 feet. The proposed building height as measured from average grade (considered to be 1'-6" above the base flood elevation) is 68'-1 1/4".

A substantial portion of the site is in flood zone AE, and as such the program for the first floor, located below the flood elevation is limited to the entry lobbies, vehicular parking, and bike parking. Amenities and residential units start at the second floor, above the flood elevation. Egress for building occupants is provided above the flood elevation at the highest elevation possible at the northeast corner of the site on Shurs Lane. Similarly, an emergency exit for vehicles is provided above the flood elevation, through the loading area adjacent to the exit for building occupants.

The site is bounded by the Starfinder Foundation (4015 Main Street) to the east, Main Street to the South, and Shurs Lane to the West. The topography surrounding the existing buildings on the site rises approximately ten feet from Main Street to 11 Shurs Lane. The north side of the site abutting 11 Shurs Lane is formed by existing retaining walls and a rock outcrop which in several locations projects above the surface of the existing parking of 11 Shurs Lane. The rock outcrop also projects into the site and will remain as part of the north edge of the first-floor parking. To the east of 11 Shurs Lane, the extents of the proposed building at the first floor will be bounded by existing retaining walls. Grade between the existing retaining walls and the Germantown/ Norristown (SEPTA) railroad abutment slopes up steeply to meet the abutment. The railroad creates a significant division between buildings to its north and south. It rises about 35 feet above 11 Shurs Lane, and is between 10 feet and 28 feet above Cresson Street to the north of the viaduct.

The proposed, approximate 220,000 SF building, is arranged in three wings, one fronting on Main Street, one on Shurs Lane, and the third extending from the Main Street wing toward the railroad viaduct, parallel to 4015 Main Street. Set backs of 5' from Main Street occur at various areas of the south elevations for portions of the 5th, 6th, 7th floors, and at all floors. In the area surrounding a portion of historical facade that will remain a 5' setback also occurs at the 2nd floor above another portion of the historic facade. The 6th & 7th floors are setback approximately 30' from Shurs Lane at the amenity terrace.

The site falls within the designated Main Street Manayunk Historic District. As evidenced in this submission, the proposal is to retain significant portions of the existing walls along Main Street. The Philadelphia Historical Commission voted to allow the demolition of everything on the site due to financial hardship at its May 10, 2024, meeting and subsequently approved the proposed project at its July 12, 2024 meeting.

The primary residential entry for pedestrians and vehicles is on Main Street, located at a natural break between two sections of preserved historic façades, where the existing buildings are set back from the sidewalk. A cantilevered entry awning demarcates the primary entry and bisects a double height glass enclosed volume. A grand stair and elevator will transition residents up to the main lobby, reception, and amenity area at the second floor, above the flood elevation. Amenities at the second floor include a co-working space, a fitness center and leasing offices. At the ground floor between the historic façade and the corner at Shurs Lane, three bays of translucent divided-lite panels separated by red brick pilasters, reference the adjacent large rectangular industrial window in the historic façade and the red brick into which it is set. A second entry is recessed into the corner at Main Street and Shurs Lane. This secondary entrance is provided for convenience to the residents living in the western end of the building. Elevator and stair cores are located at the intersection of the building wings running perpendicular to the Main Street wing. The two lobbies are situated to provide access to each core.

New, historically accurate, windows and doors will be installed in restored original openings in the existing walls to remain. The bulk of these are currently infilled with a variety of materials that include glass block, stucco, corrugated metal, mechanical louvers, or a combination thereof. Located behind these windows at the first floor is the parking, which should not be visible due to the sill heights above the sidewalk. At the second floor, the historic window replacements to the west of the entry will open to the two-story volume of the fitness center, avoiding a visual conflict with the third floor structure. The second-floor window in the gable to the east of the entry will be spandrel glass due to the elevation of the window

relative to the second-floor structure.

The historic facades are separated from the building above by a continuous fivefoot-deep recess of dwelling unit terraces and a limited band of dark corrugated metal. The new walls above are set at the rear of the approximately 12" thick existing masonry walls for further distinction of the latter. The masonry façade along Main Street and turning the corners at Shurs Lane and adjacent to the Starfinder Foundation, is composed of a series of regular brick modules separated by narrow slots of recessed corrugated metal siding and punctuated by large trios of windows at living spaces and single rectangular punched windows at bedrooms. The brick massing at the street frontage is carved away above the one-story and two-story gabled historic facades and at the upper levels. It is set back 5'-0" and clad in dark corrugated metal, providing a backdrop to the historic facades and new masonry mass at the street frontage. The east end of the building hovers above another section of the historic façade, separated by storefront windows of the lobby and co-working space. The vehicular entry to the parking garage is integrated into the architectural language of the main entry lobby. It is recessed from the building façade below the same awning that provides cover and demarcates the lobby entry. The fenestration and materials of the pair of aluminum and glass overhead doors matches the adjacent storefront of the lobby.

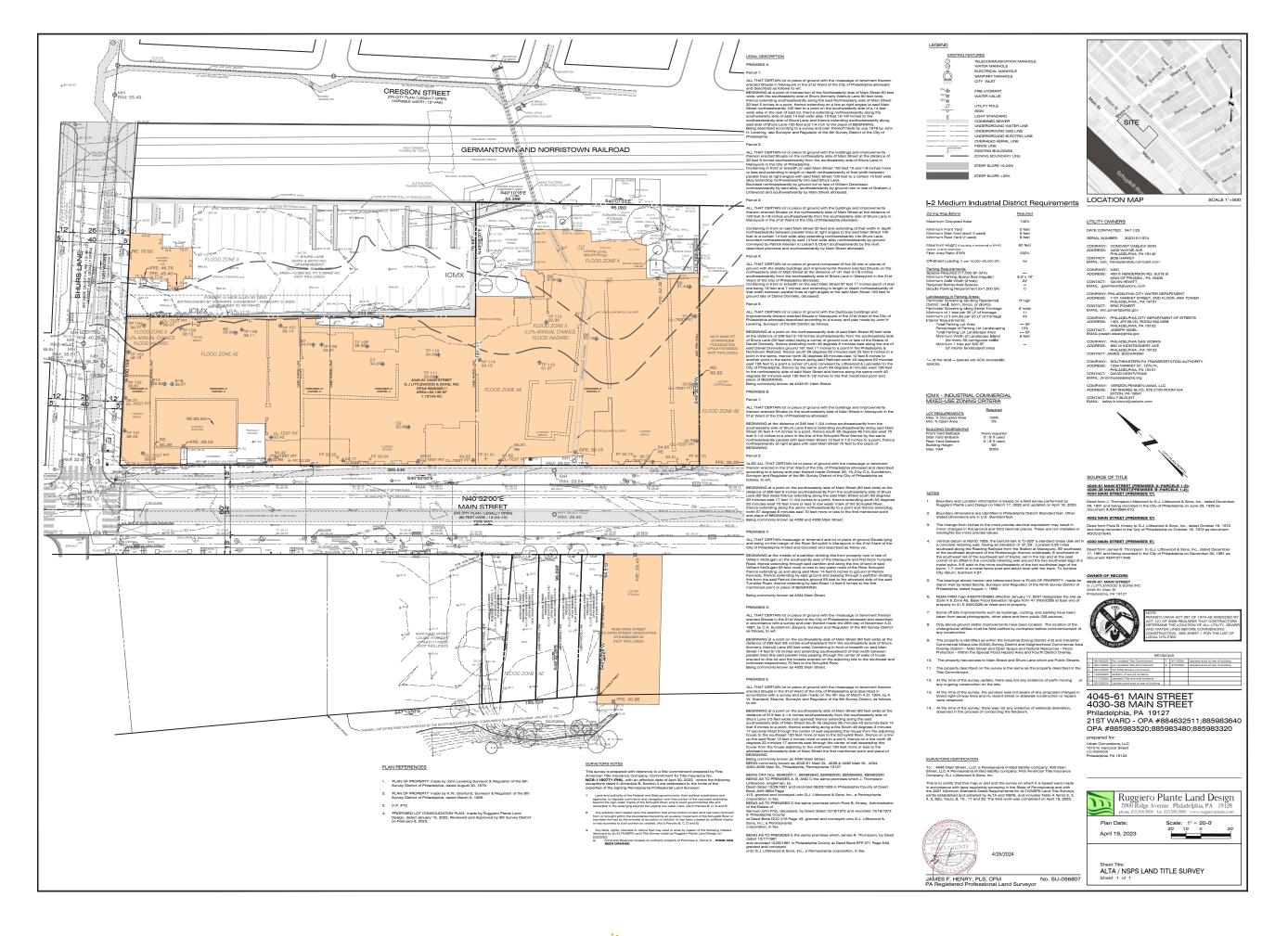
MATERIALS

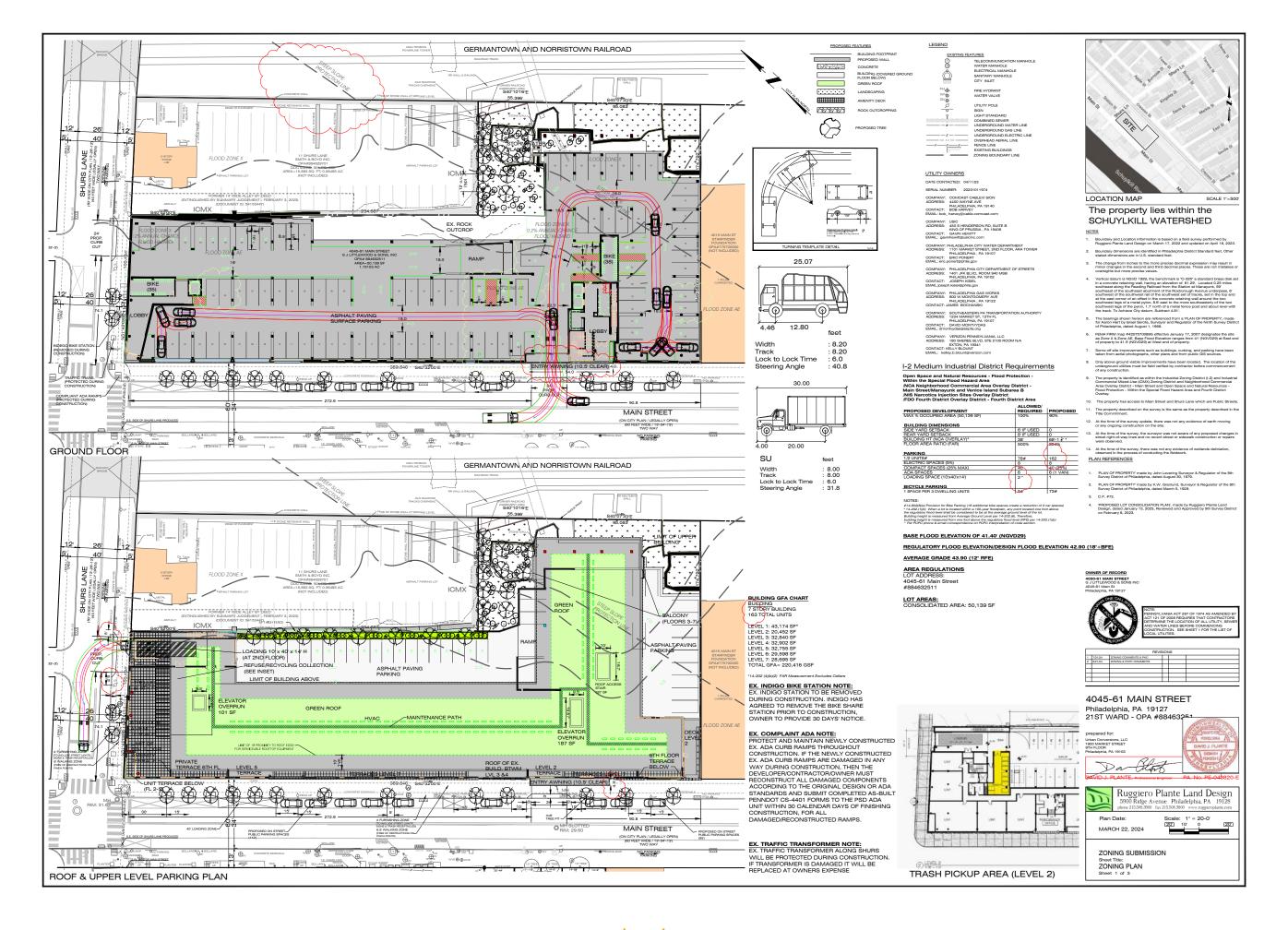
In addition to the existing historic fabric, new materials include a light buff variegated brick, a red variegated brick to match the existing preserved facades, dark-colored vertical corrugated metal siding, aluminum and glass storefront, metal clad windows, and a red-orange accent color believed to be the original color for the historic window replacements and accent trim in the rear façade. The light buff brick references the color and texture of the stone in the preserved facades, while the corrugated metal references the industrial nature and past of the area.

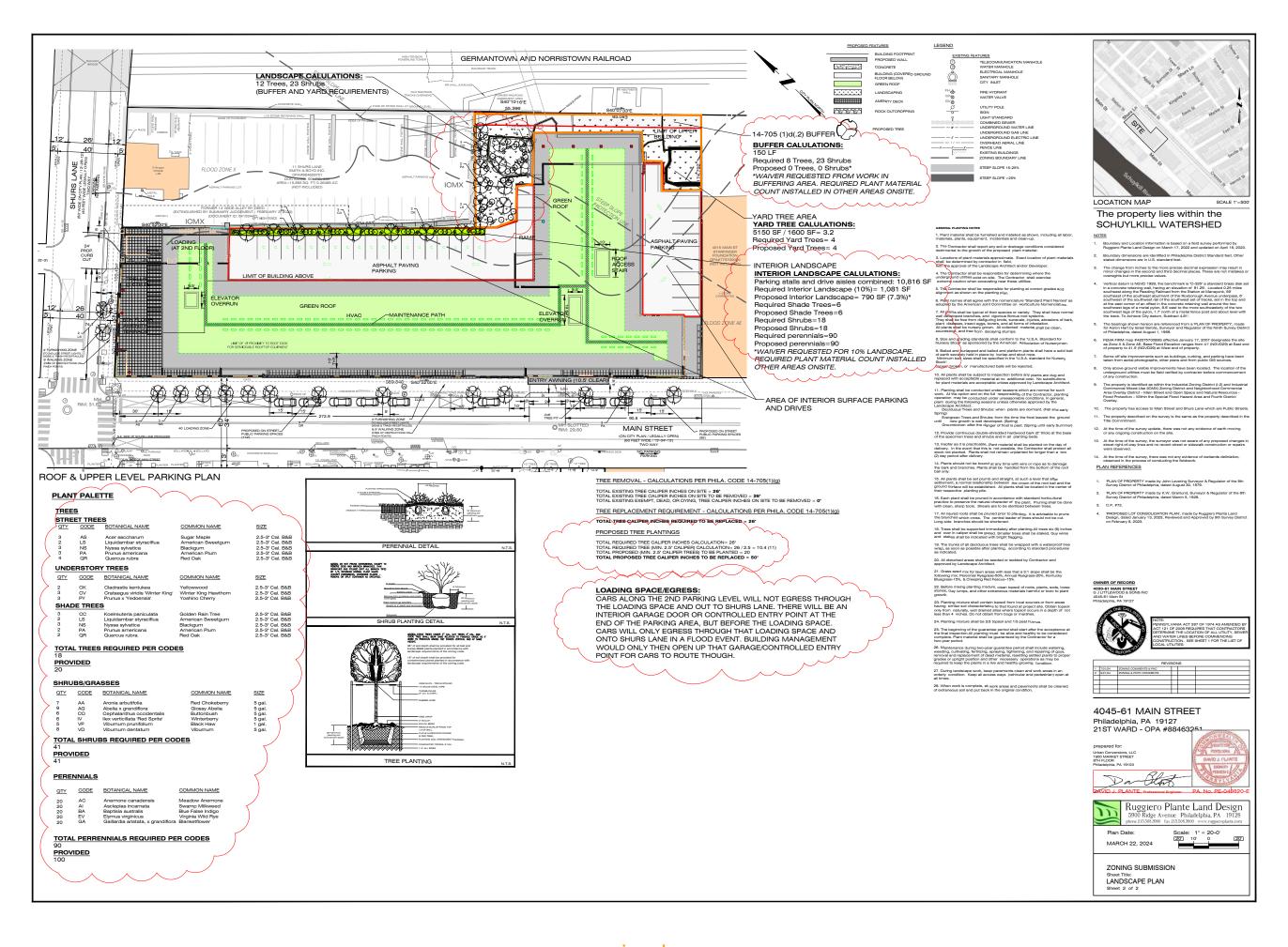
To maintain durability at street level, the building base is comprised of the existing historic stone and brick façade, new brick base and piers, and storefront at the lobbies. Brick is also used extensively above to reference mills of the past. The scale of the single punched opening windows relates to windows in the historic facades below, while the larger grouped windows reference a more contemporary industrial loft feel, like the contemporary take on an industrial aesthetic seen at the nearby Locks Townhomes on Venice Island. A rhythm is created in the façade by alternating vertical sections of masonry and metal, or simply by recessing the brick at the spandrels between windows. The balconies at Main Street and Shurs Lane open the corner of the building, make a transition around the corner, and will become a beacon of light from within at night. This language continues up Shurs Lane until the façade wraps around to the north side, where cladding becomes entirely metal on the facades that do not face the streets. The color of the historic windows will be repeated in limited areas of the metal siding on these facades.

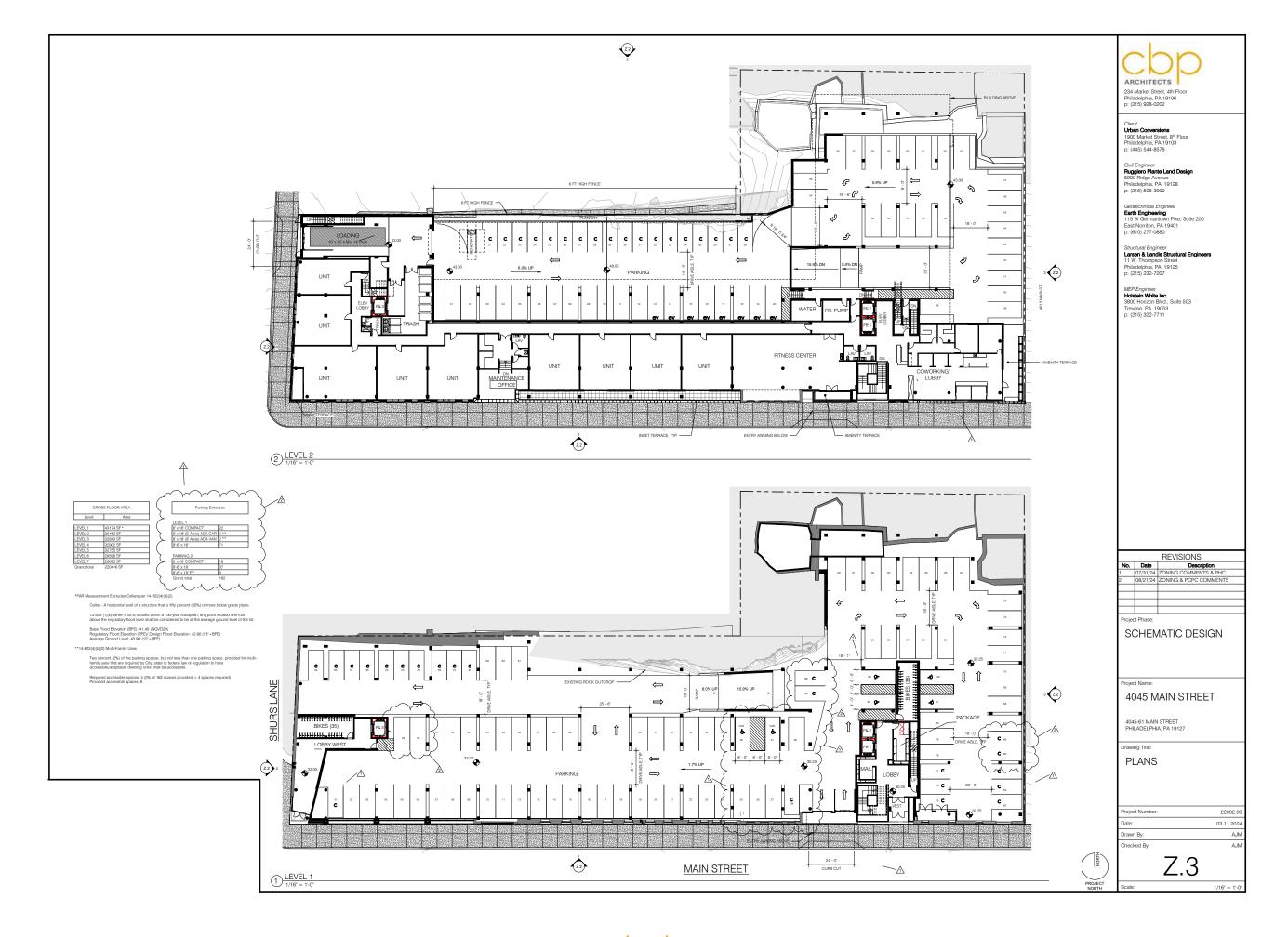
SUSTAINABILITY

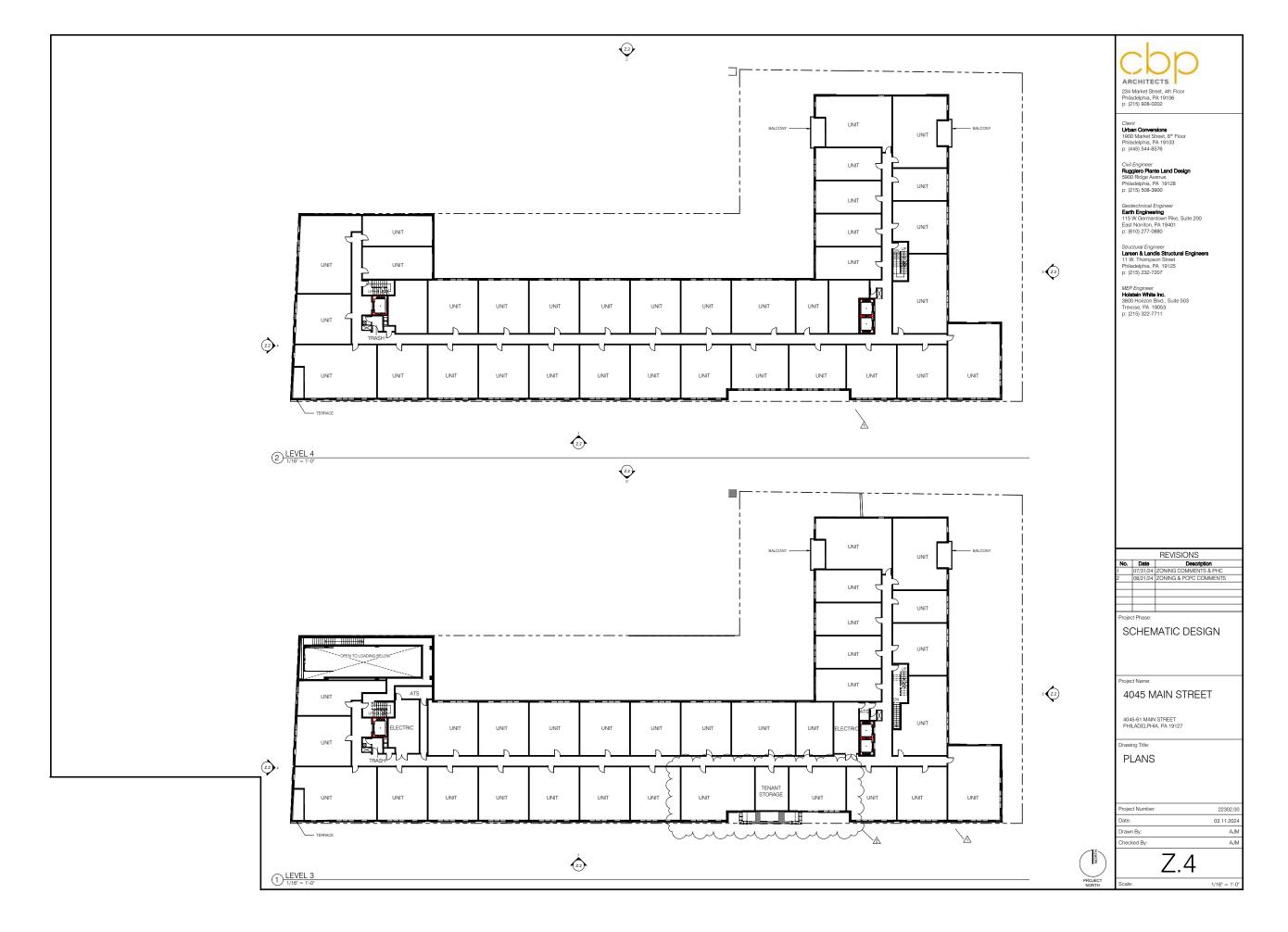
The proposed project is sustainable in large part due to its reuse of a previously developed site in an established urban context, located in close proximity to multiple modes of public transit, an established bicycle route network, the Schuylkill River Trail, and increasing necessary services. Parking is primarily enclosed or under cover of the building above which includes a green roof. Dedicated spaces are reserved for electric and alternative fuel vehicles. The open space on the site is significantly landscaped and will be planted with species requiring no irrigation once established. In addition to meeting the current energy code requirements and incorporating energy recovery units in the HVAC system, the project is pursuing energy star certification.

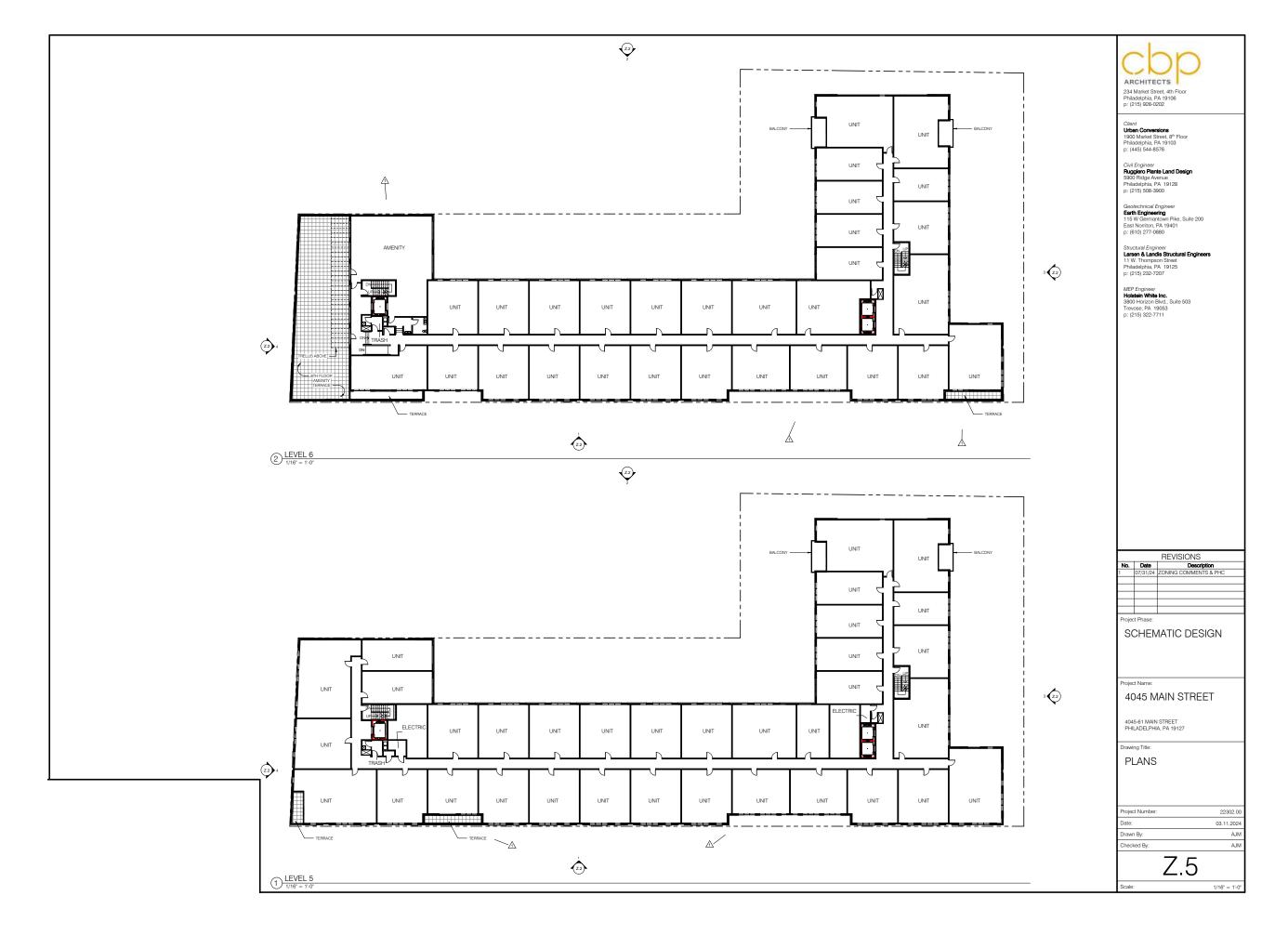


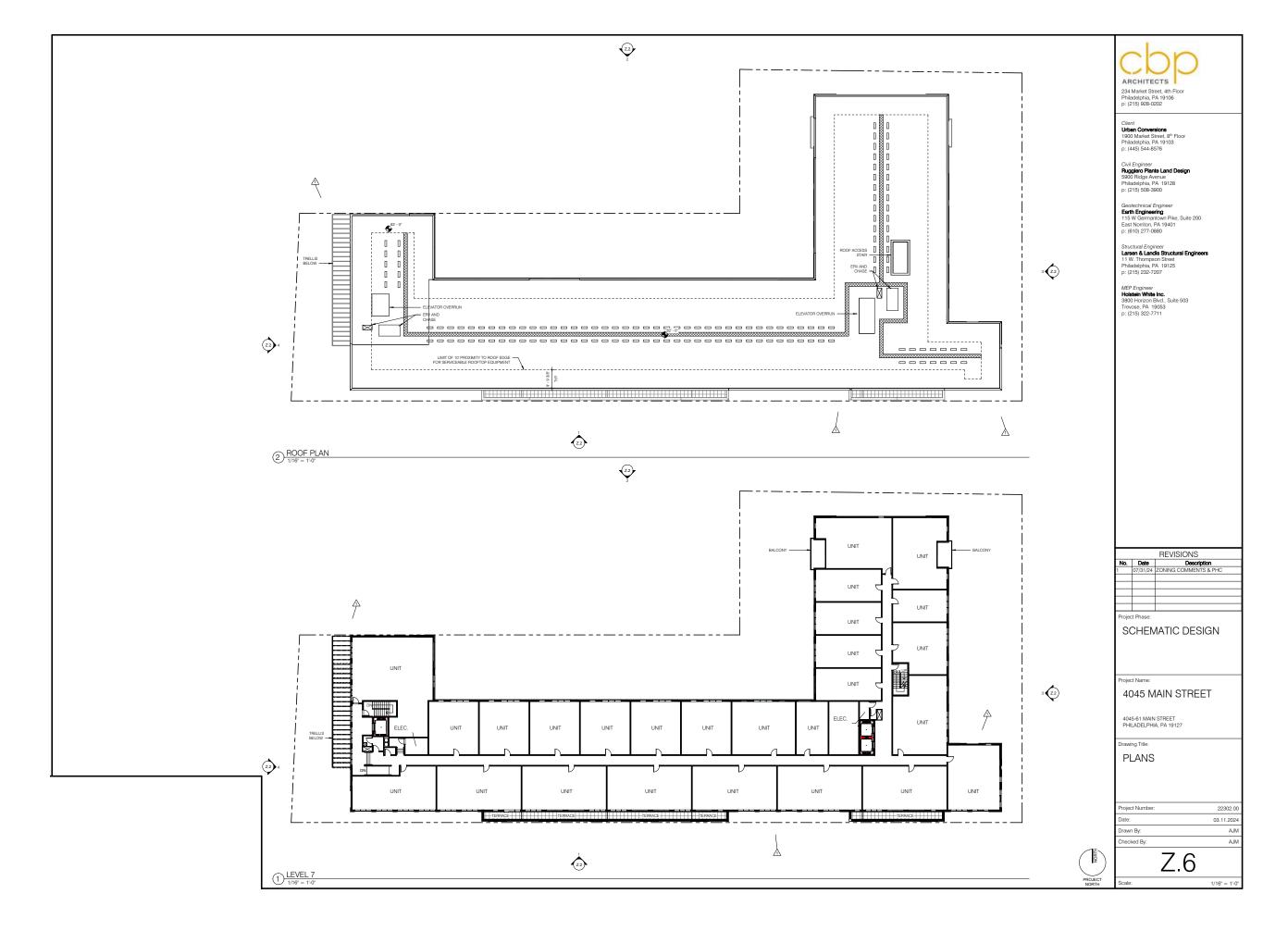


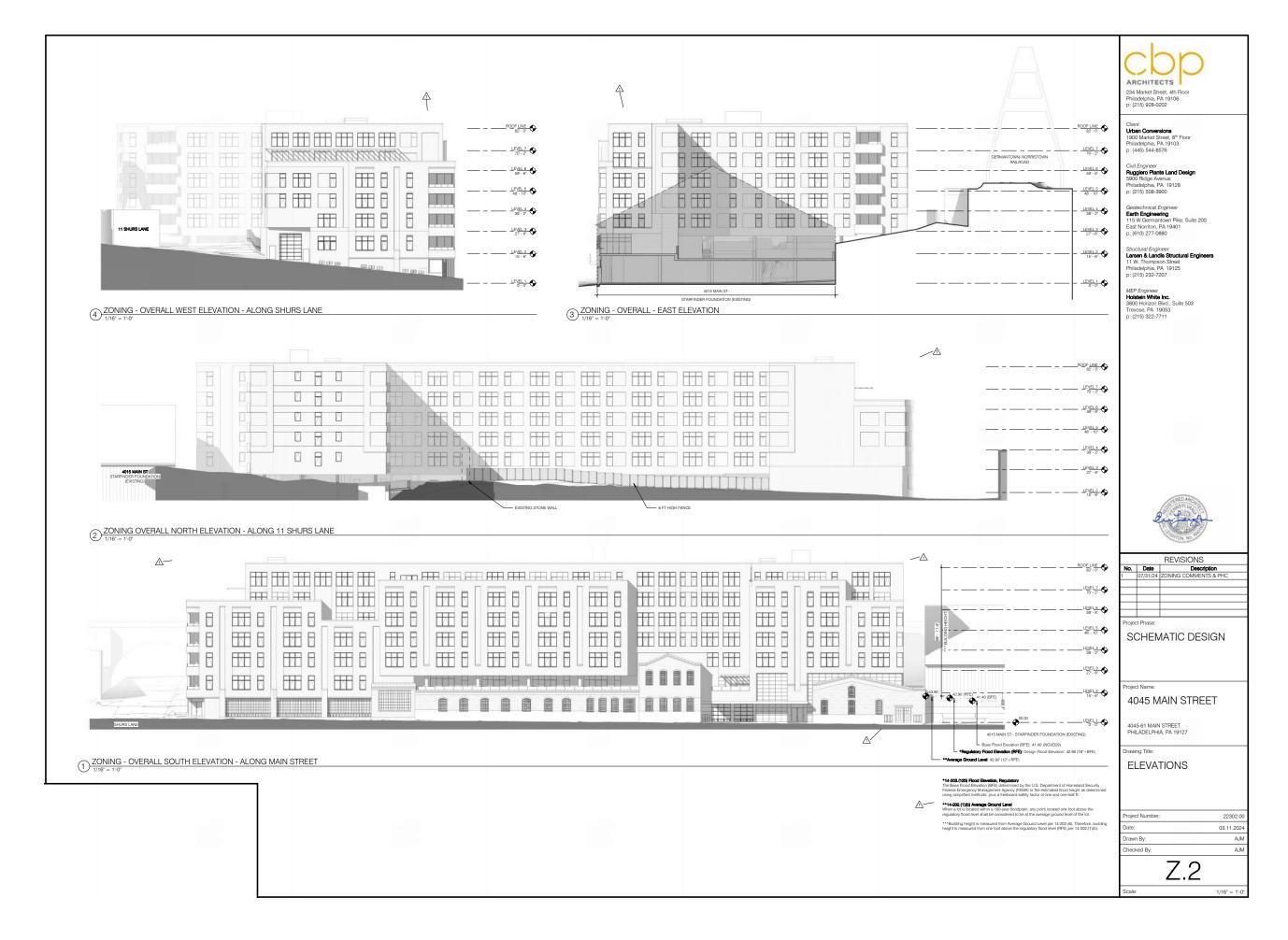














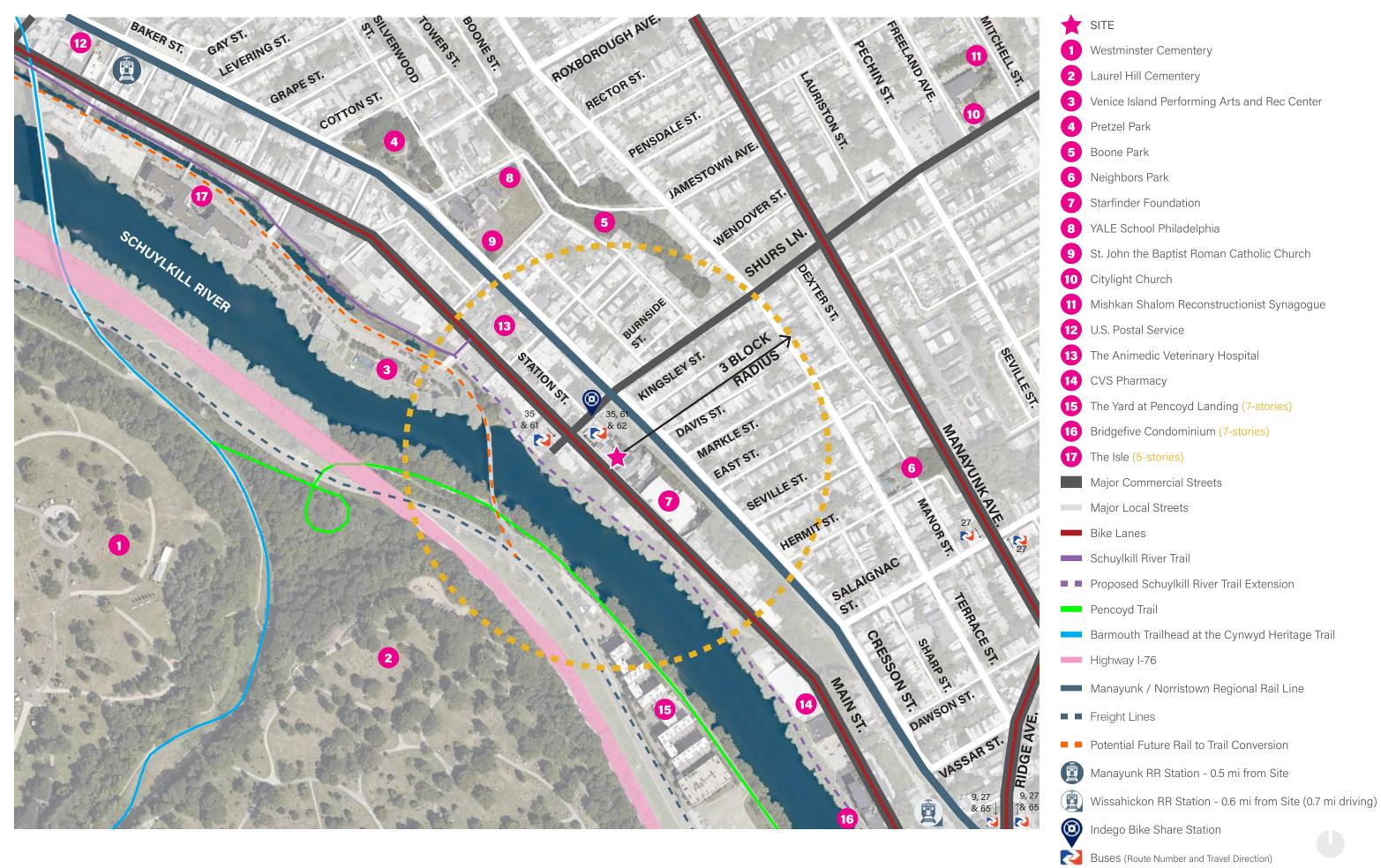
View looking East on Main Street & South on Shurs Lane



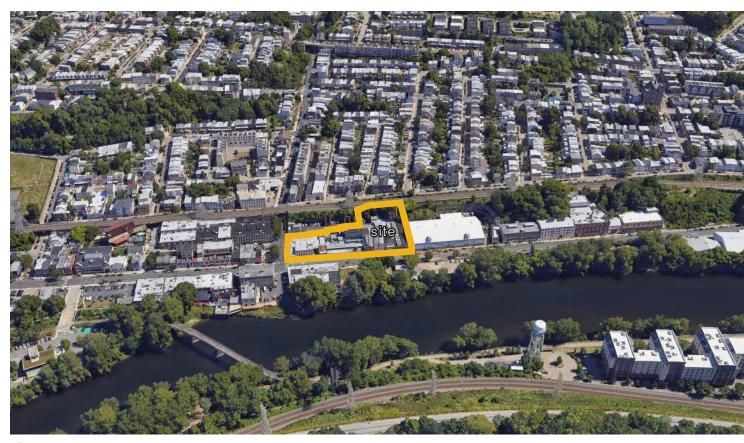
residential single-family attached-5

RSA-5

SP-PO-A recreation







1 Northwest Aerial Perspective



3 Southwest Aerial Perspective



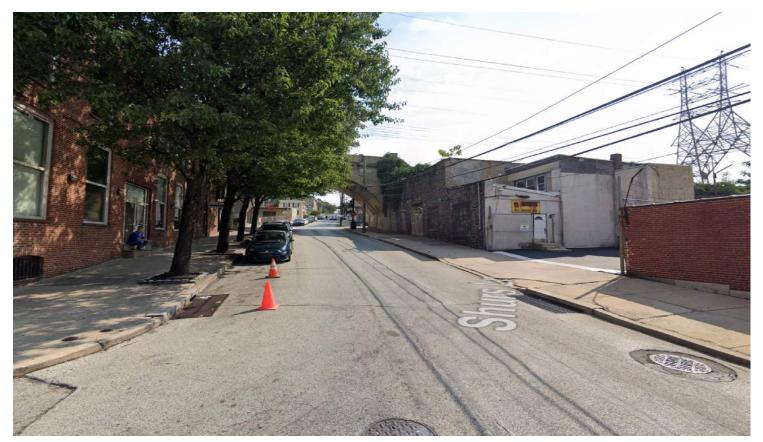
2 Northeast Aerial Perspective



4 Southeast Aerial Perspective



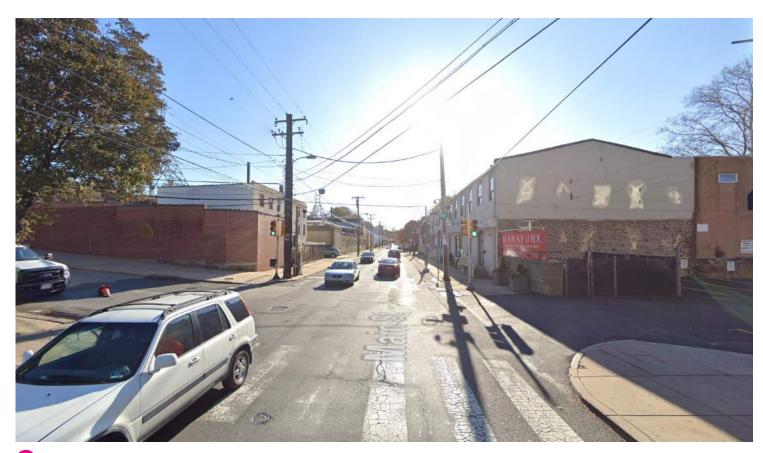
1 View of Site from Shurs Lane looking North



3 View of Site from Shurs Lane & Station Street looking North



2 View of Site from Shurs Lane looking South



4 View of Site from Main Street looking East



5 View of Site from Main Street looking East



7 View of Site from Main street looking West

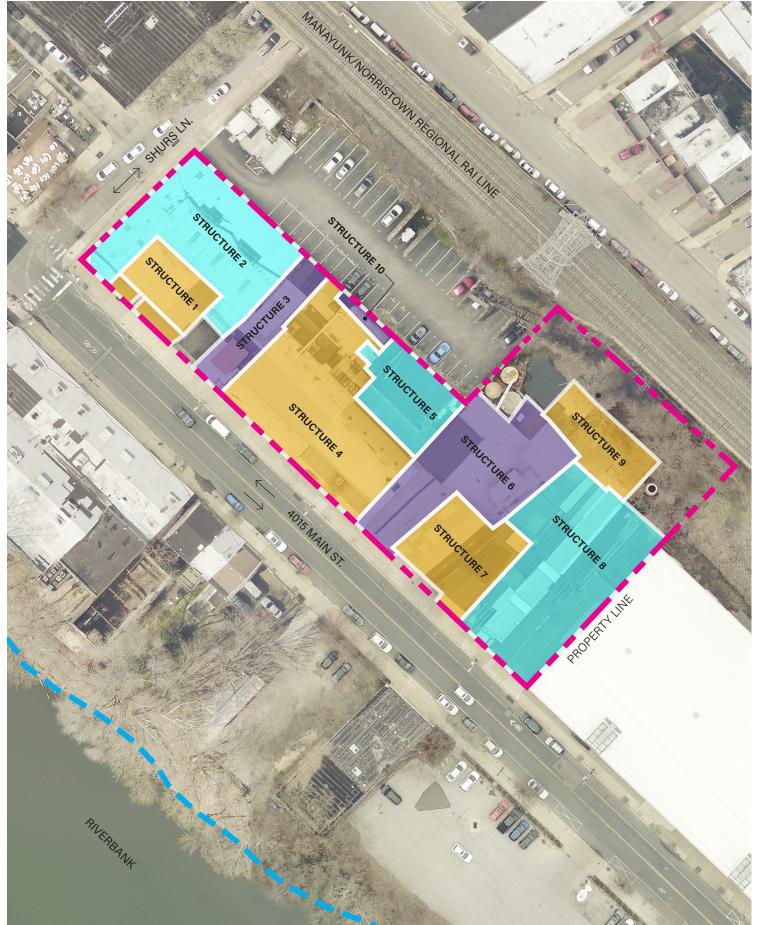


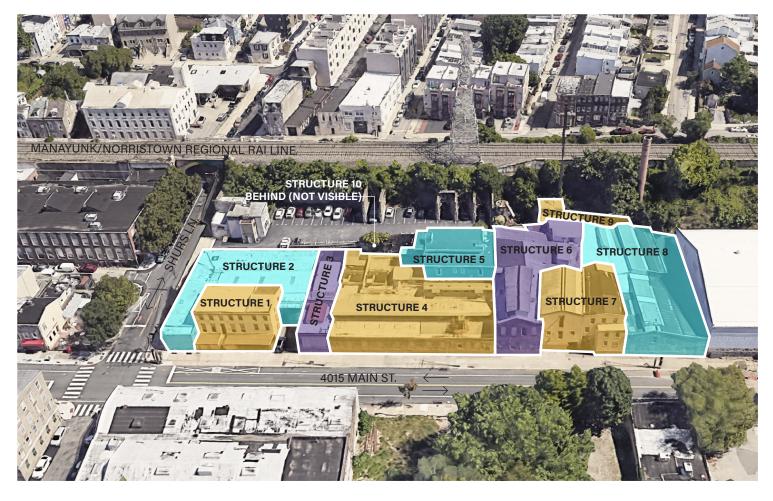
6 View of Site from Main Street looking East



8 View of Site from Main street looking West

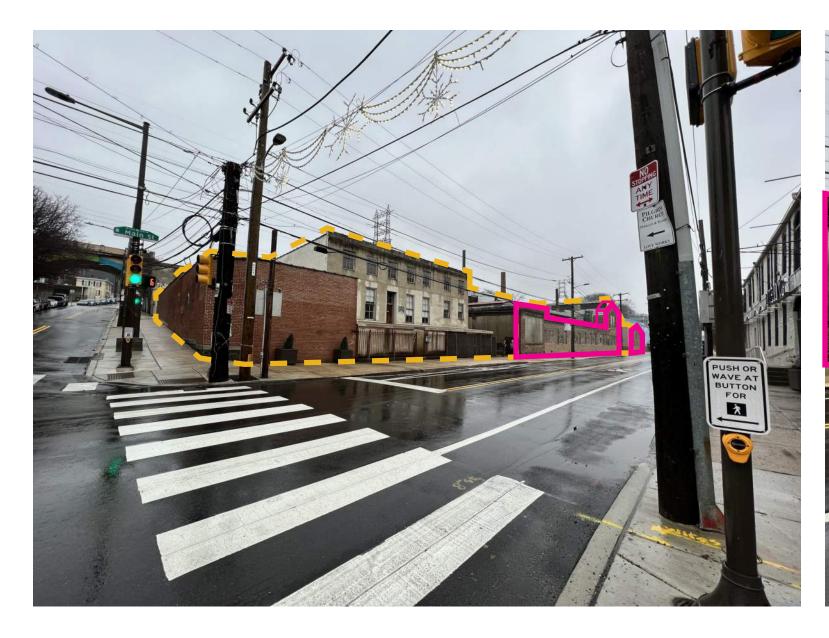






AERIAL VIEW





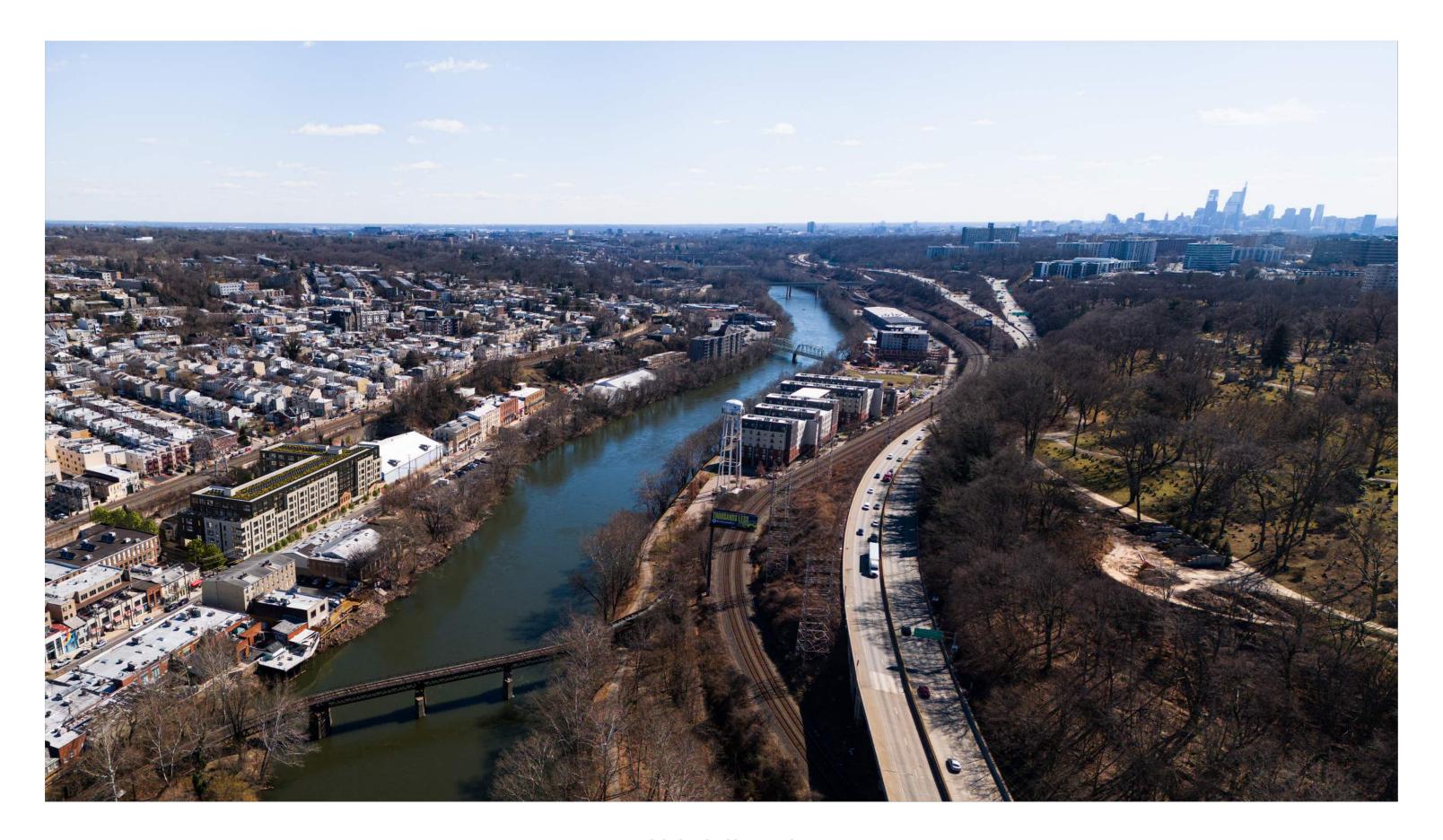












Aerial View looking Southeast



Apex Manayunk 4601 E Flat Rock Road, Philadelphia 6 Stories - 128 Units







The Locks Riverside Way (1 Leverington Avenue), Philadelphia 5 Stories - 63 Townhomes

Venice Island 4436-44 Main Street, Philadelphia 5 Stories - 213 Units





The Isle 1 Cotton Street, Philadelphia 5 Stories - 156 Units

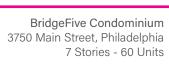


The Yard at Pencoyd Landing 600 Righters Ferry Road, Bala Cynwyd 7 Stories - 593 Units

3811 Main Street (Under Construction) 6 Stories - 36 Units 5 Commercial Spaces

4045 Main Street, Philadelphia 7 Stories - 163 Units









Residence Inn by Marriott 615 Righters Ferry Road, Bala Cynwyd 7 Stories - 124 Suites

Philadelphia Gas Works 1

6 Inquirer Mills

Dexter Mill 2

7 Joseph Ripka's Mills

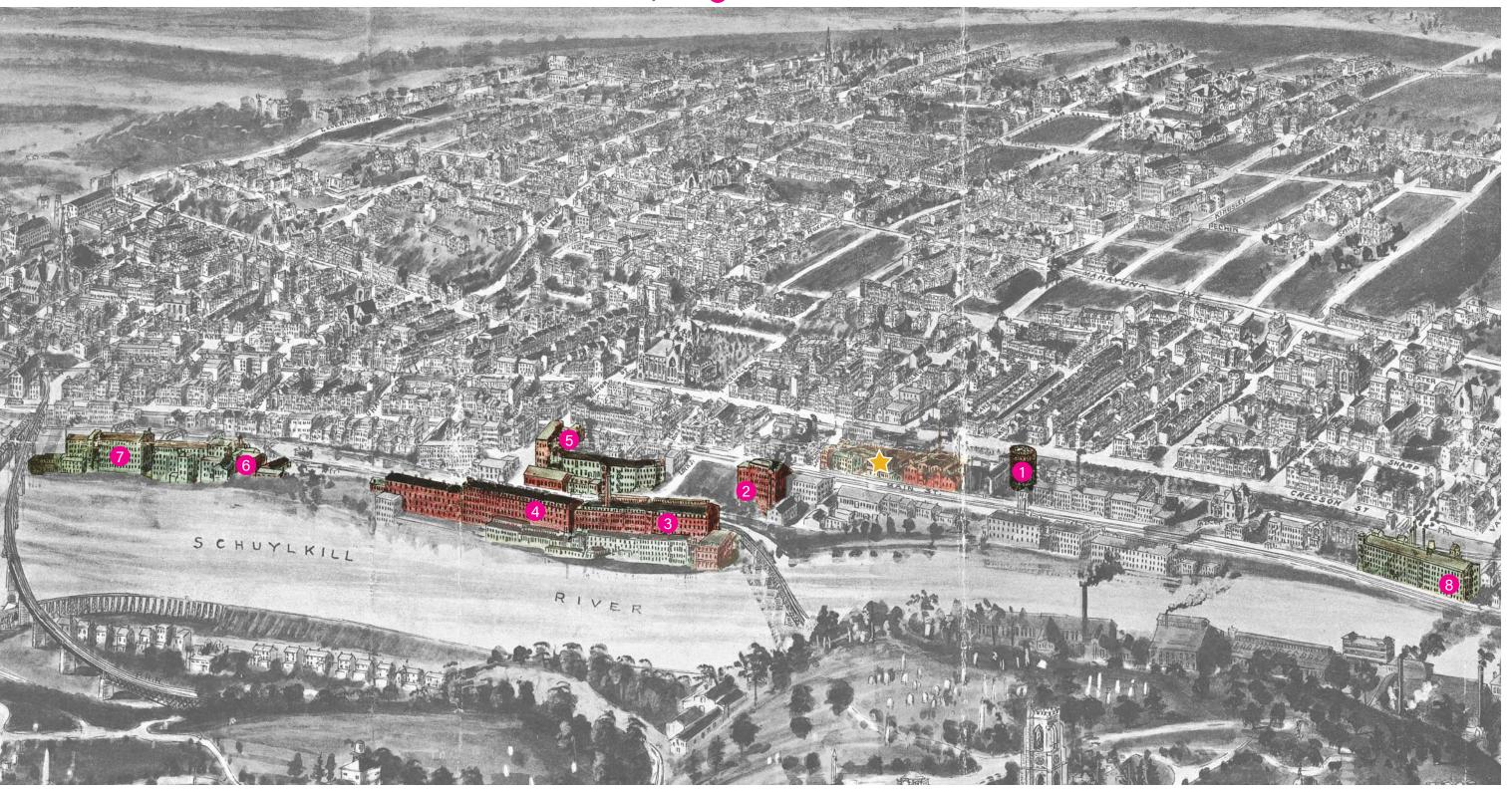
Economy Mills 3

8 Progress Mills

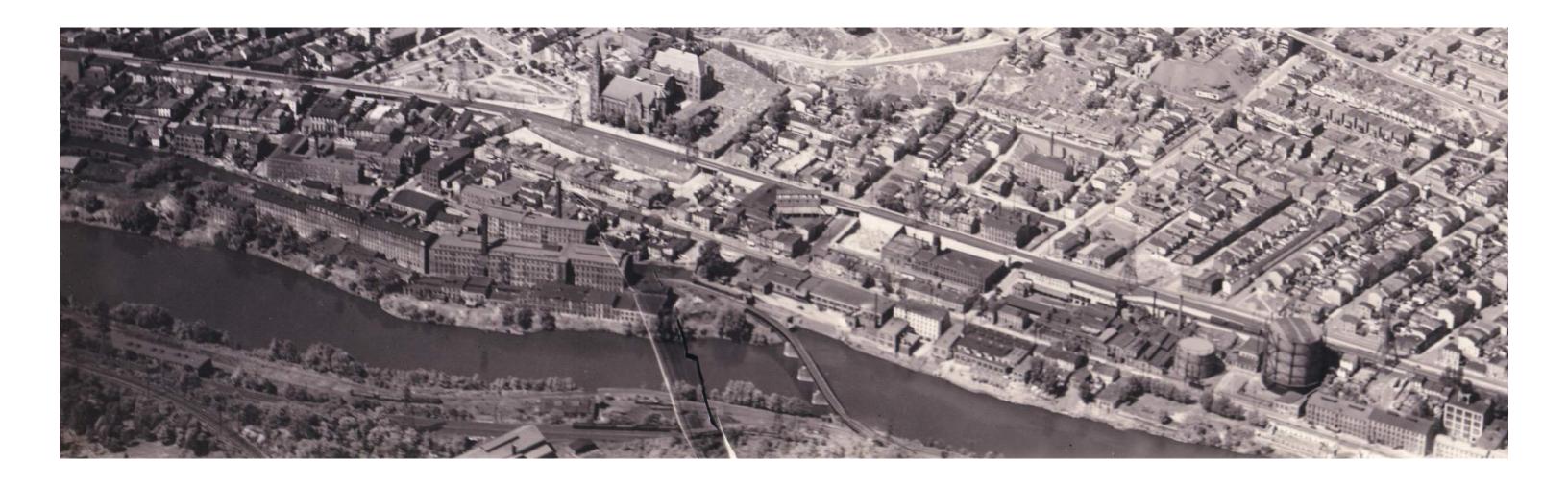
Schuylkill Mills 4

★ Site

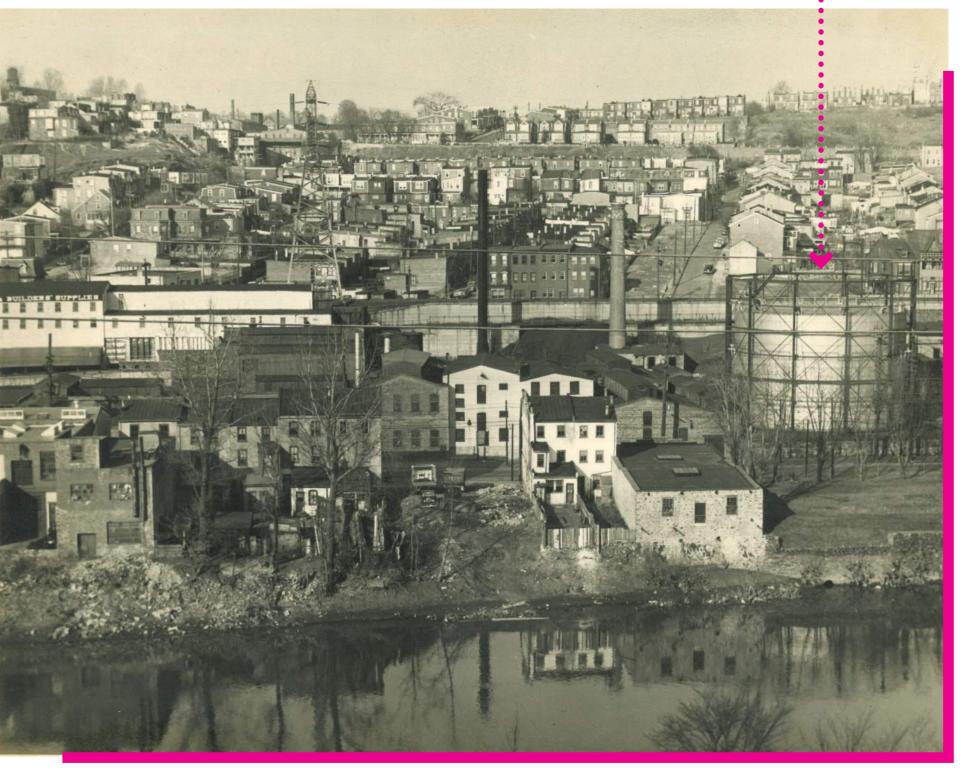
Blantyre Mills 5

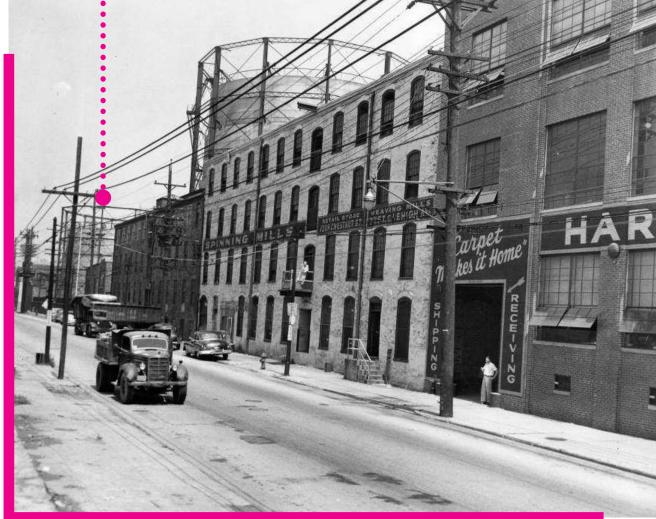


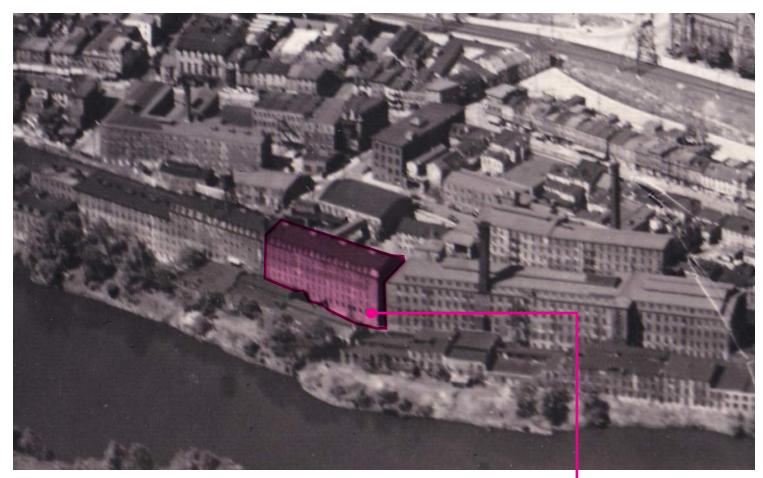






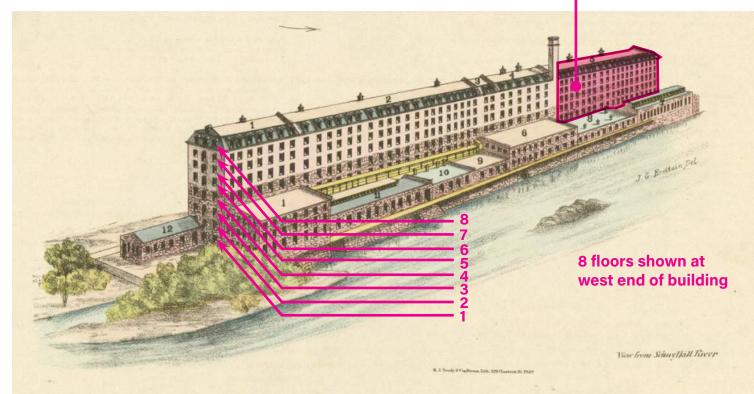






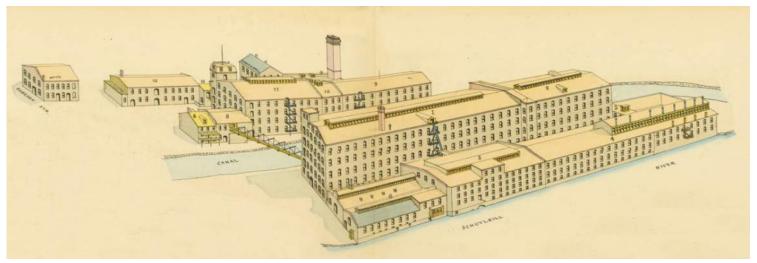


both depict 6 floors visible at east end of building 1873 Atlas

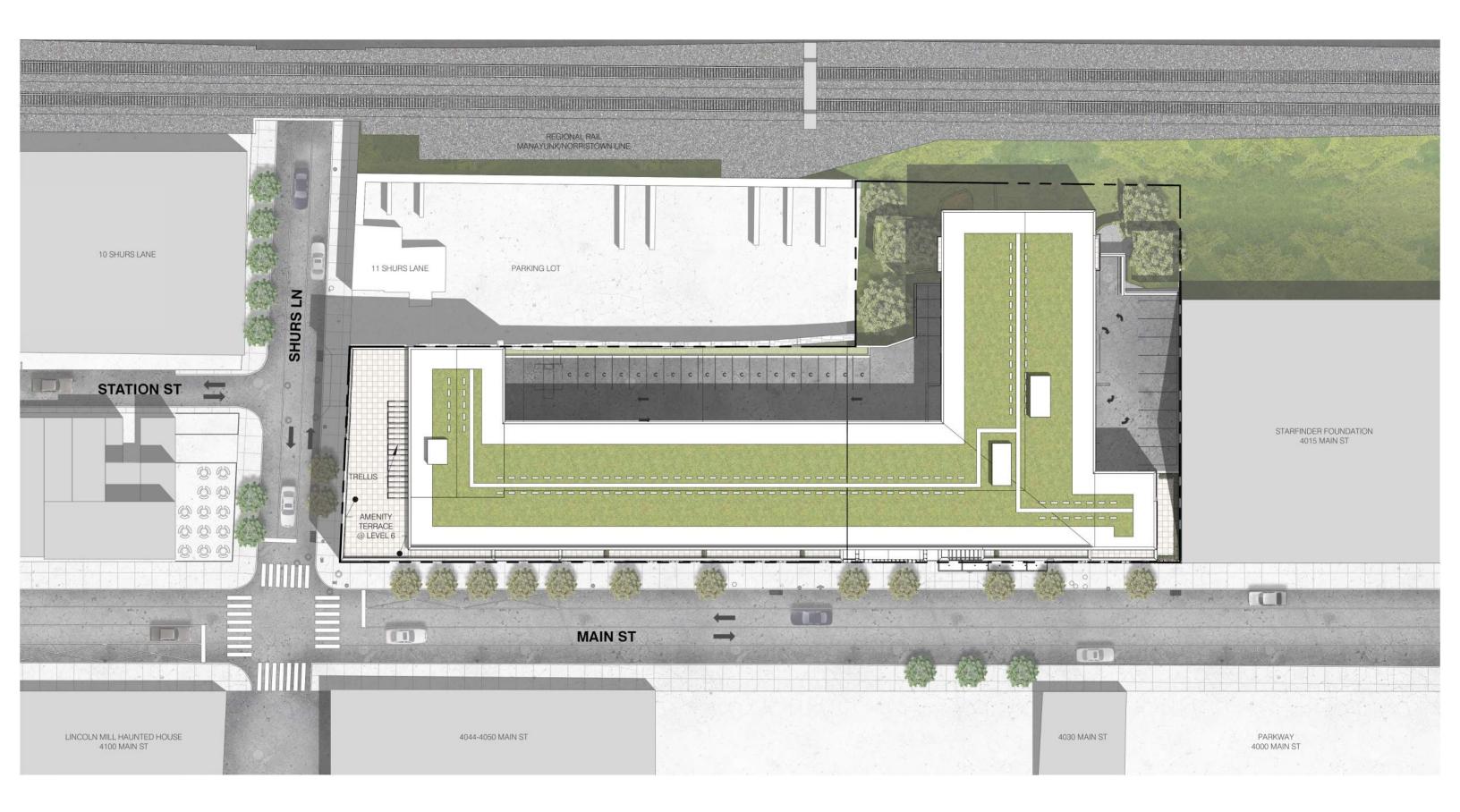








ECONOMY MILLS & SCHUYLKILL MILLS (VENICE ISLAND)





View looking East on Main Street & South on Shurs Lane



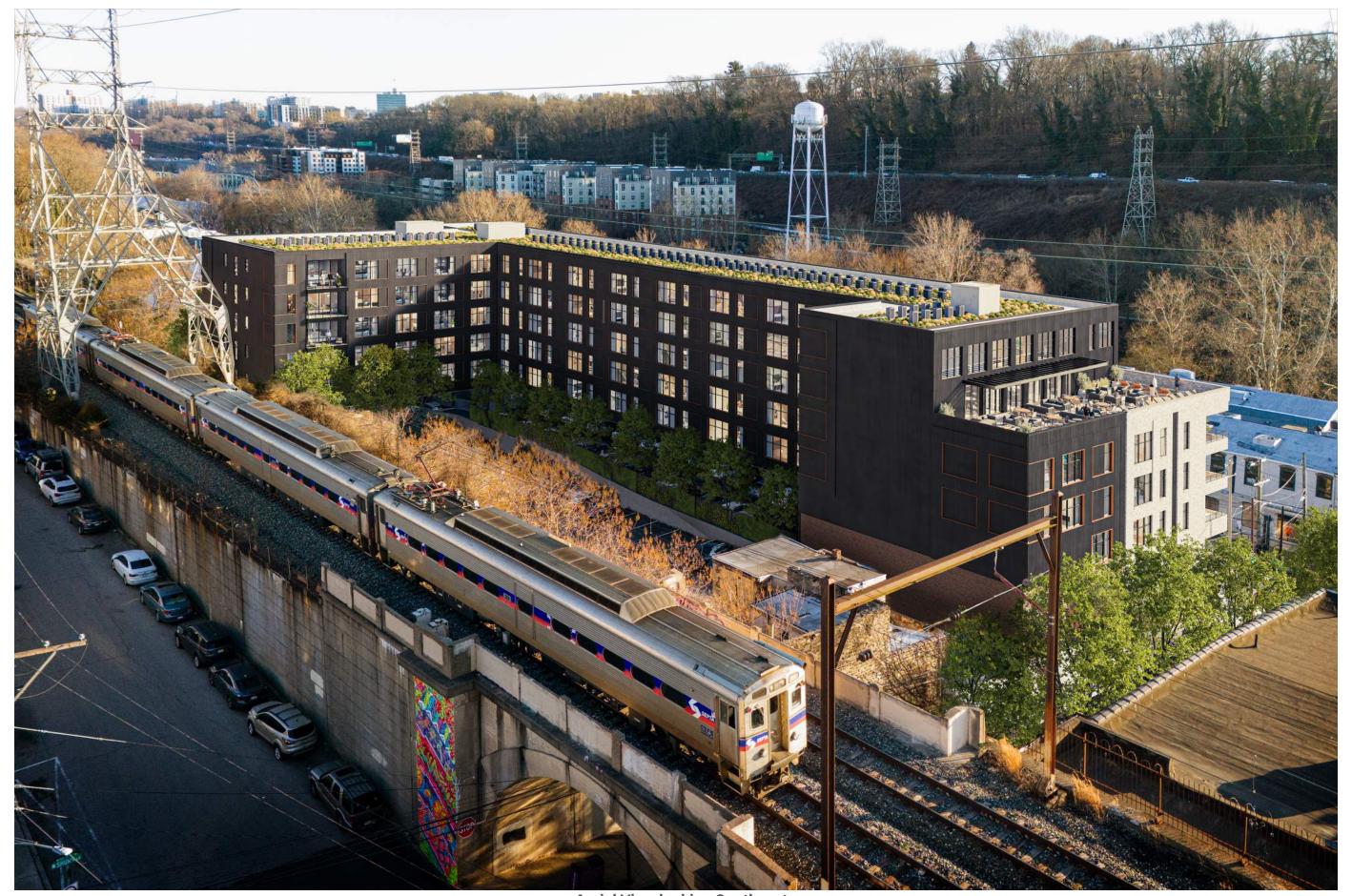
View looking Northwest on Main Street



Residential Entry Perspective



Aerial View looking Northeast



Aerial View looking Southeast

perspectives



View looking East on Main Street



Paperback Maple
ACER GRISEUM



Sargent Cherry PRUNUS SARGENTII



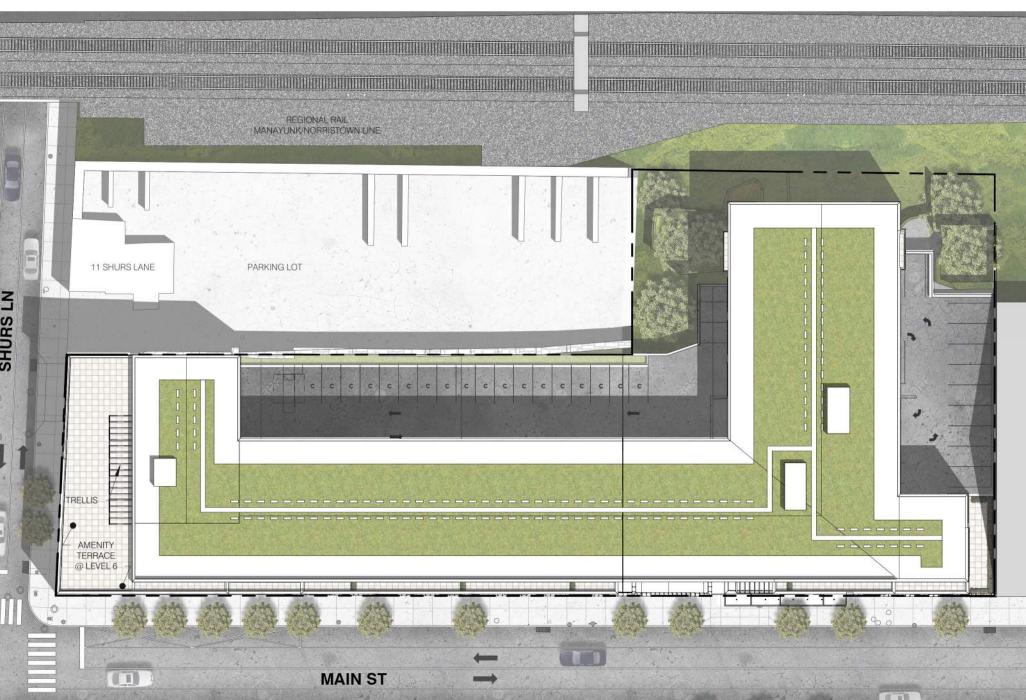
North Star White Spruce PICEA GLAUCA



American Sweetgum LIQUIDAMBAR STYRACIFLUA



Lily Turf LIRIOPE MUSCARI





Glossy Abelia ABELIA X GRANDIFLORA



Winterberry ILEX VERTICILLATA 'RED SPRITE'



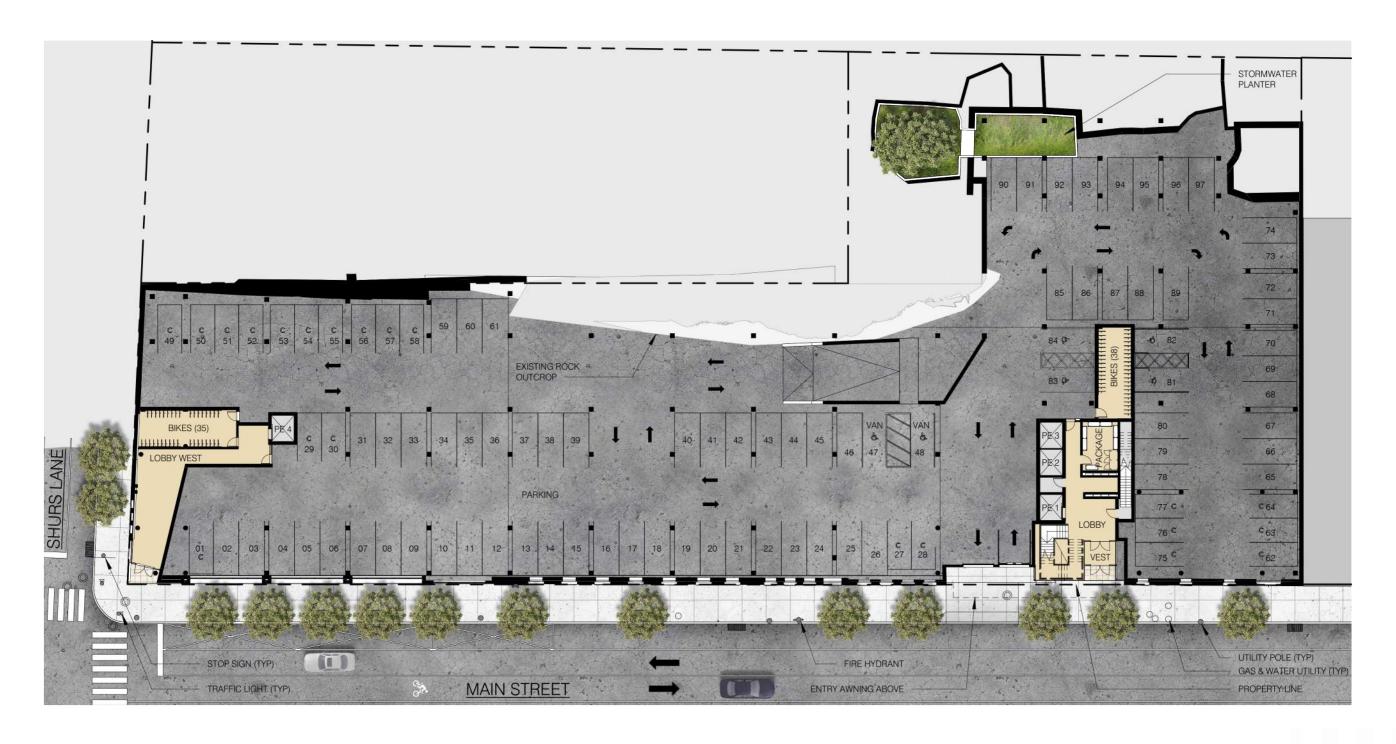
Viburnum VIBURNUM DENTATUM



Dwarf Fothergilla FOTHERGILLA GARDENII



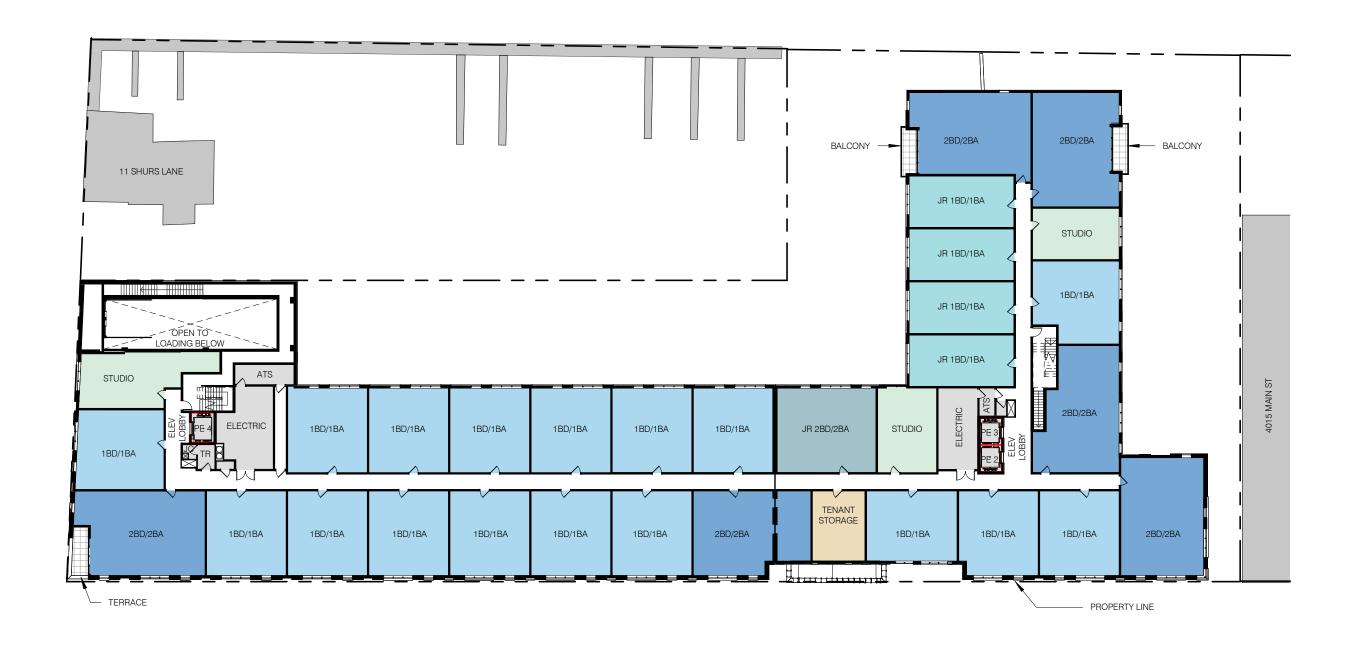
Dwarf Fountain Grass
PENNISETUM ALOPECUROIDES 'HAMELN'





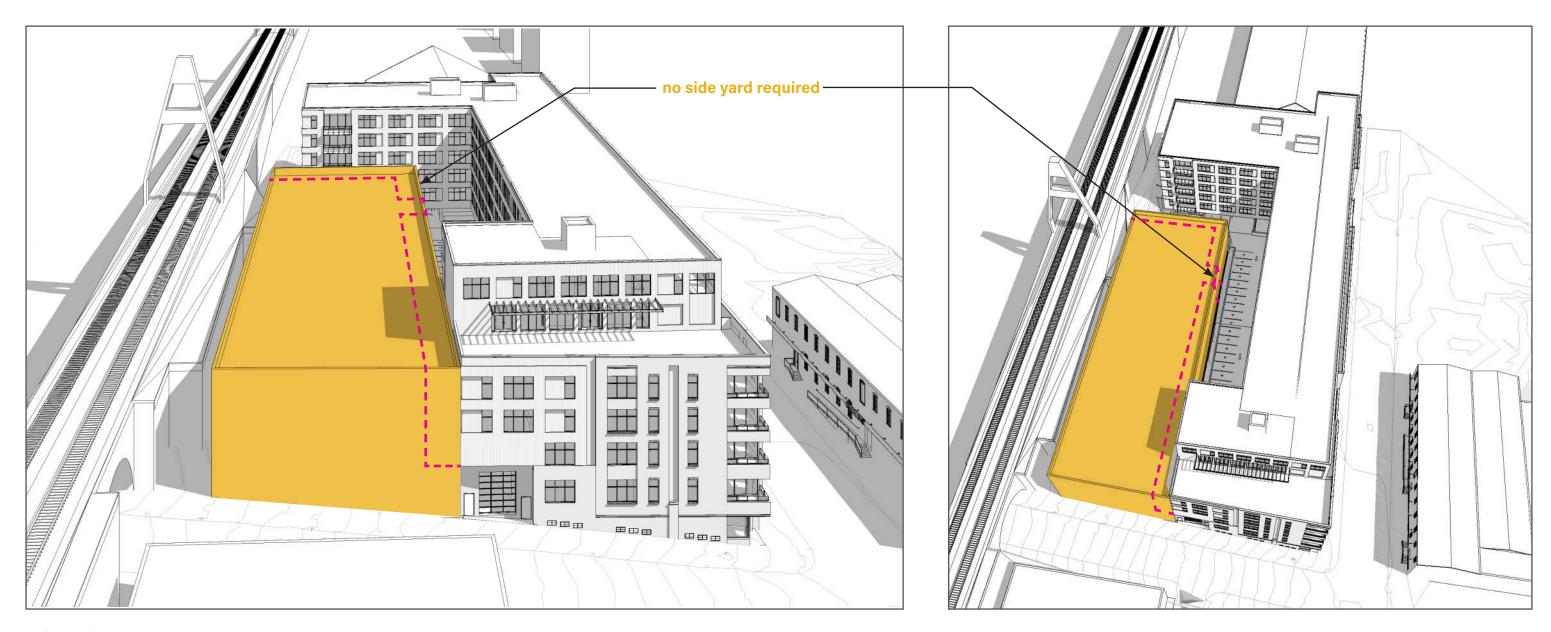


FLOOR 2 parking, loading, amenity, residential 0 8' 16'





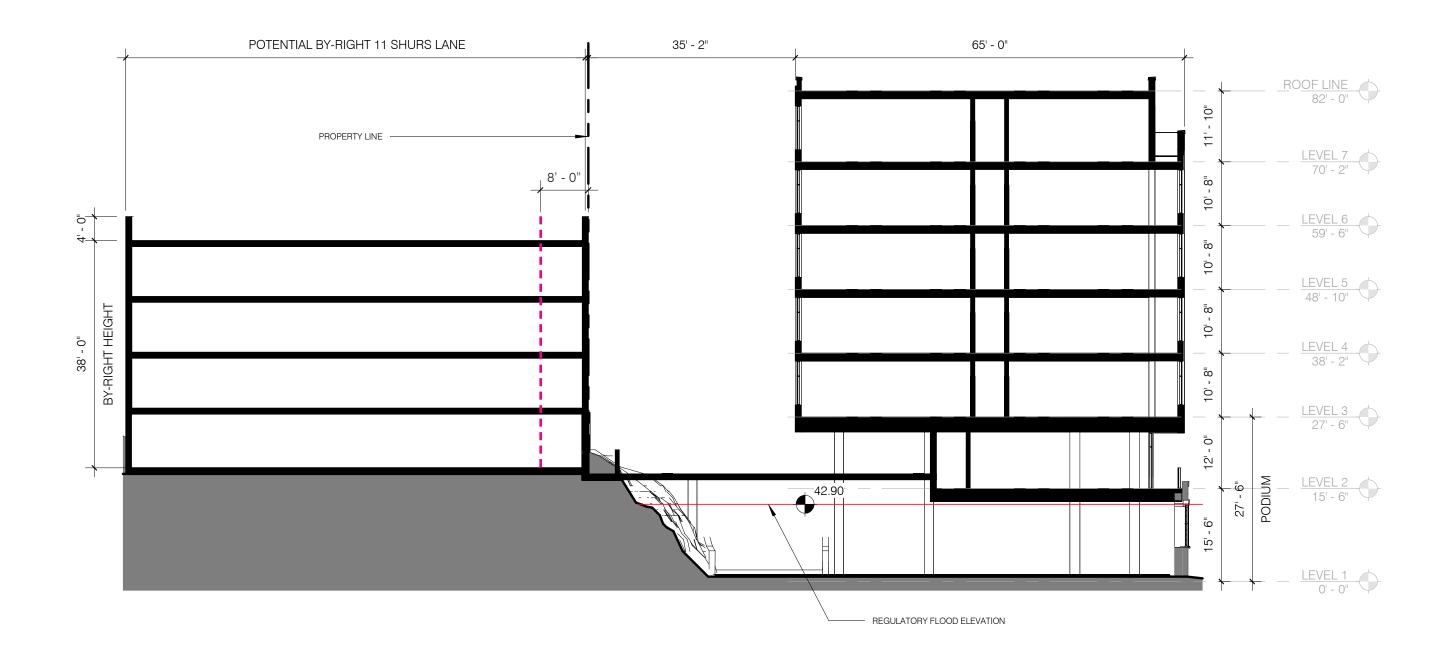
FLOOR 3 amenity, residential 0 8' 16' 32'

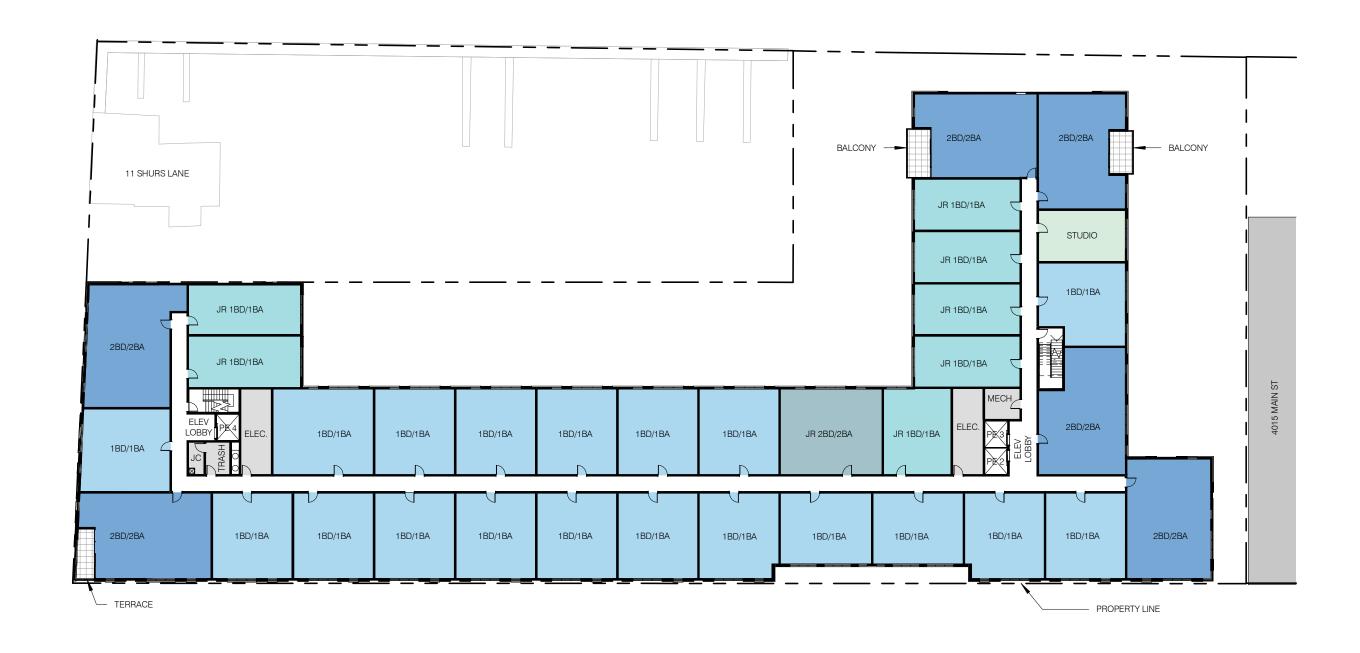


11 SHURS LANE

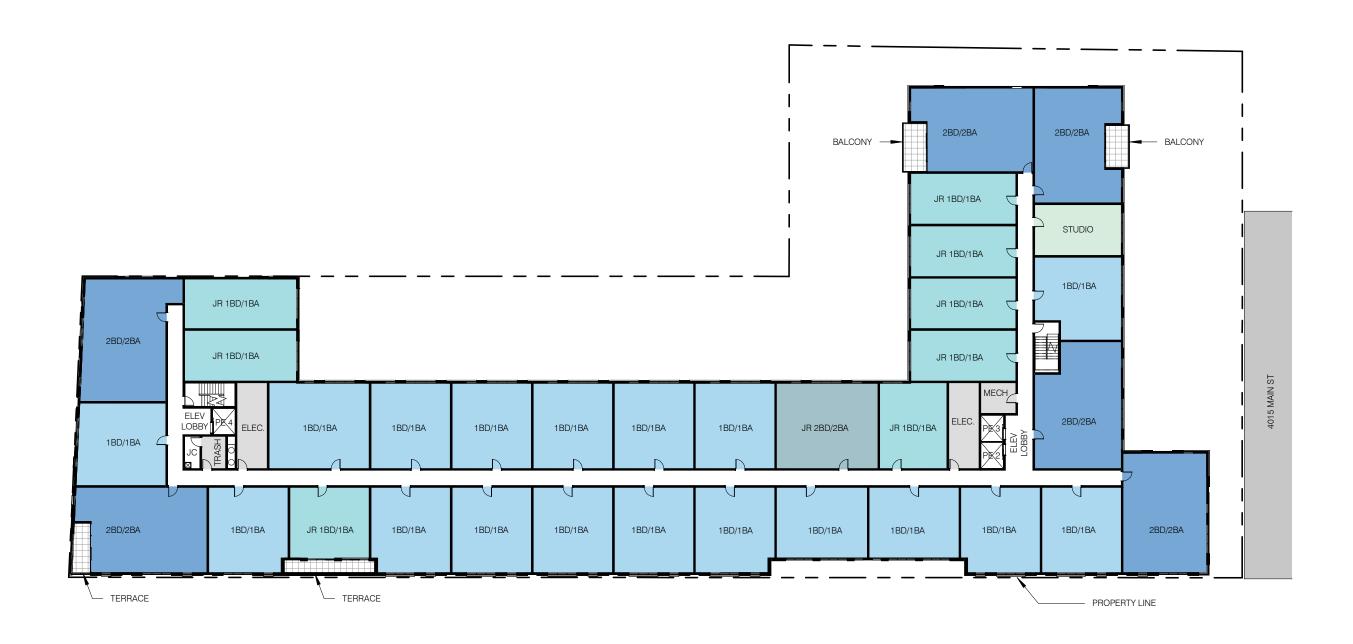
- ICMX
- Max occupied area (% of lot) 100%
- Max FAR 500% (4 stories/ 400% shown)
- Max Height 38ft above average ground level
- No front, side or rear yards required

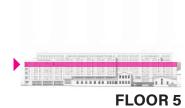
-- PROPOSED SETBACK

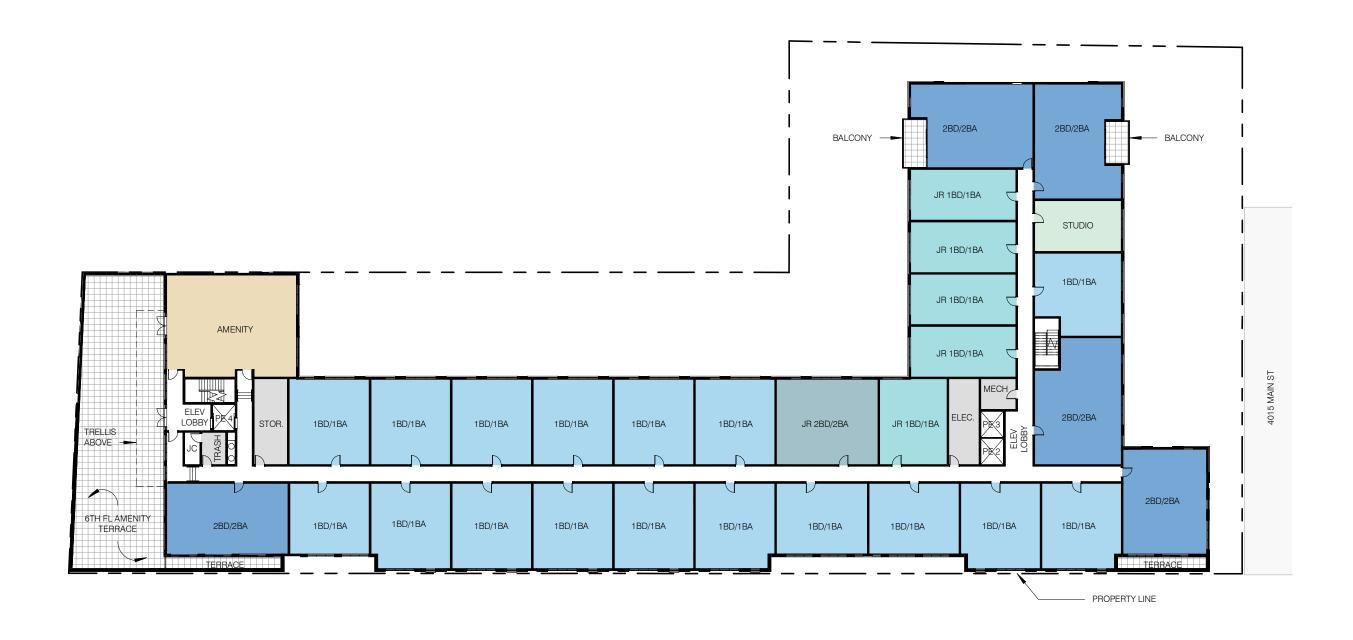




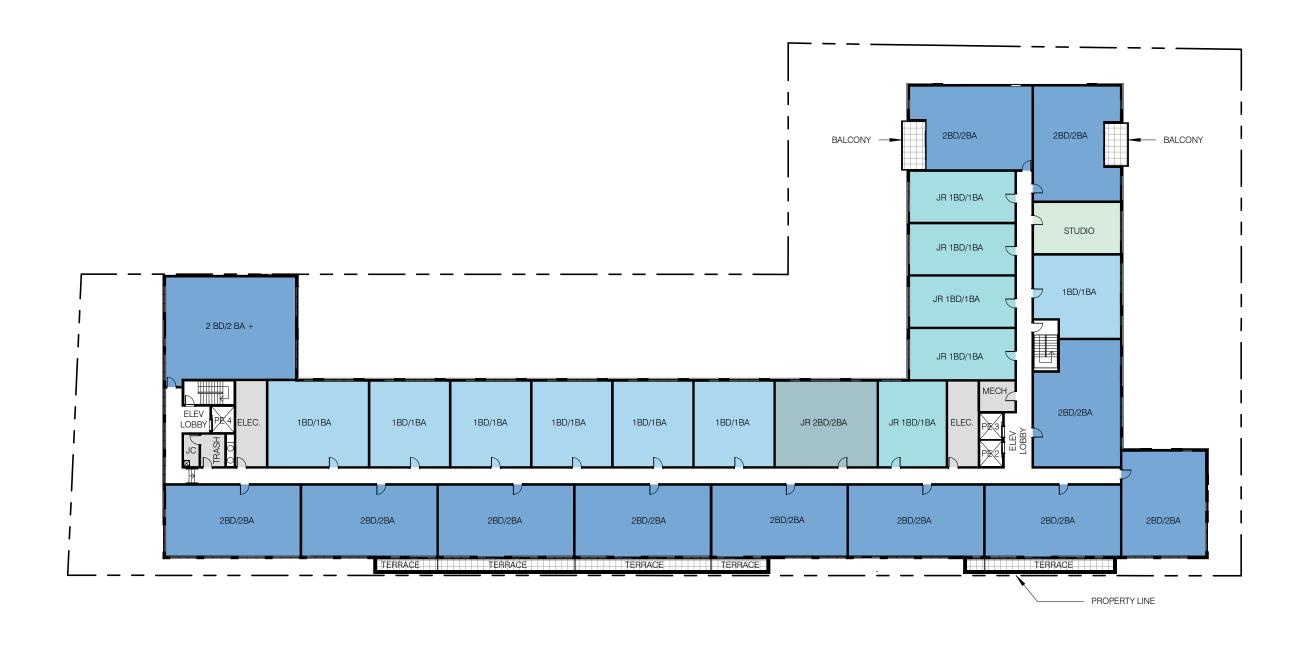




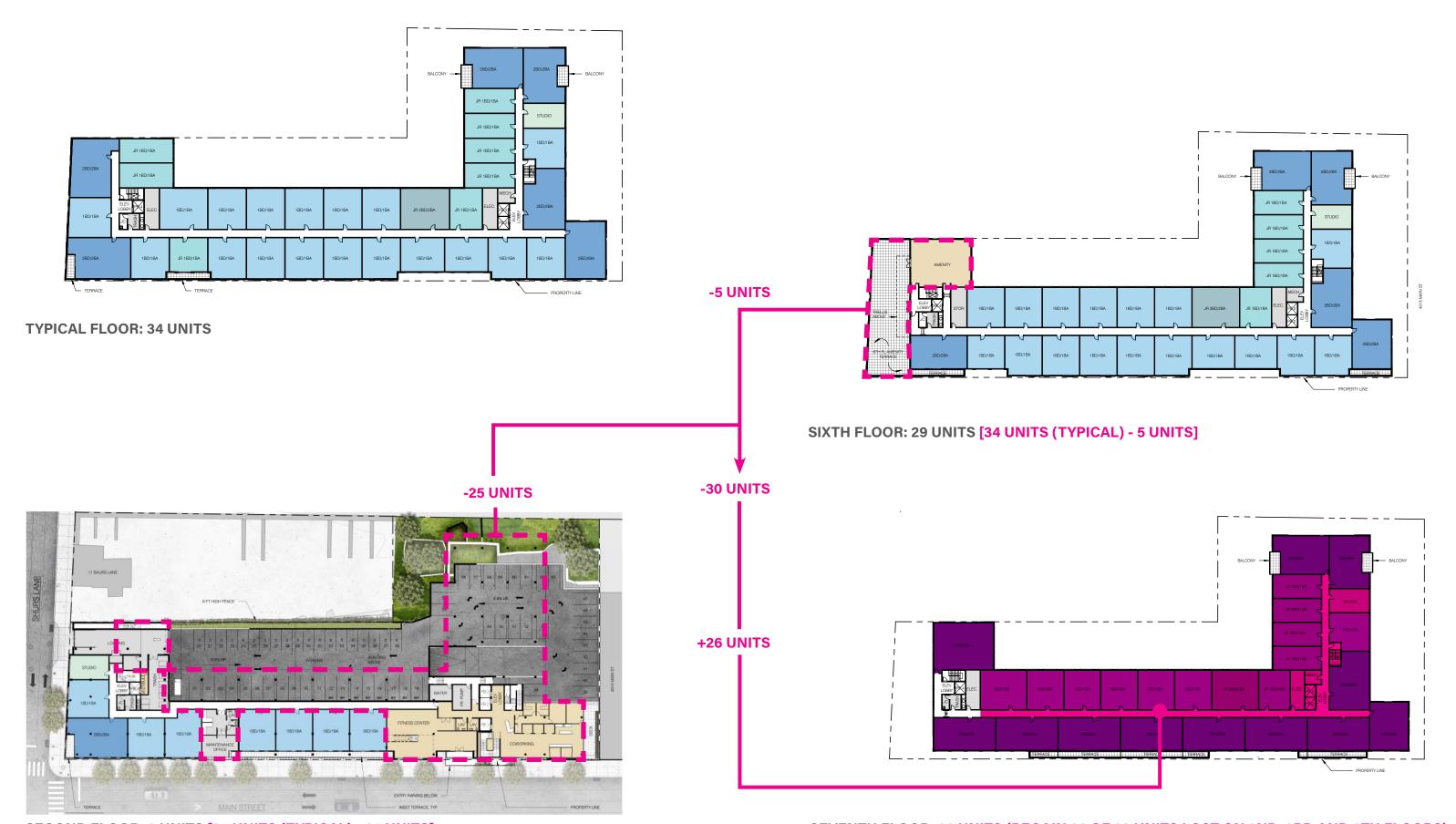












SECOND FLOOR: 9 UNITS [34 UNITS (TYPICAL) - 25 UNITS]

SEVENTH FLOOR: 26 UNITS (REGAIN 26 OF 30 UNITS LOST ON 2ND, 3RD AND 6TH FLOORS)



Building Elevations

Proposed Finished Floor Elevation		First Floor	Second Floor
		30.00	45.50
		Height Abov	e/Below (FT)
FEMA BFE (Northernwestern corner of building)	41.40	-11.40	4.10
Philadelphia DFE (BFE + 18")	42.90	-12.90	2.60
2022 NYC Building Code, Flood-Resistant Construction DFE (BFE + 2')	43.40	-13.40	2.10
2023 NJ Inland Flooding DFE (BFE + 2' + 1' Freeboard)	44.40	-14.40	1.10



Historic Flood Probabilities

Level 2 Finished Floor - EL. 45.50

Emergency Egress Door - EL. 42.72

---Loading Ramp - EL. 41.17

---Shurs Lane Door - EL. 40.65

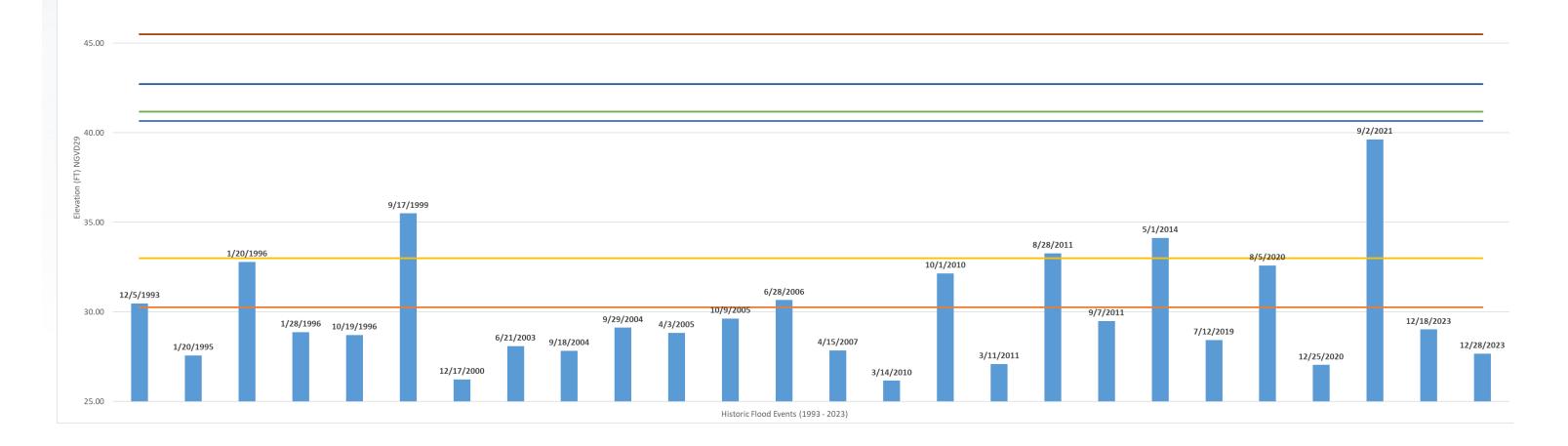
-West Lobby Door - EL. 33.00

——Parking Garage Entrance - EL. 30.25

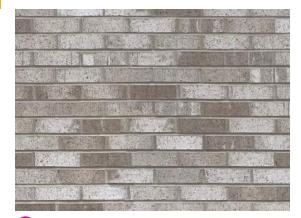
—Main Lobby Door - EL. 30.25

		Historic Flood Events (1993 - 2023)			
Location	Proposed Elevation (FT) — NGVD29	Number of Flood Events Exceeding EL.	Max Flood Depth Above EL. (ft) 9/2/2021	Annual Chance of Exceedance*	
Parking Garage Entrance	30.25	9	9.38	30%	
Main Lobby Inner Door	30.25	9	9.38	30%	
West Lobby Door	33.00	4	6.63	13%	
Shurs Lane Door	40.65	0	0.00	<1%	
Loading Ramp	41.17	0	0.00	<1%	
Emergency Egress Door	42.72	0	0.00	<1%	
Level 2 Finished Floor	45.50	0	0.00	<1%	

^{*}Annual chance of exceedance is calculated based on the 1993 – 2023 historic period of analysis only. The FEMA 1% flood event (100-year event) elevation is 41.40 feet NGVD29.



MATERIALS PALETTE



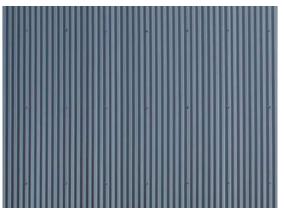
1 Modular Brick



6 Metal Storefront



11 Entry Awning



2 Vertical Corrugated Metal Siding



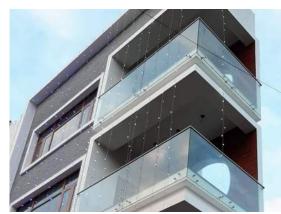
7 Transluscent Panels



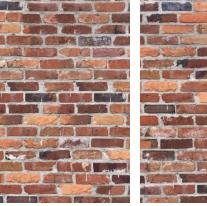
12 Painted Metal C-Channel



3 Accent Color Metal Surround



8 Glass Guardrail



13 Existing Brick



New Brick to 14 match Existing



4 Metal Clad Windows



9 Overhead Doors



15 Existing Stone



Exst Window to be replaced. Paint color similar to existing.



10 Trellis Fence



16 Existing Terracota Coping







Main Street Elevation Perspective





Corrugated Metal Siding at Nearby Rail Spur



Proposed Char Brown Corrugated Metal Siding (BOD ATAS)







Modular Brick 1

4 Metal Clad Windows

Vertical Corrugated Metal Siding 2

6 Metal Storefront

Accent Color Metal Surround 3

8 Glass Guardrail



- Vertical Corrugated Metal Siding 2
 - Accent Color Metal Surround 3
 - Metal Clad Windows 4
- 14 New Brick to match Existing

10 Trellis Fence





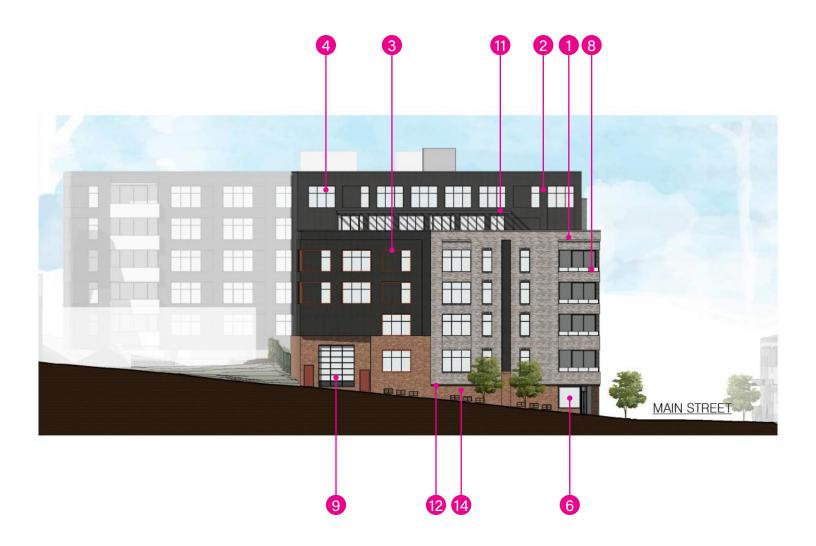
Modular Brick 1 8 Glass Guardrails

Vertical Corrugated Metal Siding 2 9 Overhead Doors

Accent Color Metal Surround 3 11 Entry Awning

> Metal Clad Windows 4 12 Painted Metal C-Channel

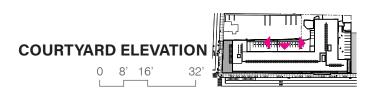
Metal Storefront 6 14 New Brick to match Existing



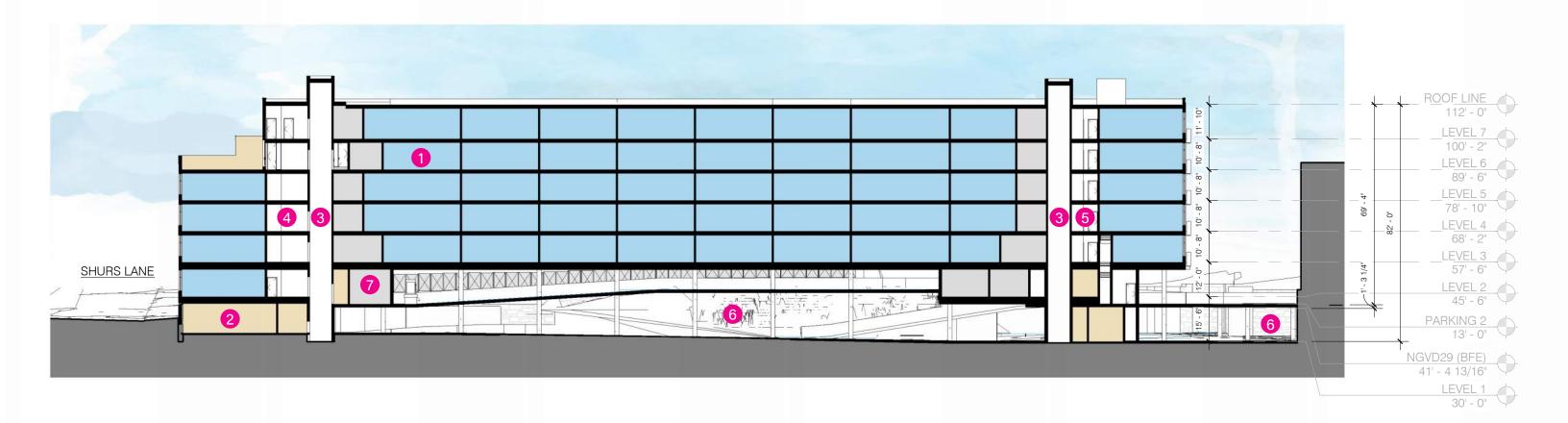


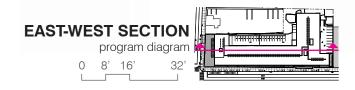
- Vertical Corrugated Metal Siding 2
- 4 Metal Clad Windows
- Accent Color Metal Surround 3
- 8 Glass Guardrail





- 1 Residential Units
- 2 Residential Amenities
- 3 Vertical Circulation & Mechanical Space
- 4 Elevator Lobby
- 5 Residential Corridor
- 6 Parking
- 7 Utility



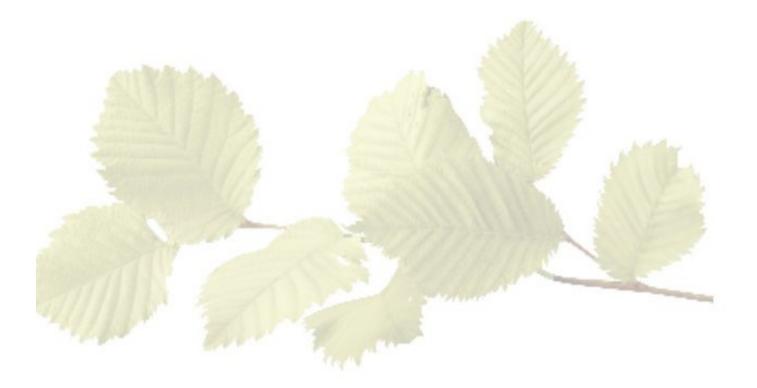


- 1 Residential Units
- 2 Residential Amenities
- 3 Vertical Circulation & Mechanical Space
- 4 Elevator Lobby
- 5 Residential Corridor
- 6 Parking
- 7 Utility





SUSTAINABLE DESIGN



Civic Design Review Sustainable Design Checklist

Civic Sustainable Design Checklist – Updated September 3, 2019

Sustainable design represents important city-wide concerns about environmental conservation and energy use. Development teams should try to integrate elements that meet many goals, including:

- · Reuse of existing building stock
- · Incorporation of existing on-site natural habitats and landscape elements
- · Inclusion of high-performing stormwater control
- \cdot Site and building massing to maximize daylight and reduce shading on adjacent sites
- · Reduction of energy use and the production of greenhouse gases
- · Promotion of reasonable access to transportation alternatives

The Sustainable Design Checklist asks for responses to specific benchmarks. These metrics go above and beyond the minimum requirements in the Zoning and Building codes. All benchmarks are based on adaptions from Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) v4 unless otherwise noted.

Categories	Benchmark	Does project meet benchmark? If yes, please explain how. If no, please explain why not.
Location and Transportation		
(1) Access to Quality Transit	Locate a functional entry of the project within a %-mile (400-meter) walking distance of existing or planned bus, streetcar, or rideshare stops, bus rapid transit stops, light or heavy rail stations.	There is a SEPTA bus stop at the corner of Main Street and Shurs Lane, directly in front of one of the building entrances. The Main Street SEPTA regional rail station is 0.5 miles away and the Wissahickon SEPTA regional rail station is 0.6 miles away.
(2) Reduced Parking Footprint	All new parking areas will be in the rear yard of the property or under the building, and unenclosed or uncovered parking areas are 40% or less of the site area.	A majority of the parking is located under the building. Only 32 of the 162 spaces are open air.
(3) Green Vehicles	Designate 5% of all parking spaces used by the project as preferred parking for green vehicles or car share vehicles. Clearly identify and enforce for sole use by car share or green vehicles, which include plug-in electric vehicles and alternative fuel vehicles.	8 spaces (5%) are designated for electric vehicles.
(4) Railway Setbacks (Excluding frontages facing trolleys/light rail or enclosed subsurface rail lines or subways)	To foster safety and maintain a quality of life protected from excessive noise and vibration, residential development with railway frontages should be setback from rail lines and the building's exterior envelope, including windows, should reduce exterior sound transmission to 60dBA. (If setback used, specify distance) ⁱ	Most of the building is setback 100'+ from the train tracks.

	Incorporate a bike share station in	There is an existing Indigo station
(5) Bike Share Station	coordination with and conformance to the	at the corner of Main and Shurs.
	standards of Philadelphia Bike Share.	

Water Efficiency		
(6) Outdoor Water Use		Building proposes a green roof that will not require irrigation.
Sustainable Sites		
(7) Pervious Site Surfaces	space that is 30% or greater of the site's Open	Building proposes a green roof covering >65% of the roof. Site landscaping is also proposed.
(8) Rainwater Management	Conform to the stormwater requirements of the Philadelphia Water Department(PWD) and either: A) Develop a green street and donate it to PWD, designed and constructed in accordance with the PWD Green Streets Design Manual, OR B) Manage additional runoff from adjacent streets on the development site, designed and constructed in accordance with specifications of the PWD Stormwater Management Regulations	No. The site will comply with all stormwater regulations, but the existing conditions do not allow for Green Streets and/or the management of additional stormwater runnoff from the surrounding roadways.
(9) Heat Island Reduction (excluding roofs)	Reduce the heat island effect through either of the following strategies for 50% or more of all on-site hardscapes: A) Hardscapes that have a high reflectance, an SRI>29. B) Shading by trees, structures, or solar panels.	Yes. Most of the hardscape is located under the green roof of the building. The concrete parking deconot under cover will have an SRI>29. A trellis will be provided o the 7th floor amenity terrace hardscape.
Energy and Atmosphere		
(10) Energy Commissioning and Energy Performance - Adherence to the New Building Code	PCPC notes that as of April 1, 2019 new energy conservation standards are required in the Philadelphia Building Code, based on recent updates of the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) and the option to use ASHRAE 90.01-2016. PCPC staff asks the applicant to state which path they are taking for compliance, including their choice of code and any options being pursued under the 2018 IECC.	The project will comply with the 2018 IECC prescriptive path.

december 9, 2024 | civic design review | 4045 main st

Civic Sustainable Design Checklist – Updated September 3, 2019

(11) Energy Commissioning and Energy Performance - Going beyond the code	Will the project pursue energy performance measures beyond what is required in the Philadelphia code by meeting any of these benchmarks? iii •Reduce energy consumption by achieving 10% energy savings or more from an established baseline using ASHRAE standard 90.1-2016 (LEED v4.1 metric). •Achieve certification in Energy Star for Multifamily New Construction (MFNC).	Yes. The project will pursue certification in Energy Star for Multifamily New Construction (MFNC). In addition, we are exploring pursuing LEED certification as well.
(12) Indoor Air Quality and Transportation	Any sites within 1000 feet of an interstate highway, state highway, or freeway will provide air filters for all regularly occupied spaces that have a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 13. Filters shall be installed prior to occupancy.iv	Yes. The site is within 1000 ft of Interstate 76.
(13) On-Site Renewable Energy	Produce renewable energy on-site that will provide at least 3% of the project's anticipated energy usage.	No. The provided green roof occupies any potential space for on-site energy generation.
Innovation		
(14) Innovation	Any other sustainable measures that could positively impact the public realm.	Project team is undertaking sustainable building practices by reusing and repurposing much of the Main Street facade walls and existing exterior walls. The project was designed in collaboration with AKRF, who provided flood resiliency engineering services and consulting to the project. The project was designed to exceed city, regional, and federal flood protection requirements, including exceeding 2022 NYC Building Code, Flood-Resistant Construction DFE (BFE + 2') and 2023 NJ Inland Flooding DFE (BFE + 2' + 1' Freeboard).

ⁱ Railway Association of Canada (RAC)'s "Guidelines for New Development in Proximity to Railway Operations. Exterior Sound transmission standard from LEED v4, BD+C, Acoustic Performance Credit.

https://www.phila.gov/li/Documents/What%20Code%20Do%20I%20Use.pdf

For Energy Star: www.Energystar.gov For Passive House, see www.phius.org

ii Title 4 The Philadelphia Building Construction and Occupancy Code See also, "The Commercial Energy Code Compliance" information sheet: https://www.phila.gov/li/Documents/Commercial%20Energy%20Code%20Compliance%20Fact%20Shee t--Final.pdf and the "What Code Do I Use" information sheet:

 $^{^{}m iii}$ LEED 4.1, Optimize Energy Performance in LEED v4.1

iv Section 99.04.504.6 "Filters" of the City of Los Angeles Municipal Code, from a 2016 Los Angeles Ordinance requiring enhanced air filters in homes near freeways

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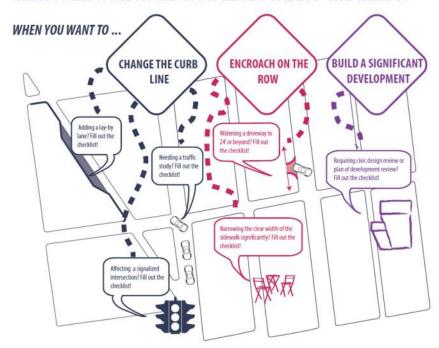
INSTRUCTIONS

This Checklist is an implementation tool of the Philadelphia Complete Streets Handbook (the "Handbook") and enables City engineers and planners to review projects for their compliance with the Handbook's policies. The handbook provides design guidance and does not supersede or replace language, standards or policies established in the City Code, City Plan, or Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

The Philadelphia City Planning Commission receives this Checklist as a function of its Civic Design Review (CDR) process. This checklist is used to document how project applicants considered and accommodated the needs of all users of city streets and sidewalks during the planning and/or design of projects affecting public rights-of-way. Departmental reviewers will use this checklist to confirm that submitted designs incorporate complete streets considerations (see §11-901 of The Philadelphia Code). Applicants for projects that require Civic Design Review shall complete this checklist and attach it to plans submitted to the Philadelphia City Planning Commission for review, along with an electronic version.

The Handbook and the checklist can be accessed at http://www.phila.gov/CityPlanning/projectreviews/Pages/CivicDesignReview.aspx

WHEN DO I NEED TO FILL OUT THE COMPLETE STREETS CHECKLIST?



PRELIMINARY PCPC REVIEW AND COMMENT:	DATE
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FINAL STREETS DEPT REVIEW AND COMMENT: DATE

COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

Philadelphia City Planning Commission











INSTRUCTIONS (continued)

APPLICANTS SHOULD MAKE SURE TO COMPLY WITH THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

of the checklist. Text fields will expand automatically as you type. ☐ All plans submitted for review must clearly dimension the widths of the Furnishing, Walking, and Building Zones (as defined in Section 1 of the Handbook). "High Priority" Complete Streets treatments (identified in Table 1 and subsequent sections of the Handbook) should be identified and dimensioned on plans. ☐ All plans submitted for review must clearly identify and site all street furniture, including but not limited to bus shelters, street signs and hydrants. ☐ Any project that calls for the development and installation of medians, bio-swales and other such features in the

☐ This checklist is designed to be filled out electronically in Microsoft Word format. Please submit the Word version

☐ ADA curb-ramp designs must be submitted to Streets Department for review

right-of-way may require a maintenance agreement with the Streets Department.

- Any project that significantly changes the curb line may require a City Plan Action. The City Plan Action Application is available at http://www.philadelphiastreets.com/survey-and-design-bureau/city-plans-unit . An application to the Streets Department for a City Plan Action is required when a project plan proposes the:
 - Placing of a new street;
 - Removal of an existing street;
 - Changes to roadway grades, curb lines, or widths; or
 - Placing or striking a city utility right-of-way.

Complete Streets Review Submission Requirement*:

- EXISTING CONDITIONS SITE PLAN, should be at an identified standard engineering scale
 - FULLY DIMENSIONED
 - CURB CUTS/DRIVEWAYS/LAYBY LANES
 - TREE PITS/LANDSCAPING
 - **BICYCLE RACKS/STATIONS/STORAGE AREAS**
 - TRANSIT SHELTERS/STAIRWAYS
- PROPOSED CONDITIONS SITE PLAN, should be at an identified standard engineering scale
 - o FULLY DIMENSIONED, INCLUDING DELINEATION OF WALKING, FURNISHING, AND BUILDING ZONES AND PINCH POINTS
 - PROPOSED CURB CUTS/DRIVEWAYS/LAYBY LANES
 - PROPOSED TREE PITS/LANDSCAPING
 - **BICYCLE RACKS/STATIONS/STORAGE AREAS**
 - TRANSIT SHELTERS/STAIRWAYS

*APPLICANTS PLEASE NOTE: ONLY FULL-SIZE, READABLE SITE PLANS WILL BE ACCEPTED. ADDITIONAL PLANS MAY BE **REQUIRED AND WILL BE REQUESTED IF NECESSARY**

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2. DATE

2/1/2024

and scope



5. PROJECT AREA: list precise street limits

frontage on Shurs Lane. Property is

located on the corner of the 2 streets

389' of frontage on Main Street & 100' of

GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

Ι.	PROJECT	IVAIV	I L
	4045-61	Main	Street

3. APPLICANT NAME

1 DROJECT NAME

Urban Conversions

4. APPLICANT CONTACT INFORMATION 1900 Market Street, 8th Floor, Phila, 19103

6. OWNER NAME

Urban Conversions

7. OWNER CONTACT INFORMATION 1900 Market Street, 8th Floor, Phila, 19103

8. ENGINEER / ARCHITECT NAME

Ruggiero Plante Land Design

9. ENGINEER / ARCHITECT CONTACT INFORMATION

5900 Ridge Ave, Phila 19128

10. STREETS: List the streets associated with the project. Complete Streets Types can be found at www.phila.gov/map under the "Complete Street Types" field. Complete Streets Types are also identified in Section 3 of the Handbook.

Also available here: http://metadata.phila.gov/#home/datasetdetails/5543867320583086178c4f34/

	STR	REET	FROM	ТО	C	OMPLETE :	STREET TYPE
	Shu	ırs Lane	<u>Main</u>	Cresson	<u>U</u>	rban Arter	<u>ial</u>
	Ma	in Street	<u>Shurs</u>	<u>NA</u>	U	rban Arter	<u>ial</u>
		<u> </u>			_		
11.	Does	the Existing Condition	s site survey clearly identif	y the following existing	ng condition	ons with d	imensions?
	a.	Parking and loading re	egulations in curb lanes adj	acent to the site	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	
	b.	Street Furniture such	as bus shelters, honor box	es, etc.	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌
	c.	Street Direction			YES 🔀	NO 🗌	
	d.	Curb Cuts			YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌
	e.	Utilities, including tree boxes, signs, lights, po	e grates, vault covers, man bles, etc.	holes, junction	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌
	f.	Building Extensions in	to the sidewalk, such as sta	airs and stoops	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌
APP	LICAI	NT: General Project Inf	ormation				
Addi	tiona	al Explanation / Comme	ents:				
DEP	ARTI	MENTAL REVIEW: Gene	eral Project Information				

COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

Philadelphia City Planning Commission











PEDESTRIAN COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.3)

12. SIDEWALK: list Sidewalk widths for each street frontage. Required Sidewalk widths are listed in Section 4.3 of the Handbook.

iailubook.		
STREET FRONTAGE	TYPICAL SIDEWALK WIDTH (BUILDING LINE TO CURB) Required / Existing / Proposed	CITY PLAN SIDEWALK WIDTH Existing / Proposed
Shurs	<u>12 / 12 / 12</u>	<u>12</u> / <u>12</u>
<u>Main</u>	<u>13 / 13 / 13</u>	<u>13</u> / <u>13</u>
	//	/
	//	/

13. WALKING ZONE: list Walking Zone widths for each street frontage. The Walking Zone is defined in Section 4.3 of the Handbook, including required widths.

STREET FRONTAGE	WALKING ZONE Required / Existing / Proposed
<u>Shurs</u>	<u>6/6/6</u>
<u>Main</u>	<u>6.5</u> / <u>11</u> / <u>6.5</u>
	/
	<u>//</u>

14. VEHICULAR INTRUSIONS: list Vehicular Intrusions into the sidewalk. Examples include but are not limited to; driveways, lay-by lanes, etc. Driveways and lay-by lanes are addressed in sections 4.8.1 and 4.6.3, respectively, of the Handbook.

EXISTING VEHICULAR INTRUSIONS

EXISTING VEHICOLAR INTROSIONS		
INTRUSION TYPE	INTRUSION WIDTH	PLACEMENT
<u>Curb Cut</u>	<u>31'</u>	<u>Main</u>
Curb Cut	<u>29'</u>	<u>Main</u>
		
PROPOSED VEHICULAR INTRUSIONS		
INTRUSION TYPE	INTRUSION WIDTH	PLACEMENT
<u>Curb Cut</u>	<u>24'</u>	<u>Main</u>
Curb Cut	<u>24′</u>	<u>Shurs</u>

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PEDESTRIAN COMPONENT	(continued)
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DEPARTMENT
APPROVAL

15. When considering the overall design, does it create or enhance a pedestrian environment that provides safe and comfortable access for all pedestrians at all times of the day?

YES 🗌	NO [
YES 🗌	NO [

APPLICANT: Pedestrian Component

Additional Explanation / Comments: Elimination of 2 oversized curb cuts and proposing 1 24' formal streets regulated curb cut reduces pedestrian/vehicular conflict. The project also proposes to place on street parking along the majority of Main Street frontage. This will add an additional level of separation from the pedestrian and vehicular traffic.

DEPARTMENTAL	REVIEW:	Pedestrian	Component	

Reviewer Comments:

COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

Philadelphia City Planning Commission

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BUILDING & FURNISHING COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.4)

16. BUILDING ZONE: list the MAXIMUM, existing and proposed Building Zone width on each street frontage. The Building Zone is defined as the area of the sidewalk immediately adjacent to the building face, wall, or fence marking the property line, or a lawn in lower density residential neighborhoods. The Building Zone is further defined in section 4 4 1 of the Handbook

4.4.1 of the Handbook.	
STREET FRONTAGE	MAXIMUM BUILDING ZONE WIDTH Existing / Proposed
<u>Shurs</u>	<u>o'</u> / <u>o'</u>
<u>Main</u>	<u>o'</u> / <u>o'</u>
	/
	/

17. FURNISHING ZONE: list the MINIMUM, recommended, existing, and proposed Furnishing Zone widths on each street frontage. The Furnishing Zone is further defined in section 4.4.2 of the Handbook.

STREET FRONTAGE	MINIMUM FURNISHING ZONE WIDTH Recommended / Existing / Proposed
Shurs	<u>4' / 2' / 4'</u>
<u>Main</u>	<u>4' / 2' / 4'</u>
	//
	//

18. Identify proposed "high priority" building and furnishing zone design treatments that are incorporated into the design plan, where width permits (see Handbook Table 1). Are the follo

porated into the design plan, where water permits (see Handbook rable 1). We the			DEPARTIVIENTAL			
owin	g treatments identified and dimensioned on the plan?				APPROV	AL
•	Bicycle Parking	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A 🖂	YES 🗌	ΝО □
•	Lighting	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A 🖂	YES 🗌	ΝО □
•	Benches	YES	NO 🗌	N/A 🖂	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
•	Street Trees	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
•	Street Furniture	YES 🗌	ΝО □	N/A 🖂	YES 🗌	ΝО □
s th	e design avoid tripping hazards?	YES 🖂	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
s th	e design avoid pinch points? Pinch points are locations where	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌

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		CONTRACTOR		250 500				
BUI	LDING & FURNISHII	NG COMPONENT	(continued)					
21.	. Do street trees and/or pla requirements (see section		nstallation	YES 🔀 1	№ □	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
22.	. Does the design maintain intersections?	adequate visibility for al	ll roadway users at	YES 🛛 1	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌

APPLICANT:	Building	&	Furnishing	Component
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Additional Explanation / Comments: Street Trees are proposed along Main Street and Shurs Lane. There is an existing Indigo bike station at the corner that will remain after the construction of this project.

DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW:	Building	& Furnishing	Component

Reviewer Comments:

COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

Philadelphia City Planning Commission

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DEPARTMENTAL

BICYCLE COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.5)

23. List elements of the project that incorporate recommendations of the Pedestrian and Bicycle Plan, located online at http://phila2035.org/wp-content/uploads/2012/06/bikePedfinal2.pdf

Existing Indigo Bike station at the corner, 72 bike spaces provided on site.

24. List the existing and proposed number of bicycle parking spaces, on- and off-street. Bicycle parking requirements are provided in The Philadelphia Code, Section 14-804.

BUILDING / ADDRESS	REQUIRED SPACES	ON-STREET Existing / Proposed	ON SIDEWALK Existing / Proposed	OFF-STREET Existing / Proposed
4045 Main	<u>56</u>	<u>0</u> / <u>0</u>	<u>12</u> / <u>12</u>	<u>0</u> / <u>72</u>
		/	/	/
		/	/	/
		/	/	/

25.	Identify proposed "high priority" bicycle design treatment	s (see Handbook Table 1) that are
	incorporated into the design plan, where width permits.	Are the following "High Priority"
	elements identified and dimensioned on the plan?	
	 Conventional Rike Lane 	VES ☐ NO ☐ N

into lacitatica ana aliniciolorica on the plant				ALLINOVA	~L
Conventional Bike Lane	YES 🗌	ΝО □	N/A 🖂	YES	NO 🗌
Buffered Bike Lane	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A 🖂	YES	NO 🗌
Bicycle-Friendly Street	YES 🗌	ΝО □	N/A 🖂	YES	NO 🗌
Indego Bicycle Share Station	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES	NO 🗌
		_	. —	_	_

26.	Does the design provide bicycle connections to local bicycle, trail, and transit networks?	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌
27.	Does the design provide convenient bicycle connections to residences,	YES 🖂	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌

27.	Does the design provide convenient bicycle connections to residences,	YES 🖂	NO	N/A 📙	YES	NO _	
	work places, and other destinations?						

APPLICANT: Bicycle Component

Additional Explanation / Comments: Bike parking on site is located on the ground floor by the residential lobby's. Indigo station at the corner is also in close proximity.

	DEPARTMENTAL	REVIEW:	Bicycle	Componen
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Reviewer Comments:

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28. Does the design limit conflict among transportation modes along the curb? 29. Does the design connect transit stops to the surrounding pedestrian network and destinations? 30. Does the design provide a buffer between the roadway and pedestrian traffic? AF YES NO N/A N/A YES NO N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	
28. Does the design limit conflict among transportation modes along the curb? 29. Does the design connect transit stops to the surrounding pedestrian network and destinations? 30. Does the design provide a buffer between the roadway and pedestrian traffic? YES ☑ NO ☐ N/A ☐ YES ☐ ☐ Y	
curb? 29. Does the design connect transit stops to the surrounding pedestrian network and destinations? 30. Does the design provide a buffer between the roadway and pedestrian raffic? YES NO N/A YES NO N/A YES NO N/A YES	DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL
network and destinations? 30. Does the design provide a buffer between the roadway and pedestrian YES NO N/A YE traffic?	YES NO
traffic?	YES NO
	YES NO
31. How does the proposed plan affect the accessibility, visibility, connectivity, and/or attractiveness of public transit?	YES NO
APPLICANT: Curbside Management Component	

curb cut reduces pedestrian/vehicular conflict. The project also proposes to place on street parking along the majority
of Main Street frontage. This as well as the addition of Street Trees will add an additional level of separation from the
pedestrian and vehicular traffic.

Additional Explanation / Comments: Elimination of 2 oversized curb cuts and proposing 1 24' formal streets regulated

DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Curbside Management Component	
Reviewer Comments:	

december 9, 2024 | civic design review | 4045 main st

COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

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VEHICLE / CARTWAY C	OMPONENT (Har	ndbook Section 4.7
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VEHICLE / CARTWAY COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.7)									
	If lane changes are proposed, , identify existing and propos frontage;	sed lane widths	and the	design s	peed for e	ach stree	et		
	STREET FROM	то			LANE WID		DESIGN SPEED		
					/				
					/_				
					/_				
					/				
						DEPART APPROV	TMENTAL VAL		
33.	What is the maximum AASHTO design vehicle being according the design?	mmodated by	<u>SU-30</u>			YES 🗌	NO 🗌		
34.	Will the project affect a historically certified street? An <u>in historic streets</u> ⁽¹⁾ is maintained by the Philadelphia Historic Commission.		YES 🗌	NO 🔀		YES	NO 🗌		
35.	Will the public right-of-way be used for loading and unloa activities?	ading	YES 🔀	№ □		YES 🗌	NO 🗌		
36.	Does the design maintain emergency vehicle access?		YES 🔀	№ □		YES 🗌	№ □		
37.	Where new streets are being developed, does the design extend the street grid?	connect and	YES 🗌	NO 🖂	N/A 🗌	YES	NO 🗌		
38.	Does the design support multiple alternative routes to an destinations as well as within the site?	d from	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌		
39.	Overall, does the design balance vehicle mobility with the access of all other roadway users?	e mobility and	YES 🔀	NO 🗌		YES 🗌	NO 🗌		
API	PLICANT: Vehicle / Cartway Component								
Add	ditional Explanation / Comments:								
DEI	PARTMENTAL REVIEW: Vehicle / Cartway Component								
Ray	Raviewer Comments:								

(1) http://www.philadelphiastreets.com/images/uploads/documents/Historical Street Paving.pdf

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URBAN DESIGN COMPONENT (Handbook Section 4.8)				
				DEPARTMENTAL APPROVAL
40. Does the design incorporate windows, storefronts, and other active uses facing the street?	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES NO
41. Does the design provide driveway access that safely manages pedestrian / bicycle conflicts with vehicles (see Section 4.8.1)?	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES NO
42. Does the design provide direct, safe, and accessible connections between transit stops/stations and building access points and destinations within the site?	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES NO
APPLICANT: Urban Design Component				
Additional Explanation / Comments:				
DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Urban Design Component				
Reviewer Comments:				

COMPLETE STREETS HANDBOOK CHECKLIST

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NT	ERSECTIONS & CROSSINGS COMPONENT (Handboo	ok Secti	on 4.9	9)			
	If signal cycle changes are proposed, please identify Existing and Propose	ed Signal C	ycle leng	ths; if no t	t, go to qu	uestion	
	SIGNAL LOCATION		EXISTIN CYCLE L		PROPO CYCLE	OSED LENGTH	
							
					DEPART APPROV		
44.	Does the design minimize the signal cycle length to reduce pedestrian wait time?	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A ⊠	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	
45.	Does the design provide adequate clearance time for pedestrians to cross streets?	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A ⊠	YES	NO 🗌	
46.	Does the design minimize pedestrian crossing distances by narrowing streets or travel lanes, extending curbs, reducing curb radii, or using medians or refuge islands to break up long crossings?	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	N/A ⊠	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	
	If yes, City Plan Action may be required.						
47.	Identify "High Priority" intersection and crossing design treatments (see will be incorporated into the design, where width permits. Are the followed design treatments identified and dimensioned on the plan?				YES 🗌	NO 🗌	
	 Marked Crosswalks Pedestrian Refuge Islands Signal Timing and Operation Bike Boxes 	YES YES YES YES	NO	N/A ⊠ N/A ⊠ N/A ⊠ N/A ⊠	YES YES YES YES	NO	
48.	Does the design reduce vehicle speeds and increase visibility for all modes at intersections?	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	
49.	Overall, do intersection designs limit conflicts between all modes and promote pedestrian and bicycle safety?	YES 🔀	NO 🗌	N/A 🗌	YES 🗌	NO 🗌	
APF	PLICANT: Intersections & Crossings Component						
Ado	ditional Explanation / Comments: Additions of on street parking and stre	et trees w	ill work t	o reduce	vehicle sp	eeds.	
DEF	PARTMENTAL REVIEW: Intersections & Crossings Component						

DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW: Intersections & Crossings Component	
Reviewer Comments:	

Philadelphia City Planning Commission

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ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

APPLICANT	
Additional Explanation / Comments:	

DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW	
Additional Reviewer Comments:	

KEY POINTS

CONSTRUCTION IN THE FLOOD PLAIN

- » The project has been designed in collaboration with AKRF, who advised on flood resiliency and sustainability measures that have been incorporated into project.
- » The Flood Protection Scoping Meeting was held with the City and all requirements in the Flood Protection Project Summary will be satisfied.
- » The proposal is more resilient than required with the first occupied floor being 2.5 feet above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » Egress for vehicles and occupants is provided to Shurs La. at the highest point of the site, which is at the Design Flood Elevation.
 - Second floor parking deck is located above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » All utilities are located above the Design Flood Elevation.
- » Materials at the first floor will meet the requirements of FEMA Technical Bulletin 2.
 - Flood Damage Resistant.
 - Corrosion Resistant Connectors.
- » The proposed project is consistent with other recently approved & completed projects in the flood plain of the Schuylkill River from Manayunk through Center City.

STORMWATER

- » The proposal includes a green roof that covers more than 65% of the building.
- » The proposal includes a stormwater planter to the northwest of the building.

PARKING

» The code requires 82 parking spaces (0.5:1) for the 163 proposed dwelling units; the proposal provides 162 (nearly 1:1).

BICYCLE PARKING

» The code requires 54 spaces; the proposal provides 73, all within the building.

HISTORIC FABRIC

- » The project has received approval from the Philadelphia Historical Commission.
- » The proposal retains significant portions of existing historic street walls which will be preserved to Historic Commision standards, despite the site receiving a hardship exemption from the Philadelphia Historical Commission allowing demolition of all existing features.

ENERGY

- » The proposal will pursue certification in Energy Star for Multifamily New Construction.
- » The project team is exploring the possibility of LEED Certification.

